TODAY'S WEATHER — PARIS: Occasional showers. Temp. 50-37 (10-3). Tomorrow cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 52-43 (11-6). LONDON: Mostly cloudy. Temp. 50-45 (10-7). Tomorrow occasional rain. Yesterday's temp. 52-41 (11-5). CHANNEL: Smooth. ROME: Overcast. Temp. 50-36 (10-2). NEW YORK: Cloudy. Temp. 52-37 (12-3). Yesterday's temp. 50-37 (10-2).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 8

INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Austria ..... 7 S | Libya ..... 9 Piast.
Belgium ..... 10 B.F. | Luxembourg ..... 10 L.Fr.
Eire (inc. tax) ..... 9P | Morocco ..... 1.20 Dh.
Denmark ..... 1.75 D.Kr. | Netherlands ..... 0.85 Fior.
France ..... 1.00 Fr. | Nigeria 2/6
Germany ..... 1.00 D.M. | Norway ..... 1.75 N.Kr.
Great Britain ..... 7%P | Portugal ..... 6 Esc.
Greece ..... 8 Drs. | Spain ..... 15 Ptas.
India ..... Rs. 2.25 | Sweden ..... 1.50 S.Kr.
Iran ..... 20 Rials | Switzerland ..... 1.00 S.Fr.
Italy ..... 150 Lire | Turkey ..... 4.25 T.L.
Israel ..... 1.£1.00 | U.S. Military 50.15
Lebanon ..... 75 P. | Yugoslavia ..... 3.40 D.

No. 27,403 * * PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 20-21, 1971 Established 1887

Saigon Unit In Laos Is Hit Hard

Heavy Fire Keeps Helicopters Out

SAIGON, Feb. 19 (AP).—A strong North Vietnamese force, believed to be a regiment, attacked a South Vietnamese artillery base inside Laos and inflicted heavy casualties on the defenders in the first major battle reported along the Ho Chi Minh Trail, informed U.S. sources said today.

Mortars, rockets, artillery and small arms were fired into the base yesterday and today. The attack was so strong that American medical evacuation helicopters have been unable to get into the base to lift out 80 wounded South Vietnamese troops and to look for a U.S. crewman missing during a previous mission, the sources said.

Pilots who attempted to get into the base said that "it's just too hot."

U.S. rocket-firing helicopter gunships flew around the base repeatedly attacking suspected North Vietnamese positions, but one pilot said: "They are really well hidden. We can't find them. We've fired up all the places we think they might be but it hasn't slowed them down."

Sources said a second North Vietnamese regiment, which had been stalled farther north of the South Vietnamese base by heavy U.S. fighter-bomber and helicopter strikes, was believed on the move, and perhaps already in position to reinforce the regiment laying siege to the Saigon forces.

U.S. pilots believed they had stopped and badly mauled the second regiment in the jungle, since they saw no movement for several days. But apparently the regiment was not hurt as badly as was believed.

Meanwhile, the U.S. command acknowledged today the loss of four helicopters yesterday, including a big CH-53 that exploded from unknown causes. Field reports said a fifth was downed, in Laos, and the three men aboard were killed when the observation craft apparently was hit by a rocket grenade and burst into flames. Seven others were reported missing and six wounded in the latest helicopter losses.

The commander of the 16,000 South Vietnamese troops in southern Laos said today that his forces have occupied a stretch of 25 miles of the North Vietnamese supply network.

Lt. Gen. Hoang Xuan Lam said in an interview that the incursion into Laos has been satisfactory.

But other sources reported that the North Vietnamese were putting heavy pressure on the South Vietnamese advancing slowly along Route 9, the main east-west route that runs from the Vietnamese border to the transshipment point of Sepone.

[In the Laotian capital of Vientiane, military sources said Communist troops overran seven military positions in northern and southern Laos yesterday, including one in the southern panhandle about 35 miles west of Sepone, United Press International reported. They also struck at the northeast defense headquarters of Long Chieng, shelling it in broad daylight for the first time this year, and attacking the country home of King Savang Vattana on a hill overlooking the camp.]



United Press International.

BURNING BARRICADE—A few residents of the rebellious district of Santa Caterina, in Reggio Calabria, stand behind a hastily erected barricade reinforced with burning tires. Reggio story appears on Page 2.

After 8 Years of Debate

W. European Nations Agree On Building Atom Smasher

GENEVA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—West European governments today finally approved the construction of a giant atomic accelerator rivalling anything in the United States and the Soviet Union.

The 12 member nations of the Center for European Nuclear Research (CERN) decided after eight years of debate to go ahead with the 300-million-electron-volt atom smasher costing $377 million.

The machine, designed to give European physicists the opportunity of being the first to discover the smallest piece of matter, will take eight years to build.

The project was first held up when governments were unable to agree where to build the accelerator, with France, West Germany, Austria and others offering sites.

Finally, it was decided to place it at present CERN headquarters in Meyrin, a Geneva suburb on the Swiss-French frontier.

Britain Backed Out

When this was settled the British backed out, claiming lack of money. Britain's share in the project is 22 percent. When Britain came back in last year five smaller CERN nations said they were short of money. Britain then withdrew again on the ground that everyone had to participate.

Today, Britain agreed to the temporary exclusion of Denmark and Greece, the only remaining countries still claiming a shortage of cash. The share of these two countries is about 3 percent of the total.

The CERN council decided to go ahead with the project in the hope that the Danes and Greeks would come up with the shares during the eight-year construction period.

At 310 million electron volts, the European atom smasher would be the biggest in the world today. By the time it is ready, however, the United States is expected to have an accelerator capable of 500 million electron volts.

CERN scientists said, however, that at a later stage they will be able to boost Europe's accelerator up to as much as 800 million electron volts.

Ape's Painting Sold for $500

TOPEKA, Kans., Feb. 19 (AP).—An anonymous Topeka art collector has paid $500 for "Tornado," a painting by Djakarta Jim, prize-winning painter from the Topeka zoo.

Djakarta Jim, an orangutan, recently won first place in a statewide children's art contest in which judges were unaware of his identity. The $500 will go into a fund to complete payment of the purchase price on Daisy, Jim's mate.

Miss Krenwinkel Confesses Killing 2 While Using LSD

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 19 (AP).—Patricia Krenwinkel calmly confessed on the witness stand yesterday that she ran down and killed coffee heiress Abigail Folger at actress Sharon Tate's home and the next night stabbed to death the wife of a wealthy market owner.

She said she and other members of the two killer parties were "stoned" on LSD. She said she felt "nothing."

The 23-year-old member of Charles Manson's hippie-style clan—the second of three women defendants to admit killings at the Tate murder trial—also said she carved "war" in the chest of victim Leno Lablanca, the market owner, and stuck a fork in his stomach.

Manson and the three women were convicted of murder-conspiracy last month and the jury is now hearing testimony to determine whether the penalty should be death or life imprisonment. Susan Atkins was on the stand four days. Leslie Van Houten is expected to succeed Miss Krenwinkel. Testimony of the women generally has been in the direction of focusing blame on them and diverting it from Manson.

Racial War Plot

The state has contended that Manson sent out the killer parties in hopes of touching off a racial war, after which he would take power.

Miss Krenwinkel, soft-spoken and articulate, testified despite an objection from her attorney that she might incriminate herself and a warning from the judge that she might talk herself into a death penalty.

She described her life with Manson's nomadic family, and said she deemed him "perfection" personified. Then, she told of the night of August 9, 1969, when Miss Tate and four visitors to the Tate home were shot and stabbed to death.

She said, referring to Miss Fol-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Strike Impact Hits Swedish Schools, Army

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Some 700,000 students in Sweden's secondary schools and universities were left without teachers today when the government locked out 30,500 government employees in retaliation against striking civil servants.

The department for collective bargaining also gave notice of its intention to proclaim a lockout against Swedish military officers.

The lockout, affecting possibly 4,000 to 5,000 officers, apparently would be the first such action in the world against the armed forces.

Defense Minister Sven Andersson said it is the only way to end all the strikes now in effect. "If the lockout goes into effect, it will not affect Sweden's military preparedness," he stressed.

The officers belong to the Swedish Association of Officers, which is the biggest group within the Association of State Employees.

Most students showed up for classes this morning. Some spent the day playing cards or listening to pop records, others followed the advice of the Swedish Students Central Organization and held improvised classes with students acting as teachers.

Only primary schools, up to the sixth grade, were not affected by the lockout of 25,000 teachers and university professors, the Ministry of Education said.

The lockout of the teachers and 5,500 other officials, all members of the Swedish Federation of Professional Associations and the National Federation of Government Employees, brought the number of civil servants involved in the conflict to 43,000.

Strikes by 10,000 government employees, who are members of the same unions, have already shut down the Swedish state railways and brought chaos to the social welfare system and other branches of local and central government.

Nevertheless, Premier Olof Palme's Social Democratic government said today it would not intervene to solve the conflict between the government's national office of collective bargaining and the unions, which represent middle and high-level government employees.

The striking civil servants want pay raises of up to 22 percent. The government has offered 7 percent.

20 Arrested In South Africa

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Police raided throughout South Africa and jailed about 20 persons today under provisions of the Terrorism Act, they said.

Those arrested included teachers, lawyers and businessmen and they will be held pending further investigation, said Johannes P. Gous, police general and investigations commissioner.

As far as newsmen could determine, those detained were either members of the Unity Movement or the African Peoples Democratic Union of South Africa.

Lord Chief Justice to Quit

LONDON, Feb. 19 (AP).—Sir Hubert Lister Parker, 71, lord chief justice of England and Wales since 1958, will retire in April, Prime Minister Edward Heath announced yesterday. His successor as England's top judge will be Lord Justice John Passmore Widgery, 59.

Sadat Tells Jarring

Egypt Will Sign Peace If Israel Withdraws

By Hedrick Smith

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Egypt has informed Gunnar V. Jarring, the United Nations intermediary for the Middle East, that it will sign a peace treaty if Israel withdraws from all Arab territories captured in 1967, well-placed diplomats disclosed today.

These informants regarded the Egyptian willingness to sign a treaty as a significant concession on Israel's most crucial demand in the indirect Arab-Israeli negotiations. Knowledgeable diplomats termed the Egyptian move the most important diplomatic breakthrough in months.

The Egyptian position, relayed to Mr. Jarring earlier this week and passed to Israel Wednesday, now moves the talks into a crucial stage.

Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli ambassador to the United States, yesterday met with Joseph J. Sisco, the Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs, to discuss the Egyptian move and then left at once for Jerusalem.

Swift Progress

Because of the unexpectedly swift progress in the negotiations, American and other Western diplomats suggested that the Israeli government had reached the point of painful decisions, long delayed, on the vital question of a territorial settlement with the Arabs.

[Mr. Rabin told newsmen on his arrival at Lydda airport, "I was invited to return by the Foreign Ministry and the prime minister for talks on relations between the United States and Israel." He denied reports of a rift, United Press International reported.

[Diplomatic sources said the United States is pressuring Israel to make a positive response to Mr. Jarring's proposals and at the same time to outline its plans or timetable for withdrawing from occupied Arab territories.]

The Israeli press has reported only in the last few days the appointment of a team headed by "a senior defense strategist" to draft Israel's conception of new boundaries.

Reports from Israel, independent diplomats commented, suggest dis-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)



Keystone.
Yitzhak Rabin



AP.
Gunnar V. Jarring

Thant Bids Israel Stop Work On UN Grounds in Jerusalem

By Robert H. Estabrook

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Feb. 19 (WP).—Secretary-General U Thant disclosed today that he had pleaded with Israel to suspend construction on the grounds of UN headquarters in Jerusalem but had received no reply.

Mr. Thant's report to the General Assembly and Security Council concerned Israeli building operations which reportedly have involved the grounds of Government House, the headquarters of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization.

Israel never returned part of the grounds it captured after Jordan had seized them during the 1967 Middle East war. UN title to the tract, which lies virtually astride the 1949 armistice line with Jordan, has never been acknowledged by Israel.

Almost simultaneously with the release of Mr. Thant's report, a statement by Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah circulated to correspondents asserted that activities carried on to meet housing needs have in no way affected the UN headquarters in Jerusalem.

Later, Mr. Tekoah sent a letter to Mr. Thant replying to a complaint by Jordanian Ambassador Mohammed el-Farra about Israeli building activities. Mr. Tekoah charged that Jordan had "violated and occupied" the UN compound in 1967.

The Thant report was made under Security Council and General Assembly resolutions calling on Israel not to alter the status of Jerusalem.

It disclosed that last Dec. 10, Mr. Thant had reacted to Jerusalem newspaper reports about a proposed housing development and asked Israel for a copy of any master plan affecting either the Government House grounds currently occupied by the UN or those retained by Israel.

An Israeli reply on Jan. 8 did not meet this issue, and Mr. Thant wrote again Jan. 26. In his second letter, he restated UN title to Government House and asserted that "the works currently being carried out by Israel within United Nations premises may bring about irreparable physical changes to those premises." No answer has been received, the report said.

A UN spokesman explained that Government House, the former seat of British administration under the old Palestine Mandate, was acquired by the UN through the International Red Cross in 1948. The premises covered 29.35 acres.

During the 1967 Middle East war, Government House was occupied, and Israel finally returned 9.7 acres to the UN. An Israeli bulldozer reportedly has been working in the remaining two-thirds of the area, knocking down trees in connection with construction of a road.

3 Cars of Soviet Diplomats Set Afire Near Washington

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Three cars licensed to Soviet diplomats were set afire in suburban Maryland early today. A man called UPI to say the incidents were acts of "retaliation in the war of liberation."

[The State Department apologized to the Soviet Embassy for the violence, the Associated Press reported, and a department spokesman said intense efforts were being made to track down the attackers. He also declared that the Executive Protective Service is increasing police patrols at Soviet installations in the district and that police are stepping up protective measures in Washington's suburbs.]

The incidents occurred about 16 minutes apart. Police said a witness saw a car with several people drive away from a burning car in Silver Spring at 3 a.m. Two abortive attempts in Hyattsville were reported at 3:16 am. There were no injuries.

The man who called UPI in Washington said: "We just blew up the car of a Russian diplomat on Ross Street in Silver Spring. This is an act of retaliation in the war of liberation . . . Let our people go. Never again."

Another unidentified man called the UPI in Baltimore and said: "We have just fire-bombed two Soviet Embassy staff cars on Galton Street in Hyattsville. Their license numbers are DPL-4526 and DPL-2167. This is another act in the Jewish war for liberation of Soviet Jewry. Let my people go. Never again."

"Never again" is the slogan of the Jewish Defense League.

Jawbone May Age Man Millions of Years

By Robert Reinhold

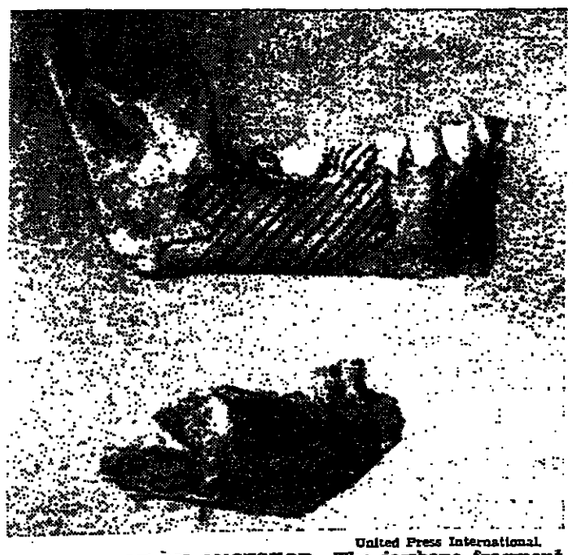
CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 19 (NYT).—A jawbone fragment that appears to push back the history of man five million years has been discovered in Kenya, according to scholars at Harvard University.

The scholars who made the find said the jawbone represents the oldest member of the human family ever found. It is twice as old as the earliest known specimen to date, an elbow bone found in the same region of Africa in 1965.

The new specimen, the right-half of a lower jaw with one molar still in place, was found in ancient deposits on Lothagam Hill in northern Kenya, in an area that has yielded many important finds over the years.

The leader of the Harvard expedition, Prof. Bryan Patterson of the Museum of Comparative Zoology, said the bone came from a creature closely related to Australopithecus, a genus of which many later examples have been found in South Africa and other parts of Africa. Australopithecus, a five-foot-high creature that walked upright and had a thick, heavy jawbone, is believed to have eventually evolved into homo sapiens, or modern man.

The find is thought likely to spur some rethinking on a number of fundamental questions about the evolution of man. It suggests, for example, that man was evolving during the Pliocene period, which began 13 million years ago. It was previously believed that Australopithecus developed largely during the following period, the Pleistocene, which began two million years ago and was marked by advancing and receding ice sheets.



United Press International.

JAWBONE OF AN ANCESTOR—The jawbone fragment from modern man (top) is compared with a similar fragment from the jaw of an Australopithecus Africanus. The shading on the modern jaw indicates an area roughly comparable to the prehistoric fragment.

The discovery also fills in part of the evolutionary gap between Australopithecus and Ramapithecus, a "man-ape" that lived about 14 million years ago and seems to be the most likely ancestor of man.

But it still leaves open the question of how that evolution took place and when the "man-ape" developed into hominids with upright posture and ground-living habits. The hominids, which consist of modern man and his two immediate predecessors, homo erectus and Australopithecus, are distinguished from apes by their upright walk and larger brains.

As recently as 1959, anthropologists were astonished when Dr. Louis S. B. Leaky found remains that were 1.75 million years old in Olduvai Gorge in Tanzania.

The Leaky find was three times as old as anything known to date. But the new Harvard discovery is more than three times as old as the bones found by Dr. Leaky.

The jawbone was found on a "nice hot afternoon" in 1967 by Arnold D. Lewis, who heads the preparation laboratory at the museum. It was resting on the surface of the hill and Mr. Lewis immediately recognized it as a hominid. But it took about three years of laboratory work and research to establish its date and identity conclusively. Prof. Patterson, who is a vertebrate paleontologist, said yesterday afternoon that he felt "rather pleased with this object" but added: "I wish it was rather more complete than it is."

Paris Youth Freed; Major Clash Averted

By Anatole Shub

PARIS, Feb. 19 (WP).—A French appeals court today acquitted Gilles Guiot, the 18-year-old mathematics student whose imprisonment ten days ago set off the largest youthful protest movement seen here since 1968.

The court acted quickly after a three-hour hearing which concluded with the public prosecutor, Pierre Callaud, requesting acquittal. The verdict seemed likely to calm the youthful protest movement, which had closed nearly all Paris high schools most of the week and led to ever larger demonstrations.

Nearly 20,000 students were massed most of the day on the Boulevard Saint-Michel on the Left Bank of the Seine, separated by riot police blocking the bridges to the Palais de Justice on the Ile de la Cité.

At news of the verdict, radical students sang the Internationale, chanted a few anti-government and anti-police slogans and then gradually dispersed. However, police on the scene greeted news of the acquittal glumly. Two police associations later formally denounced it as a "disavowal" filling them with "stupor and indignation."

Tonight, police and students threw tear-gas bombs and paving stones at each other in the Left Bank Latin Quarter. About 400 students occupied a square—the Place Jussieu—building bonfires and erecting barricades six feet high after most of the students who had gathered in the district for the trial had dispersed.

Police using tear gas and bulldozers moved in to dislodge them. The helmeted students, many carrying clubs, replied with volleys of paving stones.

Tomasini Backed

The two police associations had previously been the only organized groups to support last Tuesday's controversial charge by René Tomasini, secretary-general of the Gaullist party, that French judges were too soft on youthful demonstrators. Mr. Tomasini has already been indirectly rebuked by President Georges Pompidou, and influential Gaullist leaders are reported to be pressing for his resignation before next month's municipal elections.

Today's calm, deliberate appellate hearing appeared likely to stir new criticism here of police practices and the anti-riot procedures under which Mr. Guiot was originally condemned. Seized at the scene of a scuffle between police and demonstrators on Feb. 9, the young mathematics student was quickly convicted next day, without benefit of counsel, for allegedly having struck a policeman and sentenced to six months in prison.

When the appeals court on Feb. 13 denied a request to release Mr. Guiot on bail, his schoolmates and teachers at the Lycee Chaptal called a strike which quickly spread throughout and beyond Paris.

At today's hearing, the two original police witnesses stuck to their original story. Michel Moine said that he had been punched, and Jean-Claude Tropee, who had been nearby, claimed that he had chased and ultimately helped catch the assailant, whom he identified later on in a police van by his black and white checked jacket.

On cross-examination, however, both Mr. Moine and Mr. Tropee conceded that they had not seen the face of the original assailant. Other witnesses and depositions described the assailant as having fled successfully into the Métro (subway).

Mr. Guiot and a schoolmate, Alain Gourmaud, said that they

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

But Later 400 Battle Police

هكذا من الأصل

Washington Officials Say

Hanoi Orders 'Every Effort' To Hold Ho Chi Minh Trail

By George C. Wilson

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (WP).—Hanoi has ordered its military units to "exert every effort" to defend the Ho Chi Minh Trail in Laos, informed officials said today.

The order went out a few days after South Vietnamese troops pushed into Laos in force on Feb. 8 to disrupt the North Vietnamese north-to-south supply line.

That Hanoi is calling for such an effort buttresses Nixon administration claims that the network of supply routes called the Ho Chi Minh Trail is vital to the North Vietnamese war effort.

The order also underscores predictions of some American military leaders that Hanoi will fight rather than let the South Vietnamese occupy the trails in Laos.

But it is still too early to know whether any big fight along Route 9 is in prospect, even though three North Vietnamese regiments are moving toward that road, which runs west out of Khe Sanh and across the Laotian panhandle.

Gen. Creighton W. Abrams, U.S. commander in Vietnam, has deployed his American troops in blocking positions in South Vietnam to keep Hanoi from sending a large number of troops to Route 9. South Vietnamese troops in Cambodia are tying down North Vietnamese troops far south of Route 9. These deployments may prevent Hanoi from overwhelming the Army of the Republic of Vietnam (ARVN) troops driving west into Laos along Route 9.

However, one of the questions hanging over the operation is whether the North Vietnamese are strong enough to make a big push south against the ARVN line along Route 9.

Raids Expected

Military sources said that American air power would break up any big concentration of North Vietnamese forces. But they said small hit-and-run raids from both sides of Route 9 are likely.

How the ARVN combats any such attacks will provide a new measure of how ready the South Vietnamese are to take over the war from Americans under the Vietnamization program.

Just how the allied command intercepted Hanoi's "exert every effort" message was not revealed by officials monitoring the war from Washington. It could have come from a North Vietnamese prisoner.

The White House continued today to put an optimistic face on the South Vietnamese drive into Laos—a view challenged by such lawmakers as Senate Majority Leader Mike Mansfield of Montana.

White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said: "As we understand it, it is going well." He said that President Nixon is being kept informed on the Laotian operation.

Sen. Mansfield said "this recent thrust" into Laos "represents a gamble which may not be worth the risks involved."

"The outcome of this new military venture depends not only on the success of the South Vietnamese forces in Laos but on the reaction there and elsewhere of the North Vietnamese—and perhaps other Asian nations to the invasion," he added.

Prisoner Questions

"The gamble in Laos is likely to make it still more difficult to arrive at a negotiated settlement," the senator continued, with the resultant lengthening of the war and accompanying rise in American casualties and prisoners.

Because Hanoi is holding American prisoners as hostages, Sen. Mansfield said, the Laotian operation "is almost certain to delay their release."

A Weathervane On American, Chinese Amity

WARSAW, Feb. 19 (NYT).—An American student in Warsaw provided a footnote today to reports from Washington that the United States was interested in reopening talks with Communist Chinese officials in the Polish capital.

The student said that he had telephoned the Chinese Embassy here a few days ago to ask about a party that was being given for foreign students in Warsaw.

He spoke in English and his call was transferred to a Chinese official. He was given the date and time of the party and then was asked which country he was from.

"The United States," he replied.

"Oh, I'm sorry, you see the party is by invitation only," the official said and hung up.



Associated Press.

THE MOOSE WHO CAME TO DINNER—Two-year-old Tinker takes his place around the Crismans' dinner table in Fairbanks, Alaska. The moose calf, who has been a regular feature around dinner time at the Crisman home for the last few weeks, eats up 50 pounds of vegetables a day, which local stores help the Crismans to provide.

Reggio Police Delay Push Into Sbarre

REGGIO CALABRA, Italy, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Police re-established control of one rebellious working-class district of Reggio today, but decided to leave militant demonstrators in temporary control of another area after four days of violence over the naming of another city as regional capital.

A column of armored personnel carriers, which made a show of force on the outskirts yesterday, were stationed about 13 miles away today.

They are not expected to be used again unless serious new disorders develop.

After a bomb explosion slightly damaged a rail line in the city, delaying trains for 90 minutes, a 300-man police column entered the Santa Caterina district to tear down a few barricades erected during the night.

A barricade was set afire by a Molotov cocktail as the police moved in. But there was no other resistance.

In the Sbarre quarter at the southern end of the city, demonstrators stood behind new barricades of trees, thrown up last night 50 yards in front of bridges into the district.

Despite a loudspeaker car encouraging the militants with anti-government tirades and martial music, there were only minor clashes.

According to informed sources, the police believe that the revolt is falling apart.

These sources point out that, inside the Sbarre district, the protest is taking its toll and some families are running short of money and food.

Arms in Sbarre

Police Chief Emilio Santillo, however, is aware that some persons in Sbarre are armed with pistols and he has kept his men away since Tuesday, when police were fired upon there.

"Peace Will Return to Reggio When the City Receives Justice," proclaimed a makeshift banner flying over the barricades in Sbarre.

One demonstrator commented: "A new phase of the battle has begun. We will not let the Calabria region work. Now we want an autonomous region for Reggio alone."

Leaflets signed by the neo-Fascist party demanded that the town council resign to protest the selection Tuesday of the rival town of Catanzaro as capital of Calabria.

Some observers believe that Reggio's revolt is Fascist organized. But demonstrators say that it is an outburst of popular indignation against a decision that has humiliated this ancient port, historically the chief town of the region.

Mrs. Gandhi Target

NEW DELHI, Feb. 19 (UPI).—A stone thrown by a hostile demonstrator smashed the window of the car of Prime Minister Mrs. Indira Gandhi today, All-India Radio reported. She escaped unhurt.

Paris Court Acquits Youth; Decision Averts Major Clash

(Continued from Page 1)

had been together far from the scuffle until police demanded their identity papers and, then, without waiting for them to be produced, ushered both youths into the van. Later, Mr. Guiot said, Mr. Tropee entered the van, said, "I'll take care of you personally," and led him off to a nearby police station.

When Mr. Guiot protested that his friend could corroborate his innocence, the police commissioner asked Mr. Gourmaud's age. Told that he was 19, the police commissioner laughed, according to Mr. Guiot, and said: "That will get you nowhere." Only the two policemen testified at the trial next day, held under summary procedures designed to speed prosecution of defendants allegedly apprehended "in flagrante delicto."

In addition to Mr. Gourmaud's testimony today, the defense produced other witnesses describing how police had at first accused other youths in the van of having punched Mr. Moine before settling on Mr. Guiot.

In summing up, the public prosecutor said that, as a result of the conflicting testimony, he could not in good conscience say where the truth lay. He noted that Mr. Guiot, a rather docile youth, had allowed himself to be tried quickly and defended himself weakly at the original hearing.

The prosecutor said that he refused to make the choice between the conflicting testimony of Mr. Gourmaud and Mr. Tropee, and left that choice to the court. "If I were in your place, however," he concluded, "I would acquit."

Mr. Guiot's defense attorney, Jean-Jacques de Felice, stressed that the whole case against the youth rested on a checked jacket which could be bought in 500 stores in the Paris area. He said that Mr. Guiot had become a "symbol" of "importance for all our youth... who seek justice and liberty." He demanded "neither mercy nor indulgence, but justice" for his client.

Before today's hearing, numerous commentators had observed that the Guiot case had become a symbol of what many here regard as a visceral police "hunt against youth," and that the alienation of young people here from authority would have increased enormously had the conviction been sustained.

Moderates Pleased

While today's verdict doubtlessly will please the moderate majority of Frenchmen, because Mr. Guiot by all accounts appeared a mild-mannered and non-political youth, tensions remain between the two extremes: the radical youths who have been consciously demonstrating for political purposes, and the "law-and-order" militants who have encouraged the police to repress such radical manifestations.

Although Mr. Guiot was set free last night, Richard Deshaye, 20, is still in a hospital after having lost the sight of one eye and having had his face badly disfigured during the same demonstration. As an active revolutionary, Mr. Deshaye has not thus far enjoyed the broad range of public support accorded to Mr. Guiot.

Italian Premier Urges Political Unity for EEC

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (WP).—Italy's Premier Emilio Colombo declared yesterday that full political union remains his country's "ultimate objective" in the Common Market.

Mr. Colombo, beginning a five-day visit to America, spoke at a press conference after a day of discussions with President Nixon and Secretary of State William P. Rogers.

The next steps toward European union, Mr. Colombo said, would be full implementation of the agreements on monetary and economic union that the six Common Market countries signed last week in Brussels.

Those agreements were highly conditional and will not become binding for three years, reflecting French concern over loss of sovereignty and doubts in Germany about the burden on its currency.

Today, Mr. Colombo conferred for two hours with a group of high-ranking economic, trade and financial officials in the Nixon administration. Mr. Colombo also met Mr. Rogers again and then conferred with Defense Secretary Melvin R. Laird.

Judge Dismisses Psychiatrist for Calley Defense

FORT BENNING, Ga., Feb. 19 (Reuters).—A psychiatrist appearing for Lt. William Calley in the My Lai court-martial was dismissed by the judge today because his testimony was bordering on perjury.

Lt. Calley's chief defense counsel, George Latimer, dramatically agreed to dismiss the witness, Dr. Albert Laverne, and have "all his testimony stricken and expunged from the record."

The issue against Dr. Laverne, senior psychiatrist at Bellevue Hospital in New York City, arose yesterday while he was testifying.

While being cross-examined by prosecutor Capt. Aubrey Daniel, Dr. Laverne was given permission to look at his notes to refresh his memomry. He referred to a document which turned out to be a copy of evidence that had already been entered into the proceedings.

The document was a list of hypothetical questions that had been asked of another psychiatrist, Dr. David Crane, who testified before Dr. Laverne took the stand.

The hypothetical questions were asked of Dr. Crane because he had never examined Lt. Calley, 27, who is on trial for his life.

Dr. Laverne, however, was supposed to be basing his testimony on about 14 hours of personal interviews with Lt. Calley and not on hypothetical questions.

Russians Balk At Recognizing 6 in Grain Pact

GENEVA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Efforts to negotiate a new international wheat agreement failed today because the Soviet Union refused to recognize the European Common Market as a political entity.

The Russians said they would not sign a binding agreement as long as there was only one signature for the six Common Market countries.

New maximum and minimum prices for wheat were set out under a limited agreement which does not, however, carry any formal obligations.

Officials of the International Wheat Council and the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development said this means in effect that when the present agreement expires on June 30 there will be a free market unless a new formal agreement can be arranged.

Stokeley Carmichael, Wife Owe $48,193

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (AP).—An Internal Revenue Service claim on file in the Bronx showed yesterday that Stokely Carmichael and his wife, singer Miriam Makeba, owe $48,193 in back income taxes.

The tax claims against the couple, who now live in Conakry, Guinea, were filed with the Bronx Registrar's Office late last year and early this year and cover a period of unpaid taxes in 1968 and 1969.

Soviet Jews Told Zionism Is Treason

Special Delegation Sent to Brussels

By Bernard Gwertzman

MOSCOW, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Pravda, the Communist party newspaper, today warned Soviet Jews that anyone espousing Zionist beliefs would "automatically become an agent of international Zionism and hence, an enemy of the Soviet people."

The article, the concluding one in a two-part series, was one of the most ominous written in the Soviet press in quite some time. It seemed aimed at cutting short the activities of those Soviet Jews who have openly complained of the Soviet Union's policy toward its three million Jews, and who have declared their desire to emigrate to Israel out of nationalist convictions.

Emigration to Continue

Izvestia, the government paper, said in an article published this evening that Soviet authorities, however, would continue to allow Soviet Jews to emigrate to Israel to reunite with members of their families.

Both newspapers were focusing their attention on the Brussels congress of world Jewish organizations called for next week to discuss the situation of Jews in the U.S.S.R. In recent days, the Soviet press has reacted very sharply to anticipated charges that Jews are oppressed here. Soviet authorities yesterday dispatched to Brussels a delegation of pro-regime Jews, headed by Col. Gen. David Druginsky, to counter the impact of the conference on Western public opinion.

Western diplomats paid close attention to the Pravda series, written by Vladimir Bolshakov, because of the rather provocative charges laid against Zionists. In general, the Jews are accused of subversive activity in Communist countries and specifically with seeking the overthrow of Communism in 1968.

Zionists were accused of attempting to carry out a plan devised by the Hudson Institute, in the United States, of making "a quiet counter-revolution" in Prague while Alexander Dubcek was in power.

"Zionists strived to seize leading posts in all the mass information media of Czechoslovakia so as to carry out a frantic propaganda campaign against the socialist system in Czechoslovakia, against the Communist party of Czechoslovakia, against the Soviet Union, against the Soviet Communist party, against Communist parties of fraternal countries," Pravda said.

Convicted Spy

Citing by name a Soviet Jew, Solomon Dolnik, who had been convicted in 1966 for aiding Israeli intelligence, Pravda said, "A person who turns to the Zionist belief automatically becomes an agent of international Zionism and hence, an enemy of the Soviet people."

The Izvestia article centered primarily on the Brussels meeting and sought to give the impression that only Americans and Israelis were behind the convocation. Those singled out for attack were Arthur Goldberg, the former U.S. representative to the United Nations, Sens. Abraham A. Ribicoff of Connecticut and Jacob Javits of New York, and the playwright, Arthur Miller.

It called the meeting an anti-Soviet provocation and said that Soviet Jews "regard the Soviet Union as their homeland, and the Soviet land as their motherland."

Moscow Protests Meeting

MOSCOW, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union today protested to Belgium over next week's meeting of the World Jewish Congress.

The Soviet news agency, Tass, reported that an official Soviet statement to the Belgian government said it was surprising that "the Belgian authorities are not taking measures to prevent the holding of an openly anti-Soviet act."

Cairo Sounds Out Salvagers On Reopening of Suez Canal

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

PARIS, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Egyptian officials have been quietly sounding out ship salvage companies in Europe on clearing the Suez Canal.

Before it was blocked in the six-day war in June, 1967, the 100-mile waterway earned about $250 million a year for Egypt.

Today it represents the line between the Israeli and Egyptian Armies as diplomats are engaged in a new spurt of activity on the problems of the Middle East and in discussions on the future of the canal.

Although the canal is littered with sunken tankers and dredgers, military equipment such as tanks and trucks and the ironwork of destroyed bridges, Mashhour Ahmed Mashhour, chairman of the Canal Authority, has told officials of Western companies that he believes it can be cleared in four months.

The Canal Authority has already been in touch with officials of Dutch and Danish companies to discuss not only clearing the canal, but deepening and widening it for large tankers. These conversations have been taking place over the last two months.

The authority has ordered three dredgers at a cost of $8 million each from the De Liesbosch Yard, a Dutch shipyard near Utrecht.

Canal officials have also visited Karl Kroyer, a Danish executive and inventor who has patented a salvage process that has already lifted four vessels from the sea. Under the process millions of polystyrene beads are pumped into the hull of a vessel to give it immense buoyancy. The plastic material expands to 50 times its size when treated under water.

The rights to the process are held under license by a Rotterdam company, Smit Tak, whose president, Paul Van Den Berg, has also been in contact with the Egyptians.

Smit Tak has a contract with the European owners of 14 ships still afloat but locked in the Great Bitter Lake—about halfway between the Red Sea and the Mediterranean—to survey the obstacles in the way of getting the ships out of the canal.

Mr. Van Den Berg said in a telephone interview from Rotterdam that "the survey will begin as soon as the United Nations will cover us with their flag."

Egypt Offers a Peace Treaty For Full Israeli Withdrawal

(Continued from Page 1)

agreements among the leadership there on this crucial question. The problem was illustrated by a report Wednesday that Moshe Dayan, the Israeli Defense Minister, had said at a private dinner that given the choice between a peace treaty and the retention of an Israeli presence at Sharm el-Sheik to insure passage through the Strait of Tiran, he would prefer the presence at Sharm el-Sheik.

In the Jarring talks, Israel had taken the position that it would not reply to detailed inquiries from him seeking to frame a settlement until Egypt had replied to an earlier round of Israeli questions. The most important issue, it was said, was whether Cairo would conclude a binding peace treaty rather than some other vague form of settlement.

The Egyptian reply to Mr. Jarring reversed a long-standing refusal by the Arabs to agree to that demand. At the Khartoum conference on Sept. 1, 1967, the Arab heads of state agreed to a common policy of no peace treaty with Israel, no negotiation with Israel and no recognition of Israel.

The Nixon administration has become persuaded that Egypt is now engaged more seriously in seeking a permanent settlement with Israel than at any time since the 1967 war. The judgment is based both on Cairo's secret diplomacy and the public statements of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat.

President Nixon indicated the pleased surprise in Washington at Cairo's approach when he said at his news conference Wednesday that "Egypt has been more forthcoming than we had expected." He shied away, however, from any public indication that the United States would now prod Israel to match Egyptian concessions.

The Egyptian reply to Mr. Jarring reportedly not only contained acceptance in principle of a peace treaty with Israel but it also reportedly made a concession to Israel's repeated demands for explicit recognition from Cairo.

In the past, Egypt has said publicly and privately that it would recognize the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence "of every state in the area," but Israeli officials complained that Israel was not specifically named. Diplomatic informants said that in its latest move, Cairo had explicitly extended this recognition to Israel.

This, however, would stop short of diplomatic recognition and an exchange of ambassadors, which Mr. Sadat has ruled out for the time being. Similarly, the procedures for signing an ultimate peace treaty were not disclosed.

Well-placed diplomatic informants denied reports that Egypt had demanded that Israel agree to limit Jewish immigration as part of a settlement. They said that Cairo had formally accepted a number of points for safeguarding the elements of a peace settlement put forward by Mr. Jarring in the form of detailed questions to Israel and Egypt on Feb. 8.

In effect, Mr. Jarring's questions—which prompted Israeli officials to contend that he was overstepping his mandate—framed the outline for an Israeli-Egyptian settlement without actually making a formal proposal.

Jarring's Reasoning

The gist of Mr. Jarring's reasoning, as previously reported, was that Israel should withdraw from the entire Sinai Peninsula, that an international peace force be established at Sharm el-Sheik to insure Israeli maritime passage through the Strait of Tiran, that there should be a formal peace treaty between the two nations under which Egypt would end its state of war with Israel and recognize its sovereignty and borders, and that the international powers could provide some guarantees to underwrite this settlement.

Independent diplomatic sources said that Cairo had accepted all these points. An Egyptian spokesman made a similar statement Wednesday.

The favorable tenor of the Egyptian reply had been foreshadowed by President Sadat's comments in a press interview that surprised Washington with its flexibility. The interview, published by Newsweek magazine Monday, quoted Mr. Sadat as having termed the 1967 United Nations Security Council resolution of Nov. 22, 1967, "an embryonic peace treaty."

When he was asked what he would be prepared to "put in a peace treaty," Mr. Sadat replied: "If Israel returns our land under the Security Council resolution, we pledge our solemn word on the inviolability and political independence of every state in the area, including Israel. We pledge our solemn word on this. We have no designs on Israel; it is Israel that has designs on us. The territorial integrity of Israel in secure and recognized borders will be guaranteed by the Big Four. Israel will enjoy freedom of navigation in the (Suez) Canal and the Strait (of Tiran), again guaranteed. For all this to happen, however, there must be a just solution to the Palestinian problem."

Both Mr. Sadat and Egyptian Foreign Minister Mahmoud Riad have said that they now expect the United States to prod Israel into matching concessions.

Positive Phenomenon

TEL AVIV, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Israeli Minister without portfolio Israel Galili declared here tonigh that "the Egyptian answer to ou peace proposals are disappointing in general, but, he added, "Th usage of the term 'agreement wit Israel' is a positive phenomenon.

Power Struggle Hinted

Poles Warned on Opposition To the New Gierek Regime

By James Feron

WARSAW, Feb. 19 (NYT).—A prominent Polish writer said today that Edward Gierek, the Communist party chief, was facing internal opposition on political and economic matters from those who felt threatened by the new policies.

Ryszard Wojna, deputy editor of Zycie Warszawy and one of the nation's leading commentators, offered the first published hint of a power struggle within the Communist party as Mr. Gierek seeks to establish his position two months after taking office.

"We should realize," Mr. Wojna wrote, "that a sharp battle is taking place on many levels between the old and the new. Opponents of general renewal in Poland are ready to act to support the false thesis that society should be ruled over rather than ruled with."

"One cannot exclude the fact that for these people, it is very convenient to propose extremist demands, such as, for example, 20 percent wage increases," he said.

The reference presumably was to a recent five-day strike in Lodz, where demands by the workers, mostly women, included a 20 percent wage increase. Shipyard strikers in Gdansk and Szczecin earlier had called for similar increases.

Mr. Wojna said that Mr. Gierek's domestic opponents "feel threatened in their positions and style of management; they are not able to throw off the weight of conservatism or are not able to rid themselves of their contempt for the masses."

He warned that the government had now reached "the ultimate limit" in providing economic concessions and that the nation's leaders would no longer be able to rush around putting down industrial disputes.

"Party and government leaders," he said, "are simply not able to take off in an alarmed manner to individual factories to explain hard economic laws or—even worse—to discover the protest was caused by the inability of local leaders to act."

His warnings came as party officials, led by Mr. Gierek, continued to visit regional centers, talking with local officials and in some cases seeing to their replacement.

Four regional party chiefs were ousted in the last three days, for a total of eight such changes since Mr. Gierek replaced Wladyslaw Gomulka as party chief following anti-government riots in December.

Mr. Gierek, who visited Bialystok, Kielce and Radom in the last two days, toured Katowice today. There are rumors that he is preparing the groundwork for another meeting of the party Central Committee in March.

In Warsaw today, Mieczyslaw Moczar presided over a ceremony honoring the Ormo—auxiliary police—on its 25th anniversary. Mr. Moczar, who is responsible for the nation's security forces, said it is the task of the 380,000-member force to imbue Polish citizens "with social discipline." The Ormo was used to help put down riots in Poland's port cities in December.

Miss Krenwinkel Confesses Killing 2 While Using LSD

(Continued from Page 1)

ger, who was 36: "I had a knife in my hand and she ran out a back door . . . I chased her through the door and onto the lawn and I stabbed her and I kept stabbing her and I looked up and there was blackness and that was all."

Because of the LSD, she said, she remembers little: "It was like all reaction . . . it's all a picture of motion and reaction. I can't remember details. There was some man I was tying up. I can remember looking up and Sadie was fighting with two women. I remember I just got up and went over and I was fighting."

Sadie is the nicknsme of defendant Susan Atkins, who admitted killing Miss Tate.

What did she feel, her attorney asked. "I guess complete paranoia . . . nothing. It was just there and like it was all right."

The next night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Labianca, Miss Krenwinkel said she entered with two others and found the occupants tied on a sofa. Earlier witnesses have said Manson tied the couple and left, sending the killers in.

Miss Krenwinkel said the Labiancas pleaded for their lives, offering "anything" for mercy, but: "When you're on acid and someone tells you don't do something, you don't hear the 'don't'."

She said Mrs. Labianca took her and the fourth defendant, Miss Van Houten, 21, to the bedroom and grabbed for a lamp.

"I ran out to the kitchen and grabbed a whole bunch of utensils out of the drawer. I came back in and had a knife in my hand. Leslie had put a pillow case on her [Mrs. Labianca's] head. She began grabbing overhead for the lamp, and that's when I started stabbing her . . . I walked out of the room and I had the kitchen utensil in my hand. I remember slashing on a strange thing—little pictures of children.

"A man was on the floor and I remember thinking, 'You won't be sending your son to war,' and I guess I put 'war' on the man's chest. I picked up the fork and put it in his stomach."

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WEATHER

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ALGARVE	14	57	Sunny
AMSTERDAM	5	41	Cloudy
ANKARA	8	46	Very cloudy
ATHENS	14	57	Very cloudy
BEIRUT	27	80	Cloudy
BELGRADE	8	46	Very cloudy
BERLIN	5	41	Overcast
BRUSSELS	5	41	Rain
BUDAPEST	6	43	Very cloudy
CAIRO	21	70	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	18	64	Partly cloudy
COPENHAGEN	3	37	Rain
COSTA D' SOL	20	68	Sunny
DUBLIN	8	46	Rain
EDINBURGH	4	39	Very cloudy
FLORENCE	11	52	Overcast
FRANKFURT	6	43	Rain
GENEVA	6	42	Showers
HELSINKI	—7	19	Cloudy
ISTANBUL	11	52	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	22	54	Very cloudy
LISBON	16	61	Sunny
LONDON	9	48	Cloudy
MADRID	15	59	Cloudy
MILAN	6	43	Sunny
MONTREAL	—9	16	Cloudy
MOSCOW	—3	28	Snow
MUNICH	4	39	Overcast
NEW YORK	3	37	Sunny
NICE	13	55	Partly cloudy
OSLO	—1	34	Snow
PARIS	9	48	Cloudy
PRAGUE	6	43	Very cloudy
ROME	10	50	Cloudy
SOFIA	7	45	Very cloudy
STOCKHOLM	0	32	Snow
TEL AVIV	20	68	Partly cloud
TUNIS	9	48	Showers
VENICE	11	52	Cloudy
VIENNA	7	45	Very cloudy
WARSAW	—1	30	Snow
WASHINGTON	13	55	Cloudy
ZURICH	4	39	Very cloudy

G.M.T. Canadian temperatures take at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT

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Surprises From Space

Fresh Fractures Are Found On Apollo-14's Moon Rocks

HOUSTON, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Some moon rocks brought back to earth by the Apollo-14 astronauts have "angular faces and fresh fractures," *space scientists said today.*

And a mouse-gray rock the size of a bowling ball—the largest chunk of the moon ever returned to earth—weighs 20 to 25 pounds, said Dr. Paul Gast, chief of the planetary and earth sciences division at the Manned Spacecraft Center.

"It is not crumbly and appears to be very tough," he said. He added that some of the smaller lunar rocks have "angular faces and fresh fractures that look like you just broke them off with a hammer."

Dr. Gast said earlier moon rocks and most Apollo-14 samples were "smooth and worn down by billions of years of erosion."

"If these are fresh fractures," Dr. Gast said of the new, unique samples, "it will be interesting to see if they are thousands of years old or millions of years old."

He and other scientists studying the Apollo-14 samples disclosed their preliminary findings in a news conference. They said the lunar rocks and soil are being catalogued and will be sent out to scientists and investigators within days after the astronauts emerge from quarantine Feb. 27.

The astronauts opened their pack of lunar rocks yesterday.

Bearded lunar pilot Edgar D. Mitchell unpacked the grayish rock from one of three tote bags of lunar material. The bags had been returned to the lunar receiving laboratory earlier in the day aboard the mobile quarantine unit the crew occupied on their recovery ship.

Comdr. Mitchell and Capt. Alan B. Shepard jr. of the Navy and Maj. Stuart A. Roosa of the Air Force spent four hours unpacking the samples, which also included two smaller rocks about the size of footballs collected near the Fra Mauro landing site.

John E. Riley, a National Aeronautics and Space Administration spokesman quarantined with the Apollo crew, said scientists broke into applause and cheers when Comdr. Mitchell dug the rock out of one of the bags and held it up to the glass barrier separating the two groups.

The astronauts are in quarantine until Feb. 27 to ensure that they did not bring any moon germs to earth.

Mr. Riley said Comdr. Mitchell and Capt. Shepard reported that they collected the big rock on their second moonwalk on the way back to the lunar-landing module Antares from near the rim of Cone Crater.

"The big rock I would not describe as crumbly," Mr. Riley said. "As I recall, it had a fracture or two in it and some crystals in it."

The rock, about nine inches long and high and ten inches thick, was too large for any of the space agency's sample containers and had to be bagged to be passed from the quarantine area to the laboratories in the same building.

The football-size rocks also were collected on the second moonwalk and averaged about 12 pounds each and ten inches long. Two grapefruit-size rocks were collected on the first Apollo-14 moonwalk.

Dr. Robin Brett, vice-chairman of the team investigating the Apollo-14 samples, said scientists had asked for only one football-size rock and were pleased to have a pair of them and the giant rock as a bonus.



Associated Press.

Astronauts Edgar D. Mitchell (left) and Alan B. Shepard examine the largest rock brought back from the moon.

Nixon Agrees To See Black Congressmen

By Paul Delaney

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (NYT).—President Nixon has agreed to meet with the balck members of the House of Representatives, one year after they requested and he rejected such a meeting.

White House officials said the meeting between the 12 black Democratic congressmen and the President would take place the week of March 21.

Mr. Nixon said at his news conference Wednesday that he desired a meeting with the group, which calls itself the Black Caucus.

"I think that a meeting is going to be worked out," Mr. Nixon said. "I hope it is, because, I will be glad to talk to them, of course."

Rep. William L. Clay, D., Mo., said the group would go into the meeting with a list of specific recommendations.

"We will recommend to the President bills we think he should be pushing and specific administrative action we think he should be taking," Rep. Clay said in an interview.

He said the group's proposals would include the areas of poverty rights, equal employment, revenue sharing, welfare, housing, racism, health and foreign policy. He said the 12 members of the caucus were presently developing their specific proposals.

The group first asked for the meeting last February. Rep. Clay said the blacks wanted to discuss the problems of minorities and the poor. Mr. Nixon rejected the request, saying he was too busy. John D. Ehrlichman, the President's assistant for domestic affairs, dismissed the request of the congressmen as a play for publicity.

Rep. Clay felt the President's change of mind was a political decision. "The President's a political animal basically," Rep. Clay remarked. "His decision to see us was political. It was to his advantage to sit down with us than to have us out here taking pot shots at him.

"At this point, he is completely unknowledgeable about the problems of the ghetto. And we are representatives of the ghetto. I just hope he has compassion for the poor people we represent," the congressman said.

Kent President Would Quit Post

KENT, Ohio, Feb. 19 (AP).—Robert I White asked yesterday to be relieved as president of Kent State University, where four students were shot to death in a confrontation with National Guardsmen last May 4.

Mr. White, 62, asked for a six-month sabbatical leave and to be allowed to return afterward as a professor in education administration. He has been president at Kent State since 1963.

A special state grand jury that probed disorders on the campus contended Mr. White's administration fostered an "attitude of laxity, overindulgence and permissiveness" and had lost control of the campus and student activities.

Russians Report Lunokhod Completes Its Job on Moon

MOSCOW, Feb. 19 (UPI).—The Russians tonight said their Lunokhod-1 moon robot has "successfully and completely fulfilled" its three-month program of experiments on the lunar surface and continues to function normally.

Tass, the Soviet news agency, said the eight-wheeled explorer—the first man-made device to propel itself over the moon's surface—has solved "important scientific and technical problems" since it began trundling over the Sea of Rains Nov. 17. Tass said the problems include:

- Study of cosmic roentgen radiation [X-rays and gamma rays] and the radiation situation.
- Chemical composition and physical-mechanical characteristics of the soil in different sectors of a vast area of the moon.
- Study of the micro and macro relief of the lunar surface.
- Laser location of the moon.
- Testing the performance of the automatic transport system in complex conditions of prolonged work when moving over rugged terrain.

X-Ray Telescope

"For the first time an experiment has been conducted in using the moon as a base for studying remote areas of the universe by X-ray telescope," Tass said.

"The intensity and angular distribution of cosmic X-ray irradiation and individual sources were measured."

The "micro and macro" relief study of the lunar surface meant the robot took three-dimensional, stereoscopic pictures of crater dimensions.

The laser location of the moon was undertaken when the robot was in mechanical hibernation during the frigid, two-week lunar nights.

"The aim of this investigation was to measure with great accuracy the distance between the earth and the moon," Tass said. It did not give any figure.

The Tass announcement suggested Lunokhod's expected survival time as a normally functioning robot explorer ws no more than three months. The Russians recently said it would not be brought back to earth but would remain on the moon as a "monument unto itself."

"After operating on the moon for three months, all the systems of Lunokhod-1 are functioning normally," Tass said.

"This makes it possible to continue the program of scientific and technical research."

Tass said 63 communications sessions were held with Lunokhod during the four lunar days of its operation between Nov. 17 and today.

Lunokhod covered 5,223 meters (nearly 17,000 feet) during the four lunar days, Tass said, and "made more than 200 direct measurements of the properties of the soil as it lies naturally."

"These studies produced full and diverse information on the strength and chemical composition of lunar soil throughout the route," Tass said.

Mitchell Asks U.S. Standards Be Set for Criminal Justice

By Ken W. Clawson

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (WP).—Calling the American criminal justice system "an astonishing tale of neglect," Attorney General John N. Mitchell today urged national standards and goals to upgrade police agencies, courts and prison systems.

Mr. Mitchell said the government would finance the project, which would include participation of local, state and federal officials.

"By pooling the talents of professionals at all levels of government, we can set yardsticks to measure our progress toward a 20th-century criminal justice system," Mr. Mitchell said in a speech delivered at the dedication of a new courthouse in Pasadena, Calif.

In the strongest terms since he became attorney general, Mr. Mitchell criticized—especially on the state and local levels—the nation's three-headed criminal justice system:

Police—Most states have little or no basic training for police. Police pay ranges as low as $165 a month, and some police agencies have only the telephone for communications. One unnamed state has only 30 policemen on duty between midnight and 8 a.m.

Courts—In some states, lower court judges and prosecutors are not attorneys. Prosecutor pay is so low in some states that these lawyers spend much of their time in private practice, "with obvious possibilities for conflict of interest."

Prisons—Most state and local prisons and jails have no convict rehabilitation program. One state reported half of those in jail in its largest cities had not been convicted of a crime. In another state, no effort was made to separate the accused from the convicted.

A Justice spokesman said that Mr. Mitchell got the facts for his "tale of horrors" from state reports to Justice's Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. The states were not identified the spokesman said, because it was felt they were being candid and that the overall picture was more important than singling out the states.

Mr. Mitchell said LEAA would finance and help get rolling an effort to set national performance standards and goals. He characterized LEAA as "a forerunner" in the administration's revenue sharing proposals, pointing out that the agency has $480 million to spend on criminal justice this year.

British Labor Chiefs Find No Solution to Mail Walkout

LONDON, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Leaders of the powerful Trades Union Congress failed today to break the deadlock in the postal workers' strike, Britain's most intractable industrial dispute in many years.

Over 200,000 mailmen maintained their militant stand for more pay into a fifth week as the TUC's deputy chairman, Sir Sidney Greene, and the general secretary, Vic Feather, went to see Employment and Productivity Minister Robert Carr.

After a three-hour meeting both parties to the talks admitted no progress had been made, with a settlement as far away as ever. A disappointed Mr. Feather told a radio interviewer: "It was a courteous discussion. There was no banging on the table, but there was no laughing either."

Gap Too Wide

The Union of Post Office Workers, whose members include some thousands of telephonists, have rejected a 9 percent pay offer, which was tied to a productivity deal. Instead they are demanding a straight increase of 13 percent.

Mr. Carr has previously told Parliament that this was the most stubborn dispute he has come across, with the gap still too wide to bridge at this stage. Usual conciliation ideas have proved unacceptable, and the minister may yet have to impose a court of inquiry, despite the time it will take to hear evidence and report.

The UPW has lately been bolstered in its militancy by increased support from the TUC, many of whose 146 affiliated unions consider the postal men to be in the front line of the battle against the government's anti-inflationary drive to push down the level of wage settlements.

The TUC has raised £250,000 from its ranks, with offers of more to come, to help the postal union, which has no strike fund and has to dip into a special hardship fund to aid individual members in need.

Pilots of 3 French Airlines Face Lockout After Strike

PARIS, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—France's three major airlines today ordered a lockout of pilots to take effect as soon as the pilots end their present strike on Monday.

The pilots of the three companies—Air France, Air Inter and UTA—began a three-day strike today to support their demand for a new contract.

The three airlines decided to cancel all flights from Monday onward until the dispute is settled, Air France chairman Georges Gallichon announced.

Meanwhile, flights today were reduced to less than a third as the pilots began their strike. In addition to a new contract, they are seeking pay increases and more vacation time.

Air France, the biggest of the three airlines, scheduled 44 of its normal 150 flights after renting aircraft from seven private companies. The domestic air line, Air Inter, said that it also would be running about 50 flights today out of a normal 150.

Mr. Gallichon told a press conference that the airline companies had agreed that it was impossible for them to accept demands amounting to salary increases of more than 20 percent this year alone.

The pilots are also asking for minimum leave of 14 days a month.

The salaries of France's 2,400 pilots, co-pilots, navigators and radio operators involved in the strike range from $818 to $3,636 a month.

A Boeing-707 pilot half-way through his career earns $2,727 for 68 hours duty-a month. Pilots also have 40 days annual vacation and a 30 percent income tax rebate.

36 Survivors in Lisbon After Blast, Fire at Sea

LISBON, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—The 36 survivors of the Norwegian tanker Ferncastle landed here last night from the Spanish freighter Havipesa Dos.

The 52,510-ton tanker was ripped in two by a mystery explosion in the Atlantic, 300 miles west of Cadiz Wednesday night. It sank in flames four hours later. Seven men died. The survivors—31 men, four women and a 2-year-old child—were picked up from lifeboats.

Calif. Prisons To Let Wives Visit Weekends

SAN QUENTIN, Calif., Feb. 19 (UPI).—Wives of California prisoners soon will be able to spend weekends alone with their husbands at private apartments on the grounds of all the state's prisons, including San Quentin and Folsom.

Associate Warden James Park said yesterday officials hoped the plan will provide an incentive for uncooperative convicts to earn a minimum custody classification, the status needed to participate in the conjugal visit program.

While some other states permit wives to visit at a few prisons, another prison spokesman called the California plan the most far-reaching in the nation.

Moscow to Urge Bans on A-Tests, Bio-Chemical War

GENEVA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—The Soviet Union said today it will urge a complete ban on nuclear tests and prohibition of both chemical and biological weapons at the resuming Geneva disarmament conference.

Soviet chief negotiator Alexei A Roshchin said, however, that Moscow continues to reject the idea of on-site inspections to police a comprehensive nuclear test ban.

The United States has always maintained that a minimum number of such inspections are necessary to prevent clandestine underground explosions. National means of seismic detection can only pinpoint large blasts in other countries, the United States argues.

Mr. Roshchin, arriving from Moscow today for the new round of talks starting on Tuesday, said Moscow believes detection apparatus is now far enough advanced to make onsite inspections unnecessary.

Besides demanding a complete test ban—all but underground explosions were prohibited in the 1963 partial test ban treaty—the Soviet Union will continue to urge the banning of chemical as well as biological weapons, Mr. Roshchin said.

Fire in Trade Tower

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—A fire broke out in the world's tallest building—the World Trade Center here—early today. The center, twin 110-story buildings with six floors below street level, is still under construction. The blaze started in construction materials on one of the underground floors and spread upward to two other floors.

By 51-0 in Vienna

UN Pact Voted to Curb Mind Drugs

VIENNA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—A UN conference approved today a treaty which imposes stricter international controls on psychotropic drugs like LSD rather than on such narcotics as cocaine.

The treaty applied looser controls to pep (amphetamine) pills and some tranquilizers.

The treaty—"The Convention on Psychotropic Substances"—was shaped in six weeks of talks between 72 nations here and approved by a 51-0 vote, with nine abstentions, including the Soviet Union, and 12 absences at a final session today. Signing was set for Sunday and UN officials said they hoped for ratification by national parliaments before the year ends.

The Soviet Union and other Communist countries abstained because the conference excluded non-members of the UN such as East Germany. West Germany, a major drug manufacturer, reportedly abstained because of restrictions on tranquilizers. A UN spokesman said all abstainers could sign the treaty later if they wished.

The treaty urged UN members to exercise strict internal controls on dangerous synthetic drugs. But, basically, it set out a tight system of export-import controls, transportation rules and record-keeping aimed at keeping a sharp eye on international shipments of the drugs, to keep them from falling into the hands of illegal dealers.

4 Drug Categories

The treaty set up four categories of "psychotropic drugs," with varying degrees of control on each.

The first category applied to drugs of "high hazard and low medical use" and included such "mind-expanding" hallucinogens as LSD and mescalin. A special clause, urged by the United States and Mexico, gave exotic religious sects the right to use mescalin and peyote in their rites.

The next two categories list stimulants and depressants—pep pills and tranquilizers—of high risk and high medical use.

The last, and loosest, category, lists low-risk, high-use drugs and was the greatest area of controversy, according to John E. Ingersoll, director of the Justice Department's narcotics division and head of the U.S. delegation here.

Mr. Ingersoll said the conference voted to take two Swiss-made tranquilizers—Valium and Librium—off the restricted list, but left one other, Aminorex, on it. Mr. Ingersoll said the U.S. government currently imposes controls on all three and felt they all should have been left on the list. A UN commission which will administer the treaty will be asked to put Valium and Librium back on the list, he said.

Austria to Begin Talks With China On Recognition

VIENNA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—The Parliamentary Foreign Affairs Committee authorized the Austrian government today to open talks with Communist China on diplomatic recognition.

No further parliamentary approval is needed. The talks were expected to start soon.

A brief communiqué said that the committee met today, heard a report by Foreign Minister Rudolf Kirchschlaeger and voted manimously for the talks with Peking.

Austria, officially neutral, has trade ties with Peking but no diplomatic relations. It has low-level diplomatic relations with Nationalist China.

Russian Envoy Asked to Leave Italy for Spying

ROME, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—A first secretary at the Soviet Embassy here, Valentin Kovanov, was asked to leave Italy because he was involved in espionage, Western diplomatic sources said today.

They confirmed as substantially correct Italian press reports that the Foreign Ministry had asked Mr. Kovanov to leave after Italy's counter-espionage service discovered he was implicated in spying activities.

"He was involved in something the Italian government did not like," the sources added, but did not elaborate.

A Soviet Embassy spokesman however said: "The press reports do not correspond to reality." Mr. Kovanov, accompanied by his wife, Serafina, had left to take home leave, he added.

The Soviet spokesman also said he believed Mr. Kovanov would return to Rome after his leave, although he was unable to say when this would be.

Soviet Physicist Missing at Geneva Atom Laboratory

GENEVA, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Swiss police said today they are searching for a Soviet nuclear physicist who disappeared with his wife and two children a week ago.

Police said they received a request to search for the scientist two days ago from the Soviet diplomatic mission in Geneva.

The physicist was identified as Dr. A. Vaguine by the center for European Nuclear Research, where he had been working on an assignment from the Soviet Atomic Research Center at Serpukhov, south of Moscow.

CERN spokesmen said Dr. Vaguine had been with them for a year and left a week ago on a four-week vacation.

The CERN spokesmen said CERN and the Serpukhov laboratory have an agreement under which CERN is building equipment for the Serpukhov center in exchange for permission for European scientists to conduct experiments with the Serpukhov atom smasher, which is at present the largest in the world.

They said Dr. Vaguine came to Geneva to familiarize himself with the equipment being built for Russia.

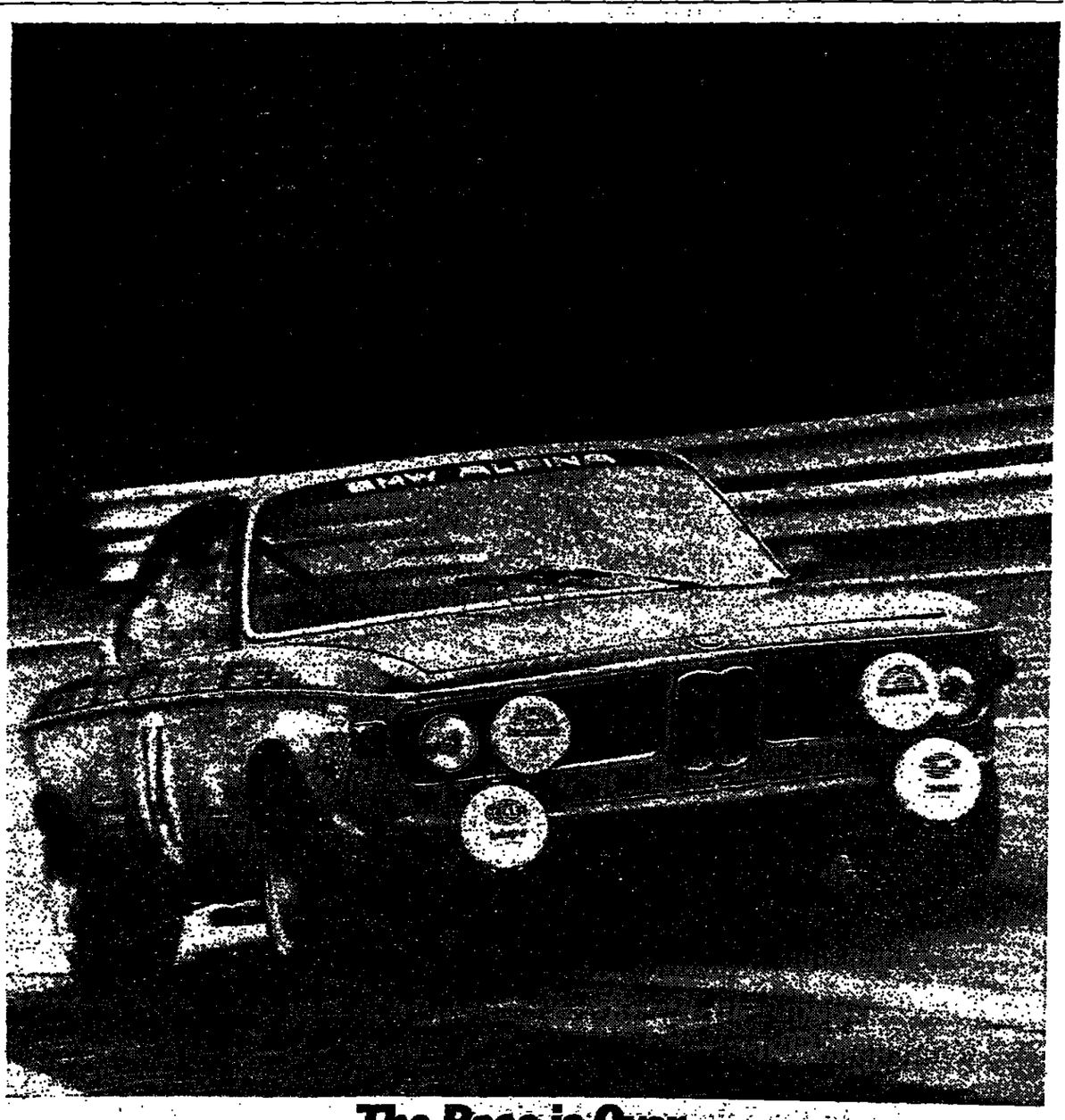
CERN said there are "two or three other Russians" at CERN for the same purpose as Dr. Vaguine.

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Saturday-Sunday, February 20-21, 1971 * *

Danger on the Subcontinent

The governments of India and Pakistan are playing into the hands of extremists on both sides and risking a serious confrontation by their overreaction to a recent hijacking incident.

Two Kashmiris seized an Indian airliner late last month and ordered it to land in Pakistan. Pakistani officials managed to free the passengers and crew, who were returned to India, but the hijackers blew up the plane on the airfield at Lahore after India spurned their demands for the release of political prisoners in Kashmir. Pakistan granted the hijackers political asylum and some Pakistani officials hailed them as heroes.

India subsequently banned Pakistani overflights across its territories, forcing Pakistani planes traveling between East and West Pakistan to take a long and costly detour around India, by way of Ceylon. The Indians have demanded compensation for the lost plane and return of the hijackers.

Pakistan has charged India with an "act of belligerence" before the United Nations Security Council.

Both governments are undoubtedly responding to strong internal political pressures generated by the impending national elections in India and the preparations in Pakistan for the convening of a national assembly to write a new constitution. But capitulation to the hardliners in New Delhi and Islamabad can only make a bad situation worse and strengthen the irresponsible cries of those who call for a confrontation neither side can afford.

India's retaliatory action is clearly uncalled for. The question of compensation for the plane certainly can be negotiated or arbitrated, as Pakistan has offered to do. There is nothing in existing international law—or even in the new anti-hijack convention, which is not yet in effect—that mandates extradition of the hijackers.

Pakistan, for its part, is falling short in its obligation to the international community, as well as to India, as long as it fails to make clear its intention to take appropriate domestic action against the hijackers. Pakistan's delegate to the United Nations was among the overwhelming majority who voted to recommend strong measures against aerial pirates at the last session of the General Assembly. Reports that Pakistanis have been feting the culprits are understandably alarming to Indians who fear that further acts of violence against Indian aircraft will be encouraged.

Both India and Pakistan have more than enough troubles to contend with at home. The hijacking incident is a foolish and dangerous diversion. It could be quickly settled with a little restraint and reason on both sides.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

The Eager Claimants

There is no shortage of eager claimants for President Nixon's power. One Democrat—Sen. McGovern of South Dakota—has already announced his candidacy. A half-dozen others are busily testing the political atmosphere and scouting about for support.

Lawrence O'Brien, who, as chairman of the Democratic National Committee, is the party's chief constable in charge of keeping the peace, has already held a meeting of the potential candidates to lay down a few ground rules to guide the coming struggle for the nomination. Essentially, Mr. O'Brien tried to commit the contenders to obey what a California Republican used to call the Eleventh Commandment: "Thou shalt not speak ill of another member of the party."

Such a rule is easier for ambitious Democrats to comply with now than it was in 1968 when President Johnson's record and personality were the focus of bitter intra-party strife. The differences on policy questions among major contenders today are considerably narrower. Much of the rivalry turns on somewhat exaggerated differences of personality and political style.

One is best able to get a sharp set of policy alternatives by juxtaposing Sen. Jackson of Washington and Sen. McGovern. The former is a firm supporter of the Vietnam war and of a high level of military preparedness; the latter is co-sponsor of the resolution setting a date for the withdrawal of American forces from Vietnam and the most articulate protagonist of a change in budget priorities from military to domestic needs.

Although Sen. Jackson has not made up his mind whether he will actively seek the nomination, his decision to test—and challenge—public opinion by making speeches around the country in the coming year is a welcome development. He and Sen. McGovern are helping to sharpen issues and to clarify the implications of various lines of policy, two essential functions for an opposition party.

Sen. Muskie of Maine is the recognized front-runner among the prospective Democratic candidates. A more recent convert to the anti-Vietnam war position, he occupies the strategic middle ground. He is politically strong because of the good impression he made in his vice-presidential campaign in 1968 and in his reply to Mr. Nixon in an election-eve telecast last November. The principal Muskie weakness has been a lack of identification on foreign policy issues. He has started to make up for his lack of experience by taking a seat on the Foreign Relations Committee and beginning the round of foreign journeys that ritual requires of a presidential candidate.

Among the dark horse rivals, if Mr. Muskie should falter, are Sens. Bayh of Indiana and Hughes of Iowa, former Attorney General Ramsey Clark and former Vice-President Humphrey, now once again in the Senate. But probably the most dangerous, because most unorthodox, threat would come from New York Mayor John V. Lindsay.

The mayor has developed a national constituency as a champion of the cities. He has more appeal to two constituencies—the youth and the blacks—than any of the other possible nominees. He has the kind of personal glamour that might electrify the Democrats in the primaries. A change of party affiliation by Mr. Lindsay would sadly weaken the progressive wing of the GOP. But it would unquestionably transform the gentlemanly competition, now mainly among Democratic senators, for their party's nomination.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.



'I Know That's the Short Way Home, But the World Is Round.'

Democrats' Need: A Program

By James Reston

WASHINGTON. — When President Nixon came into the White House, he said: "We were elected to initiate an era of change. We intend to begin a decade of government reform such as this nation has not witnessed in half a century . . . That is the watchword of this administration: reform."

His new health program for the nation, sent to Congress this week, is only the latest evidence that he has kept his word. For more than a year now he has sent to Capitol Hill one innovative policy after another: on welfare reform, revenue-sharing reform, government reform, postal reform, manpower reform, Social Security reform, reform of the grant-in-aid system, and many others.

It is not necessary to agree with his proposals in order to concede that, taken together, they add up to a serious and impressive effort to transform the domestic laws of the nation, all the more remarkable coming from a conservative administration, and that they deserve a more serious and coherent response than they have got so far from the Democratic party and the Democratic majority in the federal Congress.

The Have-Nots

What is the Democratic party's alternative? This we would like to know. There are alternatives from Democrats—a Kennedy alternative on health policy, the beginnings of a Wilbur Mills alternative to revenue sharing, a Muskie alternative to Vietnam policy—pick a date and get out—but as often as not the Democratic alternatives contradict one another, and the party as a whole seems to be settling for the old political rule that it is the business of the opposition party merely to oppose.

A party out of office, of course, always operates at a disadvantage. It lacks the authority and resources of the presidency. It is usually leaderless and broke. Its power is dispersed among the committee chairmen, the rival candidates for presidential nomination, the governors and the national committee, the latter now meeting in Washington.

In the present case, the titular head of the Democratic party is Hubert Humphrey of Minnesota, a new boy in the back row of the Senate. When the national committee meets, it usually concentrates on the party deficit and President Nixon, both of which they find disagreeable. But so far, about all they have been able to agree about is that they should not tear each other apart in public, which, come to think of it, is quite an achievement for Democrats.

Nevertheless, hard as it is to get an opposition party to agree on what it stands for, it would be reassuring to think that they got together once in a while and at least tried to define the broad outlines of a program for the future.

It is perfectly clear that many of the old Democratic programs of the 1950s and 1960s are no longer relevant to the problems of today, let alone tomorrow. In 1960 there were only 44 grant-in-aid programs for the states; now there are over 430; and even the Democratic governors are bewildered by their complexity and inefficiency.

In the short time since President Nixon first came forward with his welfare-reform bill, over two million people have been added to the welfare rolls, at an additional cost of $1.5 billion a year.

President Nixon has at least seen that this is dangerous nonsense and put forward a bold, if controversial, alternative that deserves to be voted up or down. As things now stand, the Democrats are demanding, and quite rightly too, that the scandal of campaign expenditure be corrected, but they cannot agree on how this should be done, and beyond that, they have not even managed to agree on how to pick their spokesmen if they do get free time on television.

Progress in Past

The last time the Democrats were out of power, they at least recognized the problem and organized a kind of braintrust outside the Congress to question their old assumptions and write position papers on the main subjects coming up for decision. It wasn't much, and Lyndon Johnson and Sam Rayburn resented the experiment, but it started the process of revision and even of thought within the party.

What the Democrats are doing now is merely sniping at the President's programs and often saying some damn silly things in the process. Here is George McGovern, for example, normally a sensible man, proclaiming that Nixon is "flirting with World War III in Asia." And Ed Muskie calling in Pittsburgh the other night for a "new coalition" cutting across lines of race, geography and economics.

But to do what? In support of what programs? President Nixon has been singularly successful in ignoring old Republican taboos and prejudices, and if you want to be cynical about it, he may be putting up programs he knows the Democrats will probably knock down, but at least he has a program on the home front, which is more than you can say for the Democrats.

Today's Soviet Union: A Chronicle History

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON.—For the last three years a journal called A Chronicle of Current Events has appeared about every two months in the Soviet Union. Its purpose is to tell the truth about political trials and the other ways in which dissenters are persecuted in the U.S.S.R.

The authors are, naturally, unknown. The Chronicle circulates only in typewritten copies. Nevertheless, when checked against other sources of information it has proved astonishingly accurate. It even corrects its own minor mistakes, as in the spelling of names, in subsequent issues.

Amnesty International, the London-based organization that worries about political prisoners all over the world, has now started to print the Chronicle in English translation on a regular periodical basis. It ought to be read not only by those with a professional interest but by anyone who wants to understand the nature of life in a totalitarian society.

Power of Truth

What makes the Chronicle so impressive is its utter lack of melodrama. In the most matter-of-fact way it relates events that must horrify any reader of normal sensitivity. Its power is the power of simple truth.

Anatoly Marchenko, the Soviet author now in a labor camp, suffers from the effects of meningitis contracted during past imprisonment. The Chronicle reports: "In spite of the medical certificates attached to Marchenko's case about the grave state of his health, and his assignment to light work . . . he was made to live in a tent," with the temperature outside 45 to 50 degrees below freezing centigrade, "and detailed to work on the unloading of firewood for trains."

Y. M. Suslensky, 42 years old, a teacher in the Moldavian town of Bendery, wrote open letters to the Communist party central committee protesting the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia. He was arrested and police searching his home found home-made tapes of BBC broadcasts and a diary giving his ideas on freedom. In a trial before the Moldavian supreme court the prosecutor demanded a prison sentence of three years. The court gave him seven.

Many of the brief items concern matters less dramatic than prison camps and trials but hardly less disturbing in their vindictiveness. "Daniel Davydovich Baril, chief engineer of the construction bureau for mechanical engineering in the shipbuilding industry (Moscow) has been dismissed on grounds of redundancy. The reason for his dismissal was a verbal communication from the department of visas and registrations to the effect that his son, Vladimir Baril, has been given permission to emigrate to Israel."

M. Y. Makarenko organized a literary club and picture gallery in a town near Novosibirsk. After exhibitions of modern artists at the gallery, Mr. Makarenko was dismissed as its manager.

"Makarenko's subsequent fate," the Chronicle says, "was determined by his persistent efforts to organize a Marc Chagall exhibition. Chagall had agreed to come to the Soviet Union and to provide canvases for it." Makarenko was arrested, tried and imprisoned for eight years on charges of anti-Soviet agitation, engaging in a forbidden means of livelihood and accepting a bribe.

There was the case of the woman arrested when a cleaner and mechanic making repairs to her room in a hostel found "typewritten material which appeared to members of the repair squad to be criminal." Another woman, an engineer, left a suitcase at the Leningrad railway station in Moscow. It was opened by a secret policeman, who confiscated articles she had written on assignment from Izvestia and another Communist paper.

Chronicle Number 16, the first published by Amnesty, ends with an obituary of Prof. J. G. Oksman, historian and litterateur, who served one 10-year sentence of prison and exile but survived. In 1963, on suspicion of communicating with the West about banned Soviet writers, he was expelled from the Writers' Union.

"Since then," the Chronicle says, "his publications have either not appeared or have appeared under pseudonyms. His name is removed from finished works, and the censorship crosses out all mention of him.

"It proved impossible to place a notice about J. G. Oksman's death in the Moscow press."

We in the West, as we read such things, realize how much liberty and decency we enjoy. We should have another reaction as well. That is to care about every encroachment on privacy and freedom of thought by the frightened superpatriots in our own societies, those whom Brandeis described as "men of zeal, well-meaning but without understanding."

International Opinion

France and NATO

An article by Don Cook entitled "Eating Crow, French Style" in the Feb. 11 issue of the IHT has caused much displeasure in Brussels. It said that NATO officials found it difficult "to forgive and forget the trouble France has caused the alliance." The truth is quite different. The NATO officials wish for only one thing: to have France join them again.

Mr. Luns just recalled this in an interview with the Holland Herald. The president of the French republic repeated recently that this was out of the question. But there is every reason to believe that relations between France and NATO are trustful and even friendly. The French Navy and Air Force cooperate in some NATO exercises, especially in the Mediterranean.

Gen. Fourquet paid Gen. Goodpaster a visit of courtesy in January. France participates in the communication network. This demonstrates that, in case of danger—De Gaulle never denied this—France would be alongside her allies.

—From Le Nouveau Journal (Paris).

Laos and U.S. Opinion

A remarkable aspect of the action currently being fought in Laos by South Vietnamese troops with American air support is the calmness with which it is being received by American public opinion. . .

Perhaps the main reason is that the American public is at last really accepting President Nixon's major premise: that "Vietnamization" of the war can be made to work, and work in such a way as to put an end to Communist ambitions.

This thesis, however, is most certainly not accepted by, for one, Sen. Edward Kennedy, who has been moved to protest at the lack of protest. But Sen. Kennedy's alternative—"the only solution is a political settlement"—seemed to be put forward without any real conviction, and indeed is utterly unconvincing, unless it be read as meaning that there should be a surrender to the Communists which one must assume the senator would not advocate.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

Intelsat

The United States refuses to sell Europe communication satellite launchers. . . The United States, which has a virtual monopoly of space communications, because of its influence in Intelsat, does not wish Europe to go it alone, even more so if it supplies the launchers.

In short, the American refusal is dictated by economic and political considerations. But Europe must in no case be dependent on U.S. goodwill. The situation is undoubtedly deadlocked. The future will tell whether we shall play the card of communications or the post-Apollo card, but not both.

—From La Croix (Paris).

Option E Splits the Administration

By Joseph Kraft

WASHINGTON.—Henry Kissinger, the President's chief foreign policy adviser, almost never speaks for publication. So how come he announced for the record the other day that he was "fairly optimistic" about the strategic arms limitation talks with the Soviet Union?

The answer is that he is in the thick of a furious internal fight about the next American move in the arms control negotiations. A technical proposal, certified by the Kissinger staff, has put the White House under heavy crossfire from the State Department, the Pentagon and the Russians.

The proposal, known as Option E, was served up to the Russians in the round of talks that concluded in Helsinki on Dec. 18. It offered, as a part of a general agreement limiting the numbers and weights of offensive missiles, a choice about the main defensive weapon, the anti-ballistic missile, or ABM.

As one possibility, Option E called for having no ABM at all. That would have obliged the Russians to scrap the relatively crude system they have built around Moscow.

As the other possibility, Option E called for a national command authority. That would allow the United States to deploy around Washington an ABM roughly comparable to the Russian ring around Moscow.

The Russians accepted the idea of national command authorities with rings around Moscow and Washington. But they put forward the offer on its own, not as a part of a general agreement. And ever since, in leaks and articles and speeches, the Russians have been declaring that they made a good offer that would end the arms race.

Many arms control enthusiasts in the State Department and Disarmament Agency would like to build on the Russian offer. They think an agreed ceiling on ABM deployment would curtail the arms race considerably.

They further believe that in conjunction with an ABM agreement, loose arrangements could be worked out for a freeze on further development or deployment of the newest wrinkles in offensive missilery—notably the multi-headed missile, or MIRV, and the big Soviet blockbuster known as the SS-9. As evidence for their belief, they point to the recent unilateral cessation of SS-9 deployment by the Russians.

Pentagon officials, however, claim that the Russians have halted deployment of the SS-9 only because they have already developed a way of putting three, or maybe even six, warheads on the existing missiles. To guard against the multi-headed Russian weapons, the military now want to deploy a new and more sophisticated ABM—the so-called Hardsite.

Focus on Message

They would like to place the Hardsite all around the United States to defend this country's land-based missiles. Even if there were agreement on a national command authority, the system the Pentagon now wants to install would be far superior to the one the Russians have built. It would thus stimulate, not limit, the arms race.

All these arguments have come to a head in the drafting of the annual foreign policy report, or State of the World message, which the President is due to present to the Congress later this month. The arms controllers, including Secretary of State William Rogers, have argued that the message should contain only a general description of the problem. They believe that a more detailed presentation might blow the ABM appropriation in the Congress, and adversely affect chances for arms control agreement with the Russians.

But Dr. Kissinger has felt that the issue could be sorted out through further refinement of Option E without harming the negotiations. There lies the logic of his public statement saying that he was "fairly optimistic." That is why he added a plea for using the State of the World message "to explain existing and past possibilities."

This matter is now so complex that no outsider can presume to judge its merits. And there lies the precise lesson of the whole episode. For the central fact is that arms control is a business wide open to over-complication by interested parties.

A President who relies heavily on analytical proficiency to compose differences will never get anywhere. If Mr. Nixon really wants an agreement, he has to go political. He has to charge his negotiator with the mission to cut through the technicalities and bring back the best agreement he can get.

Letters

Bird Slaughter

I was horrified to read (IHT Feb. 16) about the contemplated mass murder of 3 million blackbirds by the Army at Milan, Tenn.

More specifically, according to a certain Dr. Fred M. Friedman and Maj. Lowe, "They eat grain from farm fields, contaminate feed lots and public places too . . . the spraying of birds by airplane would serve two purposes: First, it might partially alleviate the bird problem here by killing many of them and secondly, it would be an experiment to test two different organic materials for their effectiveness in killing the birds."

This vile attempt at mass extermination needs no comment, as it speaks for itself.

For how much longer, however, should a passive public tolerate such blatant examples of debased and brutish inhumanity? Not only must this issue be brought to the immediate attention of the Secretary of the Interior and the appropriate superior military officers, but steps have to be taken to ensure the removal of these individuals from any responsible posts not only so as to protect the birds, but mainly the nation from such malignant outgrowths of a society which only yesterday sacrificed thousands of GIs and others in an effort to eradicate such monstrous evil from this earth.

ANNA L. DANIELSSON.
Frankfurt.

Combination Sandwich

Re L'il Abner and the lox sandwich:

By Al Capp (who is Jewish) it's humor.

By Mr. Schurgast it's an affront to the Jewish people.

By Moshe Dayan and the curvy girls of the Israeli Army it's the kind of publicity they should only hope to keep getting a steady diet of (kosher or not).

PETER KALISCHER.
Paris.

Passport Files

Looks like Sen. Ervin, that intrepid champion of constitutional rights, is at it again. After his much publicized "exposé of CID snooping" fell flat, he is back on the front page with "U.S. Passport Office Maintains File on 240,135" (IHT Feb. 12).

Reading past this uncommunicative headline, one learns that the senator now is about to get to the bottom of this State Department snooping.

Miss Frances Knight (may her tribe increase), who is and has been for many years the Passport Office director, makes better sense than the senator when she points out that the file, for the most part, contains names of people who are of "questionable citizenship" and that it is her obligation to be curious and cautious before issuing that precious official document—an American passport.

Seems to me that this number, out of the millions of people to whom passports are issued without question, represents a reasonably fair segment of our defectors, subversives, delinquents, criminals, kooks and other oddballs who probably don't deserve the privilege of a passport anyway. But I would leave that up to Miss Knight, the professional in this field.

RAYMOND LIPSON.
Lugano, Switzerland.

The Enemy

Thank you and The New York Times correspondent Ralph Blumenthal for finally exposing the real enemy in Southeast Asia. In Blumenthal's article in the 15 Feb Tribune, he quotes military spokesmen as having "discovered 2,00 enemy chickens, ducks and cooking pots."

MONTE ROSS Jr.
Munich.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

February 20, 1896

NEW YORK.—Jingoism broke out afresh in the Senate yesterday, when Senators Morgan, Call and Cameron spoke on Cuban belligerent rights. Mr. Morgan opened the debate by saying that he looked for war with Spain, and had the end in view when he was preparing the resolutions. The galleries were filled with Cuban sympathizers who yelled wildly. The Spanish Minister, who was also present, smiled sarcastically.

Fifty Years Ago

February 20, 1921

NEW YORK.—General Charles Hughes, the possible holder of the Treasury portfolio, who has a reputation for picturesque language, said in a speech: "May God damn the demagogue American, who, for political purposes, seeks to stir up strife between America and England, in whose hands rest the covenant of human freedom and the civilization of the ages. This is not profanity, but a prayer."

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pite Western Concessions

randt Defends Close Ties etween W. Berlin and Bonn

By Ellen Lentz

LIN, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Chan- Willy Brandt today wel- the progress made by the ur in their talks on Berlin, fused to comment in detail Western concessions that ut constitutional links be- this Western outpost and ermany.

apparent attempt to avoid e public reaction here, the llor described as "exagger- the discussion about a cut- in federal presence in the nderscoring that in his view ntinuing close links between and the federal republic" overriding importance.

Brandt, who spoke at a press nce, came to Berlin to cam- here for his Social Demo- arty in the local elections onth. It was his third trip city this month, each time nection with the election m.

the allied draft proposal, submitted to the Russians earlier this month at the four-power rounds, Mr. Brandt and other Bonn officials reportedly would be barred from exercising constitutional or legislative authority in West Berlin, or from acting in the city in their capacity as members of the Bonn government.

No Deviation

The chancellor said the allied stand meant no deviation from earlier Western commitments. "The West is aiming at a Berlin settlement that improves the status of the city and insures a stable development."

He stressed repeatedly that the major points sought by the West were free access across the more than 100 miles of East German territory from Berlin to the West, a recognition of the city's links with the federal republic and visiting arrangements for West Berliners to go to East Berlin.

There is a variety of pragmatic political, economic, cultural and other ties that that have accumulated over the last 20 years, linking Berlin with West Germany for all practical purposes.

These ties—that the West wants to maintain—also include the existence in West Berlin of a score of West German federal agencies, such as a government printing plant, the central administration of West Germany's social security system as well as a federal court.

Altogether some 30,000 middle-level federal employees work in West Berlin. According to reports from Russian sources the Soviet Union does not insist that these agencies should be removed from the city.

Ties Stressed

Mr. Brandt emphasized once more that German-level talks on Berlin would have to await clearance by the allies and that any East-West German arrangement on access "can only come in the framework of a general Berlin settlement worked out by the four powers."

He also stressed the factual linkage between a Berlin settlement and his policy of détente with Russia and Eastern Europe, although he denied he was posing "preconditions" to the Soviet Union. "We do not suffer from megalomania," he said.

The chancellor has made it clear he will not offer his treaties with Moscow and Warsaw to the Bonn parliament for ratification before an acceptable Berlin settlement is achieved.

Mr. Brandt held his press conference in the community hall of a high-rise apartment building in a new housing project in the borough of Neukoelln, far from official buildings in the heart of the city. A long-time former mayor of Berlin, Mr. Brandt received a friendly welcome from hundreds of cheering residents who whistled, clapped, waved and shouted: "Willy, Willy."

d Bloc Asks ntacts Over curity Talks

NA, Feb. 19 (Reuters).— viet Union and its Warsaw lies tonight urgently called t-West contacts on a multi- basis to prepare for an all- an conference on security. mmuniqué issued in Bucha- nd other East European tonight warned that moves West to link preparation conference to other prob- resumably West Berlin and issues—would raise serious s, the communiqué said. vers said presumably multi- contacts meant preliminary s of East and West at ador level in the Finnish Helsinki.

ucharest communiqué back- offer made by the Finnish ent late last year propos- sinki as the site for prelim- mbassadorial meetings be- East and West to prepare European conference.

Two-Year-Old Plan

East bloc's two-year-old l for a conference of some pean states—plus the United and Canada—would discuss y, trade and non-aggression ents.

two-day meeting just end- the Romanian capital was d by the foreign ministers oviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Romania, Hungary, nd East Germany.

atement tonight called for based on equality between many and other states. ion of opposition to the of the German Demo- public to the United Na- nd other international ions would accord with est of détente," it said. ermany appeared recently at its interests were not en enough attention by n allies in their drive etter understanding with many and to get Western for the European con-

alled by Libya Oil Pact Talks

I, Feb. 19 (Reuters).— Petroleum yesterday be- first oil company operat- ibya to be called in by n government for price ns since talks were sus- ree weeks ago.

y representatives, sum- the Petroleum Ministry, esented with five-point and were asked to open ns immediately, inform- said.

re came as official sour- aid that the oil ministers , Iraq, Saudi Arabia and meet here on Monday to Mediterranean crude oil



A Titian to Be Sold at London Auction

LONDON, Feb. 19 (AP).—One of the masterpieces of the *Venetian artist Titian will go* on sale in London on June 25, Christie's, the art auctioneer, announced yesterday.

The work is "The Death of Actaeon," painted in the 16th century for King Philip of Spain.

For the last nine years, the work has hung in Britain's National Gallery on loan from Harewood trustees, set up by the present Earl of Harewood—cousin of Queen Elizabeth II—for his descendants. The trustees instructed Christie's to sell.

"It is quite impossible to predict what such an important picture will make at auction," Christie's said.

Measuring 70 1/2 inches high by 78 inches across, the picture shows the hunter Actaeon fleeing Diana, the goddess of the hunt, whom he had disturbed while she was bathing with her attendants. Diana struck him with an arrow, which turned him into a stag so that he was attacked and devoured by her hounds.

The picture is one of a series of painted poems—"Poesies"—which Titian produced for King Philip II who appointed him court painter in 1555.

The artist, who died in 1576 at the age of 88, referred to it in a letter, dated June 19, 1559, to Philip. He mentioned two other pictures featuring Diana and continued: "After their dispatch, I shall devote myself entirely to finishing Christ on the Mount and the other two poesies which I have already begun—I mean Europa on the shoulders of the bull and Actaeon torn by the hounds.

"In these pieces I shall put all the knowledge which God has given me and which has always been and ever will be dedicated to the service of Your Majesty."

So far as can be determined, the masterpiece was never delivered to the monarch. But it is known to have been in the collection of, among others, Queen Christina of Sweden in *1689 and Philippe, Duc d'Orléans*, in 1721.

The announcement that the painting is to be sold is certain to arouse the wrath of the British art world. It comes on the heels of the loss to Britain of a Velasquez portrait, sold to a New York buyer at Christie's last November for $5.54 million.

Dutschke Leaves Britain to Take Post in Denmark

CAMBRIDGE, England, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Student revolutionary Rudi Dutschke, ordered out of Britain by the government, left today for his new home in Denmark, but he said that he would like to return to Britain.

Mr. Dutschke came to Britain three years ago for medical treatment after he was shot in the *head in West Berlin. Recently, he* had been studying at Cambridge University.

Mr. Dutschke, 30, his American wife, Gretchen, 25, and their children, Che, 3, and Polly, 16 months, left by car for Harwich to catch a ferry that leaves tonight for Denmark.

Mr. Dutschke said earlier that he had accepted a teaching position at Aarhus University in Denmark starting March 1. "We are *looking to the future," he said.* "I hope to study for three years. It's the only hope I have."

Rescue Delayed For Australian Left on Glacier

MELBOURNE, Feb. 19 (Reuters). —Weather conditions delayed an attempt to rescue a 25-year-old *Australian engineer stranded on a* snow-swept glacier in Antarctica with a broken leg.

Rescue officials said that the engineer, Ian Holmes, may have to wait more than a week before he can be brought out from the glacier on Heard Island, 900 miles off the coast of Antarctica.

They said that weather conditions have delayed the Australian icebreaker Nella Dana, which is heading for the island with two helicopters on board.

Mr. Holmes was left with food and other supplies by two colleagues after he broke his leg on the glacier last Saturday. The two men found it impossible to carry him across the difficult terrain and decided to go back to their base to get help.

Dutch Town Shaken By Strong Tremors

ROERMOND, the Netherlands, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Strong earth tremors shook this Dutch town on the West German border today. The quakes were also felt in eastern Belgium and Luxembourg.

No major damage was reported, although the tremors caused cracks in the walls of houses in Roermond and caused panic among the inhabitants. In other places, the earth movement was strong enough to shake furniture and set chandeliers swinging.

Pay 'Pigs' More Is Hippy Chant In New Orleans

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—The New Orleans City Council meeting was disrupted briefly yesterday by a group of long-haired youths demonstrating for higher pay for policemen.

Carrying placards reading "More Pay for the Pigs," a group of about 50 youths entered the council chamber. The meeting was recessed. Teddy *Kauffman, one of the hippies,* said, "There's good pigs and bad pigs. We want to help the good ones."

The police have been demanding triple pay for overtime work during the current carnival season.

Rhodesia Curbs Black Catholics

SALISBURY, Feb. 19 (UPI).— *Rhodesia's Roman Catholic Church* has agreed under pressure to a government request to limit the percentage of black pupils in predominantly white church schools to 6 percent.

A statement Wednesday, signed by Rhodesia's five Catholic bishops, said the church concessions were made "under force majeure" and the temporary concessions would remain in force pending further negotiations with the government.

"The bishops do not accept the ideological principle behind the government's conditions," said the statement, "and therefore do not concede the moral right of the government to impose those conditions. The church's problem remains unsolved and the bishops will seek further negotiation with the government."

Senate Study Is Critical of Greek Regime

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—The military regime in Greece has made no real move to implement a parliamentary system of government, two staff investigators of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee reported today.

Richard Moose and James Owenstein made their report to a closed-door session of the committee after a ten-day on-the-spot inquiry into American ties with the Greek government. The report will be released after its secret classification is lifted by the State Department.

The staff members were said to have gone to Greece last month because of growing evidence that the Greek government showed no intention of keeping an agreement reported to have been reached last September when Washington decided to resume full-scale arms shipments to Greece.

The agreement was said to contain pledges by the Athens government to introduce political reforms, including the release of political prisoners, and a move toward democratic elections.

Fiat Recalls 40,000 After 3-Day Layoff

TURIN, Feb. 19 (AP).—The Fiat auto factory today called back to work 40,000 employees who were laid off for three days early this week.

But a company spokesman said new suspensions would be called next week if shortages of plastic parts continue. Fiat laid off one-third of its manpower last Tuesday when supplies of plastic parts were halted or greatly reduced by strikes in plastic firms. The strikes, over demands for a new contract, started in January.

Criticizes Manager

Beatles' McCartney Presses Legal Bid to Break Up Group

By Bernard Weinraub

LONDON, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Paul McCartney pressed his legal bid in high court today to break up the Beatles, charging that the group's manager, Allen Klein, "cannot be trusted."

Mr. McCartney, seated in the front bench of the court with his wife, Linda, heard his counsel, David Hirst, charge at the reopening of the hearings: "Klein paid himself commission to which he is not entitled and is asserting entitlements to even more.

"Mr. Klein cannot be trusted with the stewardship of partnership, property and assets. He has not cooperated with the accountants and there is ample evidence that the standard of bookkeeping has been lamentable," Mr. Hirst charged.

Mr. Hirst added that the group's income for 1970 amounted to about £4 million or $9.6 million, with a potentially huge tax liability. "Mr. Klein's theme is that he has greatly increased the Beatles' income by negotiating better deals for them than they had previously," said Mr. Hirst. "We do not accept that."

Other Beatles Named

Today's hearing followed a brief court session last month that was adjourned after both sides agreed to deposit money due to the partnership into an account jointly held by attorneys for both sides. In his writ, issued on Dec. 31, Mr. McCartney asked for an accounting of the assets and income of the Beatles and named as defendants the other members of the group, John Lennon, George Harrison and Ringo Starr.

None of the defendants were in the courtroom today. Mr. McCartney, bearded and wearing a blue suit and open-neck white shirt, held hands with his blonde American wife through the proceedings.

At the hearing, which focussed on Mr. McCartney's application for the appointment of a receiver, Mr. Hirst bluntly attacked the competence of Mr. Klein, an American. "Our confidence in Mr. Klein has not been enhanced by the fact that on Jan. 29 he was convicted of ten tax offenses by a jury in a New York Federal District Court," said Mr. Hirst.

"Even though they are effectively under appeal, these were not mere technical offenses." Mr. Hirst noted "They consisted of unlawfully, willfully and knowingly failing to make and file returns of federal income tax."

In Mr. McCartney's written evidence, submitted to the court, the composer and singer said he never agreed to have Mr. Klein as manager but he had wanted "above all else" to keep the Beatles together.

"As time went on I grew increasingly to distrust Klein on the grounds of his proneness to boast about his ability to make spectacular deals which he proved unable to fulfill, his tendency to sow discord, his untruthfulness..."

Mr. McCartney said that in August 1970, he wrote John Lennon suggesting they should "let each other out of the trap," and split up the group. Mr. Lennon replied with a photograph of himself and his wife, Yoko Ono, Mr. McCartney said that the photograph showed a balloon coming out of Mr. Lennon's mouth on which was written "How and Why?"

A Slave Farm Reported Found In Brazil Wilds

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 19 (WP).—A farm where 1,200 people were kept prisoner and forced to work for nothing has been discovered by Brazilian federal police in the frontier wilderness of Mato Grosso, hundreds of miles from the nearest town. A federal development unit reportedly helped finance the farm.

The workers, enslaved by a band of armed men, were forced to work even when very sick and were killed or severely punished for the slightest pretext, say the police. A police spokesman in Goiania, the capital of the state of Goias, said: "It was a real concentration camp where hundreds of men lived in complete slavery."

Eight men alleged to be responsible are named in the federal police report, which has been handed over to a federal judge. They are alleged to have committed crimes ranging from beating workers to homicide.

The farm, said the spokesman, was opened partly with funds channeled through a government *agency set up to guide the development* of a vast area of Brazil's interior.

The laborers were attracted to the ranch with promises of high pay but they received nothing. They were told that their food and lodging were costing more than their pay and so they could not receive any money.

David M. Potter, 60, Dies; Headed U.S. Historians

PALO ALTO, Calif., Feb. 19 (NYT).—David M. Potter, 60, president of the American Historical Association and an authority on the Confederacy and the Civil War, died of cancer yesterday at the Stanford University Medical Center.

Mr. Potter, who was Coe professor of history at Stanford, was elected president of the Historical Society last December. He was also president of the Organization of American Historians.

His most recent book was "The South and the Sectional Conflict."

He edited the Yale Review and taught at the university for 19 years before going to Stanford in 1961. He had also taught at the University of Mississippi, Rice and Oxford.

Cardinal Camara

SAO PAULO, Brazil, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Jaime de Barros Cardinal Camara, 76, Archbishop of Rio de Janeiro, died yesterday on the 25th anniversary of his elevation to *cardinal.*

The cardinal, who recently celebrated 50 years as a member of the clergy, died of a collapsed lung while visiting the shrine of Our Lady of Aparecida in Sao Paulo.

As archbishop he was known as a strong anti-Communist and a member of the conservative wing of the church. He prohibited the priests under his jurisdiction from smoking, drinking and driving cars or bicycles.

He was the organizer of the 24th International Congress of the Eucharist in 1955.

Dominick DePaola

CONCORD, Mass., Feb. 19 (AP). —Private funeral services have been scheduled for Dominick DePaola, 84, an Italian-born painter whose works have been shown in Europe and in galleries in New York, Washington and Boston.

Mr. DePaola, born in Catania, Italy, and a resident of the United States since 1914, died *Wednesday. He studied at the* Palesiani Brothers Academy in Catania and at the Academies of *Fine Arts* in Naples and Rome.

Convalescent Home Burns, Seven Perish

TAFT, Calif., Feb. 19 (UPI).— *Flames early today roared through* an old wooden convalescent home for the retarded which firemen said they had considered condemning two days ago.

Seven of the patients were killed. Seven others, including the two caretakers at the Desert Air Rest Home No. 2, escaped. One was injured.

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Ambition Which O'erleaps Itself

By John Walker

London Theater

LONDON, Feb. 19.—Macbeth, according to the director Ewan Hooper, is a character akin to Adolf Hitler or Charles Manson and the play itself is as contemporary as the latest military coup d'état. "Did De Gaulle test his Free French followers as Malcolm tests Macduff?" he asks, in his program note to the Greenwich Theatre production of the play, which will have a six-week season.

While Mr. Hooper seems to be stressing the wrong kind of relevance, none of the matters he raises have much to do with his intelligent but conventional approach, even though Alan Dobie, as Macbeth, has the right manner for addressing a Nuremberg rally. Mr. Dobie relies more on bark than bite, chopping his lines into short, sharp bursts that rob them of most of their poetry.

Indeed, the production lacks precisely that dimension of murderous horror that Mr. Hooper stresses. Hildegard Neil is a beautiful and seductive Lady Macbeth, but can convey nothing of the darker aspects of the human psyche. She has the air of a suburban housewife who might just be capable of nagging her husband into mowing the lawn.

There are some effective and well-staged moments, with excellently managed supernatural effects. Mr. Dobie convinces in the later stages as a man of action. But much of the acting, particularly the ability to speak verse, is not up to the demands of Shakespeare or, indeed, of Mr. Hooper. It is another case of ambition o'erleaping itself, to fall somewhat flat.

* * *

David Zane Mairowitz, a young American author, has had a moment of inspiration in his "Flash Gordon and the Angels," which has opened at the Open Space Theatre. He has recognized the mythic quality of comic-book heroes, giving us not Flash Gordon as he was but as he might be today—gray and aging, a hero who has proved false to his past. Alas, Mr. Mairowitz has failed to turn this splendid idea into a play.

The evening begins with a long excerpt from a Flash Gordon film, presumably of the 1930s, which is delightful in its naive way. ("Flash Gordon's rocket ship is approaching the earth at the incredible speed of 1,200 miles an hour," cries a radio commentator.)

The play opens with Flash Gordon blasting off into space on his last mission. He is being abandoned. "The Flash Gordon era is over," says mission control. Anyway, he has become a heel in his Achilles spacecraft, reduced to planting the American flag on useless planets or collecting rock samples.

During flight, he is confronted by the ghosts of friends and heroes he has betrayed: Dr. Zarkov, Dale Arden, and even Buck Rogers. Mr. Mairowitz's point seems to be mainly ecological and political. We are not only polluting the planet, but we are no longer in control of our own environment.

But his dialogue is flat, although in the exchanges between Gordon and mission control, there is evidence of a richer talent. Dr. Zarkov, in particular, is even more of a prosy old bore than he used to be. At the end, Flash Gordon dies, but his myth goes flying on. The best moments in this exercise in nostalgic revolution come from an appearance on film of another legendary figure, William Burroughs, as the President of the United States.

* * *

The Mermaid is an eccentric theater. Not so long ago, it provided a home for James Joyce's "Exiles" which, directed by Harold Pinter, was a glorious and imperishable experience. Currently on show is "The Licentious Fly," purportedly a rustic comedy, which I pray I may speedily forget, though I fear it will lurk forever in my mind as the most tedious evening I have ever spent anywhere.

The play is about as subtle and as funny as having a load of dung thrown in your face, which, when I think about it—and I'd rather not think about it—is an accurate description of the proceedings. The author, Huntly Harding, considers "knickers" an exquisitely amusing word, for he repeats it endlessly.

His hero is Jack Fly, a lecherous widower forever hiring, bedding and firing his housekeepers. He has a sexually insatiable daughter ("She's tied nine knots in her knicker elastic") and a son who—wait for it, wait for it—steals knickers from clothes-lines.

You cannot call the play a farce, for the plot is too slow and plodding. It is far from being a comedy, with its relentlessly clumsy and unfunny dialogue that rarely rises above the level of the crotch.

Mixed up in this turgid smut are some good actors. I smiled twice. Once at Larry Noble, who used to grace the splendid Whitehall farces, and once at Antonia Pemberton's impossibly genteel housekeeper.



Together Again

This newly put-together Renaissance statuette of St. Christopher (10 3/4 inches) carrying the Christ child (3 1/2 inches) went on view Thursday at the National Gallery, Washington. The St. Christopher statuette, for years identified as "Atlas" or "Hercules", belongs to the Louvre; the Christ child, previously identified as "Boy With a Ball," is from the National Gallery's Kress Collection. The re-assembling and re-identification were the result of a hunch by Bertrand Jestaz, a Louvre curator, who was in Washington last spring on a study trip. Intensive scientific detective work proved the hunch correct. The statuette has been tentatively attributed to Bartolomeo Bellano (1434-1496), a follower of Florentine sculptor Donatello.

ART MARKET: *Pottery and Madame B*

By Souren Melikian

PARIS, Feb. 19.—Last Wednesday two collections of faience and porcelain were auctioned at Drouot, the first time in several months that an entire sale has been devoted to pottery and porcelain.

The first collection, of European faience except for a few Chinese pieces, was of particular interest. It was put together by a genuine collector, described in the catalogue as Madame B., who, it seems, had classical taste. Madame B., in common with every tradition-minded European brought up in a refined home with 18th-century furniture (Louis XV and Louis XVI on this side of the Channel and Chippendale or Adamesque on the other), liked her porcelain and pottery to be decorated with flowers and lots of chinoiserie.

She naturally bought a few Kang-Hsi dishes of the late 17th century (which smacked of European influence) and a vast amount of Delftware (which were imitations of Japanese porcelain). For two centuries, from the mid-1600s to the mid-1800s, the Dutch were the only Europeans allowed in Japan and they imported large quantities of Arita and, above all, Kutani Japanese porcelain during the 18th century. The Kutani porcelain was so popular that it had considerable influence over Dutch potters, who borrowed not only patterns but also the typical color scheme of blue blended with orange.

French Faience

Madame B.'s collection also included a lot of French faience from Rouen. This choice was not an aberration for Madame B. Indeed, she was buying copies of copies. After a short period when Rouen faience showed a strong Italian influence, the French potters evolved a style which is sometimes called Dutch-Chinese because it is thought that they copied the Dutch pottery version of the Far Eastern styles. After that came the *style rayonnant* which used concentric patterns in the Louis XIV taste from the late 17th to the '60s of the 18th century.

A few samples of other French workshops—Marseilles, a major center known particularly for the Veuve Perrin pottery, Moustiers and Niederviller—rounded off her collection.

The beginning of the sale seemed to bear out a basic rule of the saleroom: Objects out of context don't sell well. The few fine Chinese dishes didn't. Specialized dealers and collectors often don't bother to attend a sale which includes only a couple of objects of interest to them. Thus, a fine octagonal dish in polychrome enamels, 36 centimeters in diameter, sold for 2,900 francs, 50 percent less than it probably would have fetched last year at a sale of Chinese objects.

On the other hand, several lots of faience struck me as being inexpensive. First came a pair of baluster vases and a matching jar (probably from a set which originally included five pieces) of 18th-century Delftware. The quality was good and the condition perfect. At 1,611 francs, the lot was not expensive. The dealer who got the group obviously shared this view. A good example of Delftware made in imitation of Japanese porcelain was more expensive at 1,276 francs.

Bargain

A beautiful bowl, with openwork sides in imitation of basketwork with the intersections in red and twisted almond-green handles, was decidedly a bargain at 1,044 francs. A lovely tem bowl in the *Rouen rayonnant* style of the early 18th century was sold for 1,392 francs. Very little money, it seemed to me. Then came several other inexpensive lots: a beautiful teapot, the cover missing, decorated in blue and red with garlands and baskets full of flowers for 1,697 francs; an exceedingly fine faience bowl, 28.5 centimeters in diameter, decorated with a "Chinese" pavilion and described as 18th-century Rouen, 1,208 francs; a fine Rouen vase with faceted sides and blue and white decoration, 1,044 francs; a magnificent jar, 43 centimeters high, complete with cover and pewter mounts bearing the inscription, "Jacques Pellet, Madeleine Saussé, 1784," a gift at 2,320 francs; a large polychrome dish, 39.5 centimeters in diameter, 2,555 francs. All but one of these lots were bought by a well-known Paris dealer.



Rouen ware sold for 1,208 frs. at Drouot.

Trend

These low prices did not stop some dealers from describing the general trend as rather high. They are partly right since many pieces with flaws and chips once comparatively high prices. These flawed pieces are difficult to sell in the trade, yet seem to attract buyers at auction. I think this points to changing criteria among collectors. Ten years ago, damaged pieces would sometimes sell for little more than one-tenth of the estimated value of a similar piece in good condition. Now the prevailing view seems to be that as long as the flaws do not alter the aesthetic qualities (for instance, a flaw that can be detected only by giving a rap on the dish), they do not really matter. The loss in value of such a piece is sometimes 50 percent but often less these days.

In contrast, pieces from southern France, the second part of the sale, sold remarkably well. A superb oval dish from Marseilles was knocked down at 8,584 francs, three times the expert's estimate. A round dish, also from Marseilles, in green camaïeu (monochrome), was equally outstanding and made 7,656 francs.

The opinion of the auctioneer Jean-Claude Picard is that southern wares are going up in value because rich Frenchmen are now buying houses in the south of France and are no longer interested in Normandy. He sees the contrast in the recent fate of northern and southern wares as a reflection of this change in country house fashions. It should be added that the quality and condition of the southern wares were also higher than those of most of the Rouen and Delft in the first part of the sale.

MUSIC: *Youra Guller's Long-Delayed New York Debut*

By David Stevens

GENEVA.—Next Tuesday at Carnegie Hall, a pianist will make her New York debut—not in itself a remarkable fact, except that by any rule of common artistic and business sense it is an event that should have taken place at least four decades ago.

That Youra Guller's recital is likely to be unique, even in the crowded New York season, is sugegsted by the reaction to her recitals in London a few years ago, after a long absence. The musical press referred to "the return of a legendary pianist," and her playing evoked such phrases as "a fascinating glimpse into a now lost, or at least quickly dying, tradition of piano-playing," "anyone who misses her second recital . . . will deprive himself of an almost unique experience" and "from each of her interpretations the listener emerged so enriched in spirit . . ." and so forth.

A more factual way of placing her in perspective is to note that in London, shortly after the First World War, when she was in her early twenties, she was invited to be one of the artists in a piano recital series. The others were Emil Sauer, Moritz Rosenthal, Josef Hofman, Artur Rubinstein, Alfred Cortot and Solomon.

'Not Enough'

Yet meeting Miss Guller recently in her modest apartment in this city's Vieille Ville, which she shares with a rented piano, pictures of friends past and present (Cherkassky, Curzon, Cocteau, Casals, Milhaud), sheet music and other papers, is enough to dispel any atmosphere of the vanished past. She speaks of her life with a mixture of factual vagueness and childlike candor, and with a lively concern for the here and now. How often is she playing these days, she is asked. "Not enough," is the quick reply.

"My earliest memories are of music," she recalled. "I was a *Wunderkind*. I dreamed of music and made up words for it—I composed as a child, although I never wrote it down. I gave my first concert when I was 5 or 6, and I traveled a lot—I liked it very much; everybody made a fuss over me and gave me candy. I learned nothing but music. I couldn't be happy in school; I was never at home with other children and I don't think they liked me."

Miss Guller's Russian father would have been a violinist but for a badly set broken arm, and her Romanian mother died when she was young. As a child, she entered the Paris Conservatoire (a classmate of Clara Haskil and Guiomar Novaes) and won her first prize in piano at 12.

"I was in Isidore Philipp's piano class," she recalled, "but when I was small I did not have to work very hard and he didn't notice this for six months." Later she became dissatisfied with her technique—which she now attributes to this lack of diligence as a child—and retired from concert activity for a year to study the Leschetizky method.

During the twenties, musicians who were her idols became in turn her admirers. She still has the photograph inscribed by Casals to the pianist "whom I knew so small, and who has grown so great in our art of music," and Busoni wrote of her "intelligent and profound" playing. But from the mid-thirties through the war to the mid-fifties, when she began to play in public again, Miss Guller passed through a bleak period marked by illness, wartime privation in occupied France, and other difficulties.

Although she says that the composer she is working on at the moment is the one closest to her, Miss Guller goes out of her way to talk about Bach—"I find everything in Bach, he is almost not human. I sometimes think that if I knew more about mathematics it would help me to understand him."

She went on to talk about the elusive matter of style ("people don't change, only the times change, the philosophy and the way of life") and practice ("even during the war, when I sometimes did not have a piano, I practiced by thinking about music—I believe one has to think very much").

Miss Guller visited New York in the early 1930s, without playing there, and liked it.

"I didn't want to leave New York," she recalled. "I was perfectly at home there. I felt that any door was open to me to do anything. In Europe, if you did one thing, that was what you had to do. I had learned dancing, for instance, and I had a gift for it, but in Europe it was a sin to have another gift."



Youra Guller
. . . *Wunderkind*

N. Y. MOVIES

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—This is how critics rate the new movies in New York:

"The Night Visitor," from Swedish director Laslo Benedek scored high with both critics who reported: "A spellbinding chiller," declared Wanda Hale of the New York Daily News. Max Von Sydow, Trevor Howard and Liv Ullmann and Per Oscarsson "play their parts with such natural conviction that one is inclined to forget they are acting out a role." A.H. Weiler of The Times praised the "professionalism" of the "Scandinavian stalwarts" and Britain's Mr. Howard, summing up "a captivating, moody and scenic thriller."

Collector's Guide

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Art in Paris and Rome

Paris

Sisley, Galerie Durand-Ruel, 37 Avenue Friedland, Paris, to March 30.

Fifty paintings by Alfred Sisley (1839-1899), on loan from private collections, compose an attractive panorama of the work of the gentlest and most contemplative of the major Impressionists. The beauty of light and the paradoxes of color are his constant concern and in his best works the colors do not obtrude. But in others they are sometimes oversweet, or turn sour and clot. All but two of the works here on show are landscapes—Sisley's dominant subject—and many radiate a gentle, tender warmth, a nostalgic intimacy that is characteristic of his charm.

* * *

Bootz, Galerie Ariel, 140 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris, to March 13.

Frédérick Bootz is a young French artist whose small-scale, dominantly gray-toned paintings succeed in suggesting the coexistence of something intimate and something cosmic, worlds within and without, memory, imagination and the present moment. Out of the gray fog an abstract form coalesces into a ship in distress or a broken city, beside it appears a fragment of an old letter with microscopic faded writing, or a different perspective of another city, and through them and above them, like an oasis of color in the void, shines a planet like the earth. The trouble with such a description is that it could suggest a rather facile sort of science-fiction imagery, whereas in the fact the works are intimate and sensitively poetic.

* * *

Stahly, Galerie Darthea Speyer, 6 Rue Jacques-Callot, Paris, to March 25.

François Stahly has produced an environment the size of a football field that will be installed at the Albany Civic Center this year. The project will be a sort of open maze of rugged, massive teak elements—an assembly of wooden dolmens and menhirs. The monumental pieces on display here are in this style, though they are not part of the project. There is a handsome, reposeful quality about them, and a warmth that radiates from Stahly's manifest love for the material. Tapestries by Stahly are on view here, and also across the street (No. 5) along with works in small format.

* * *

Calder, Galerie Maeght, 13 Rue de Téhéran, Paris, to March 20.

Four large stabiles and a flock of 22 "animobiles" that are pretty much standard Calder. The stabiles have a characteristic insouciant authority and are in fact rather ugly. The "animobiles", are snakes and elephants and bulls—yellow, red, blue and black in cut-out metal, immobile, but with movable tongues, horns or what have you.

* * *

Pavlos, Galerie Sonnabend, 12 Rue Mazarine, Paris, to March 1.

Pavlos, whose earlier work includes half-oranges the size of a pumpkin in bright-colored plastic and paper, here exhibits some shadowy works—rows of empty coats hanging on nothing, some hats and two looming human shadows—trickily suggested by variable thicknesses of steel wool pressed between two layers of plastic.

MICHAEL GIBSON



Detail from Sisley's "Vieilles Maisons à Saint-Mammès, Automne." (1880) at the Durand-Ruel Gallery.

Rome

Gastone Riggi, Contuni, Piazza Mignanelli 25. Until March 2.

This is abstraction without color, of balance and invention. A simple element, the circle, is repeated over and over within the limits of square canvas or paper, yielding variety that seems unending: nests of white dots on black, white rounds on white, gray disks overlapping black or vice versa, clean, weighted, serious juxtapositions that are not without a subtle sparkle. They are done by a mature artist who explores his own ingenuity with serenity and intelligence.

* * *

Mark Rothko, Marlborough, Via Gregoriana, 5. Until March 5.

The best of this season has been black and white—prints, drawings, sculpture, and now suddenly we are surrounded by color. Rothko's densities vibrate like song. His large paintings, fiery walls, were all enveloping. The small works here, only one is taller than three feet, must be studio samples, odds and ends, and will be misused as private possessions. Nevertheless, some are beautiful; especially the use of paper instead of canvas makes them interesting: The paper is allowed to soak up color after color, and the result, perhaps predictable to the artist, is astounding to the viewer. It blooms. How is it possible that green, red, green on brown can become a deep flower purple, how can blue on red turn into such night moth velvet leaving a slit of orange? But comparisons to nature, to anything, are idle. They are what they are: incandescent marvels of color.

* * *

McGarrell, Pante Di Spade, Via Ripetta 254. Until March

McGarrell's brown campa Americana reminds one of the novels written in colleges about colleges (Roth, McCarthy, etc. Musty indoors, peopled wi post-graduates, professors, the nude wives and girls and symbolic accoutrements, look o over equally over-furnished ou doors. All are of an almost surreal but useless complexi Only once, in "Quotation," the image relatively uncluttere

* * *

Ligabue and **Covili**, Nuova Pe Via del Vantaggio 45. Ur March 10.

Ligabue, a well-known prim tive, looks out as intensely Van Gogh from his self-p traits. The innocent ferocity living creatures when they a about to devour or be devour screaming vixen, eagles, se pions, are painted passionate their agony suspended in unsuspecting cheerful pastc landscape. He is mistake paired with Covili, who, thou superficially similar, for all gnashing of teeth, flashing eyes and tireless textures, nothing more than an obsc illustrator of rustic tales of and injustice.

—EDITH SCHLOSS

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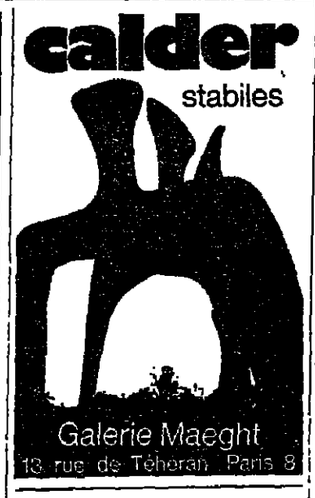
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FINANCE

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 20-21, 1971

›urns Rejects Nixon Growth Plea

By Hobart Rowen

›EHINGTON, Feb. 19 (WP).—
›al Reserve Board chairman
F. Burns today bluntly and
›ly rejected the Nixon ad-
›ration's appeal for a faster
›ion of money and credit as
›ssary and probably infla-

over, although he said that
recovery" from "recession"
underway, Mr. Burns told
›int Economic Committee of
›s that the administration's
t of a 9 percent surge in
›c output this year might
›mirable" as a target, but
›stic" as a forecast.

as the first time that any
fficial had referred to 1970
ear of "recession"; the of-
uphemism is "downturn."

›arly three hours before the
tee, which is examining the
nt's economic report, Mr.
made little attempt to dis-
›e sharp difference of opin-
policy for this year that has
up between the Fed on one
nd the Office of Man-
t and Budget (OMB) di-
George P. Shultz and coun-
Economic Advisers chairman
'. McCracken on the other.

›arned that the President
›king a crisis of confidence
›g to move ahead quickly
to establish an "incomes
that would restrain infla-
wages and prices through
government action.

›e is plenty of money
What we [face] in this
is a shortage of confi-
not a shortage of money,"
›rged.

the first time. Mr. Burns
ted the entire seven-man
d governors to an "incomes

›riticized as simplistic the
on of OMB assistant Arthur
›er that there is an instan-
impact of money supply
on the gross national prod-
he OMB has relied on an
›etric "model" produced by
ffer as the basis for its op-

timistic forecast for a $1,065 billion 1971 gross national product.

One important underlying thrust of Mr. Burns's comments was the philosophic rejection of the "monetarist" theory of economics, fathered by University of Chicago economist Milton Friedman, followed to some degree by both Mr. Shultz and Mr. McCracken.

He re-stated an assurance given the committee a year ago: "The Federal Reserve will not become the architects of a new wave of inflation."

The Fed's target for money supply growth, he implied, will continue to be in the 5 to 6 percent range. "But one of the great virtues of monetary policy is flexibility," he added.

The burden of Mr. Burns's message was this:

Monetary policy, like fiscal policy, would have to remain stimulative "for a time"; but it would be foolish to demand "an excessive rate of monetary expansion [which] could destroy our nation's chances of bringing about a gradual but lasting control over inflationary forces."

"Do you think there is a monetary policy," committee chairman William Proxmire, D., Wisc., asked "which will assure us of 4 1/2 percent real growth in output [the Nixon target] in 1971?"

Mr. Burns's cryptic response: "I know of no such monetary policy."

Fed Denies Plan To Aid Lockheed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—There is no truth to a report that the Federal Reserve Board might move to help Lockheed Aircraft Corp. out of its financial difficulties as a result of the collapse of Rolls-Royce, Fed chairman Arthur Burns said today.

Questioned about whether there was any truth in the persistent reports, Mr. Burns replied: "None whatever."

U.S. Cost of Living Up 0.3%

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—The consumer price index rose a seasonally-adjusted 0.3 percent in January following an 0.5 percent increase in December, the *Labor Department reported today.*

The unadjusted index advanced 0.1 percent after climbing 0.5 percent in December.

This brought the unadjusted index to 119.2, meaning it now costs $11.92 to buy what $10 purchased in the new base year 1967, or $13.60 ho buy $10 worth of 1957-59 goods.

The change to the 1967 base—effective with the first 1971 report—*from the old 1957-59 base does not* affect the percentage rise in the index.

Presidential spokesman Ronald *Ziegler said, "We are encouraged* by this [the latest price figure] and feel it indicates our policies *are working."*

George Shultz, director of the White House Office of Management and Budget, also expressed *encouragement, but emphasized* that inflation continued to remain a concern of the administration.

The January index was 5.2 percent above a year ago, which the Labor Department said is the smallest 12-month rise since March, 1969.

The department said higher prices for consumer services were largely offset in January by declines for used cars, apparel, and some grocery store items.

About 67,000 workers will receive cost-of-living-linked wage increases based on the January price report, ranging from two to eight cents an hour.

U.K. Costs Rise

LONDON, Feb. 19 (UPI).—The *cost of living in Britain rose 1.4* percent between mid-December, 1970, and Jan. 19, the Department of Employment said today.

The index, based on a figure of 109 as of Jan. 16, 1962, rose to 147 from 145 during the latest month, and is up 8.4 percent from the year-ago level.

No Major Faults Found By CAB in Rolls Engine

By Richard Witkin

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—The chairman of the Civil Aeronautics Board said yesterday his survey trip to England had convinced him that the jet engine that threw Rolls-Royce into receivership had no "fundamentally serious" technical problems.

The official, Secor D. Browne, indicated strongly that he thought the engine, developed for Lockheed's L-1011 airbus, could be saved. Contacted by telephone after he had flown from England to Los Angeles, Mr. Browne said: "I am convinced that technically this is a good engine."

Noting that he had discussed with U.K. officials all the modifications that had been proposed to *enable the engine, the RB-211, to* meet its promised performance, Mr. Browne added:

"I don't see the changes involving massive amounts of money."

Nor did he think the changes would mean excessive delays in delivering perfected engines, although he stressed that his information on this was superficial. The contract calls for deliveries starting in November.

"I would guess," he said, "that a six-month slippage would be completely reasonable, considering what they have to do. I see no real reason for its being much more."

Initial reports, when Rolls plunged into receivership, were that fixing the engine would delay deliveries six months to a year. Airlines in this country that have ordered the three-jet Lockheed plane have indicated that they could well absorb a six or seven or nine-month delay but that anything longer might be impossible.

Mr. Browne, a former businessman and professor of aeronautics, flew to England Sunday to look into the engine problems that rocked the aviation world. He had *previously discussed the crisis with* administration officials at the White House.

House Study Disclosed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19 (AP-DJ).—The House Armed Services Committee disclosed plans today to inquire into Defense Department contracts with Rolls-Royce for engines for U.S. military aircraft.

Rep. Barry Goldwater Jr., R., Ariz., requesting a review of the Pentagon contracts and commitments, said Rolls's collapse had serious implications for two military *aircraft procurements, the AV-8A* Harrier and the A7 Corsair II.

Haughton Sets Fresh Round Of Rolls Talks

By Alfred Friendly

LONDON, Feb. 19 (WP).—An announcement today that Lockheed chairman Daniel Haughton would return here in about ten days for "substantive discussions" raised hopes that the Rolls-Royce contract to produce RB-211 engines *for the TriStar airbus could be sat-*isfactorily renegotiated.

The plans were disclosed after Mr. Haughton met for 75 minutes with *Defense Minister Lord Car-*rington, and the Minister of Aviation Supply, Frederick Corfield.

The discussions were described as "preliminary" only, inasmuch as the British cannot talk in concrete terms until they get and consider the report of a government-appointed board of three high-level technical experts on future production costs and possible delivery schedules.

Mr. Haughton is scheduled to meet Feb. 26 with officials of TWA, Delta and Eastern, the U.S. airlines which have contracted to buy the TriStar.

Mr. Haughton told reporters that today's meeting was a "fine" one, but only "exploratory." He said, "I feel we have made progress."

The old contract was repudiated when Rolls went into bankruptcy early this month and when independent accountants determined that *each of the 540 engines to be* produced would cost $264,000 more than the sales price.

The government has announced that it will defray the costs of keeping the RB-211 work going until March 4 in the hopes that its fate will be decided by then.

Under a law approved this week, the government has the authority to nationalize the RB-211 division, along with the other Rolls operations it is taking over.

Credit Rating At U.S. Steel Is Cut Back

Standard & Poor's Cites Earnings Slide

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (AP-DJ).—In a move that could bring a loss of status and a rise in future borrowing charges, Standard & *Poor's Corp. cut U.S. Steel's credit* rating today to single-A from double-A on the company's senior debt and from single-A to triple-B on the company's *subordinated* securities.

Moody's, the other major rating agency, does not plan to change U.S. Steel's ratings.

Downgrading, due in large part to the company's recently declining earnings, lowers the stature of U.S. Steel's senior debt from the upper class of "high-grade obligations" to "upper medium-grade" debt, Standard & Poor's rating definitions show.

'Absolutely Unbelievable'

"It is absolutely unbelievable," a securities specialist said on hearing of the development. "When you think of U.S. Steel, you think of a blue chip, almost the bluest of the blue chips."

The impact of the change will be measured Tuesday, when U.S. Steel offers a $150 million issue of sinking fund debentures in the company's first public debt offering in ten years. U.S. Steel will probably pay $4.5 million to $9 million extra in interest costs over the 30-year life of the issue as a result of the rating cut, specialists estimated.

The rate reduction could also lower the market value of about $1 billion of U.S. Steel debt securities and affect one of the largest single debt issues outstanding, the company's 4 5/8 percent subordinated debentures, due 1996. More than $600 million of these securities were *outstanding recently.*

Earnings Have Dropped

The price of the company's *stock has reacted to the earnings* factors that produced Standard & Poor's devaluation. Thus, the rating change probably will not, *by itself, translate into an equity* price decline, analysts believe.

Among the figures that led rating agency officials to lower *U.S. Steel's market standing were* the ratios of earnings to fixed charge coverage. In 1966, on a pretax basis, U.S. Steel earned *$8.80 for every $1 needed to cover* fixed charges. Last year the ratio was $3.46 to $1. In 1966, the fixed charge coverage ratio, including rentals, was 3.54 to 1. Last year, the relationship was 1.88 to 1.

The decline in earnings protection is linked to U.S. Steel's recent *dramatic profit shrinkage.* Last year, the company reported its lowest net income since 1953 and its narrowest profit margin since 1944. Income last year fell 32 percent from 1969.

The rating change makes it clear that U.S. Steel has been caught in *domestic and overseas develop-*ments that have unsettled the U.S. industry. Rising labor costs at home and the increasing level of imports from Europe and Japan have weakened the industry.

Armco Steel, Republic Steel and Jones & Laughlin Steel have all *seen the credit ratings of their* debt securities lowered over the past two years.

Prices Down Sharply In N.Y. Profit-Taking

By Leonard Sloane

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed lower for the third consecutive session today as the Dow Jones industrial average sank below the 880 support level.

With volume pushed above yesterday's mark by virtue of two one-million-share blocks of Greyhound, the trend was lower throughout the session. Some analysts noted that many institutions had pulled back from trading.

The Dow lost 6.56 points to wind up at its lowest point of the day, 878.56.

Market observers traced the day's soft tone to profit-taking—rather than to distress over specific news developments, principally Fed chairman Arthur F. Burns' congressional testimony.

With declines outnumbering advances by more than 3-to-1, brokers tended to attribute the market movement to a lack of essential buying incentive.

Larry Wachtel, vice-president of Bache & Co., noted: "The question is whether the market has entered a clear-cut consolidation phase and we would question that premise. We might see a rally attempt over the next few sessions."

Turnover today edged up to 17.86 million shares from 16.65 million yesterday. But the number of block trades—of 10,000 shares or more—fell to 104 from 117.

The most active issue on the *Big Board was Greyhound, down* 1/2 at 19 1/4, even though only 32,600 shares of the big bus line were traded other than the two major blocks.

Ten days ago, two two million-share blocks of Greyhound were crossed at 20 for the account of General Host, which got the shares from Greyhound in exchange for a stock interest in Armour, now owned by Greyhound. Today, General Host tacked on 1 1/8 to 18 1/8 but there was no comment on who had ordered the Greyhound trades.

A block of 198,000 shares helped Kennecott Copper into the second most active spot. It fell 4 1/4 to 37 3/8. The company cut its *dividend today.* Other copper issues were soft also.

Most glamour issues declined. Polaroid fell 2 1/2 to 83 1/4, American Research 1 3/8 to 53 1/8 and IBM 1 to 328 1/4.

On the American Stock Exchange, turnover was 4.61 million shares, compared with trading of up to 8 million shares daily last week. The Amex index lost 0.21 to 25.03 and declines outpaced advances by better than 3-to-1.

NEWS AND NOTES

Germans Hold Rates

West Germany's central bank council has decided to continue its tight credit policy and keep the key lending rates unchanged, Karl Klasen, Bundesbank president, announced Friday. There had been speculation in financial circles that the council might decide to cut interest rates, now more than two points above U.S. rates, in order to stem the flow of cash into the higher yield German market. But Mr. Klasen said that with inflationary trends still very strong in Germany, and no recessionary elements in sight, the stress continues to be on keeping a tight rein economically.

U.K. Joins Smasher

Britain has agreed to take part in a European atom-smasher project, thus enabling the project—costing £115 million ($276 million)—to go ahead. Last December, Britain told the European Nuclear Research Organization (CERN) council its participation would await commitments from all other CERN members, which is now assured. The plan is to build an atom-smasher—or nuclear accelerator—which would eventually be the largest in the world. Construction is to begin late this year.

Union Carbide Revision

Final audited figures for Union Carbide showed 1970 sales of $3.026 billion and net income of $157.31 million, or $2.60 a share, the company has announced. A preliminary report on Jan. 27 showed earnings of $159.4 million, or $2.64 a share. The reduction in the audited figures primarily reflects adjustments made in consolidating accounts on a worldwide basis. The 1969 earnings were $186.22 million.

Paris Bourse Shut

The Paris Bourse was closed Friday, the third day in a row, by the strike of brokerage house employees for higher wages.

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A representative of *International Tax Consultants* will be in Paris from Feb. 21-23 to discuss your tax returns. Call appointment secretaries at the Hilton Hotel in Paris - or write for tax questionnaire:

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›d Forced to Pump Credit ›to Suddenly Tight Markets

By Robert D. Hershey Jr.

› YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—›ederal Reserve was forced ›ct record-breaking amounts it into the banking system extraordinary demands in ›st statement period, the ›ist of central banking sta- ›isclosed yesterday.

›ng holiday weekend and ›esday settlement of the ›'s huge recent refunding caused the Fed to pour billion of new funds into ›et in the form of outright ›rary purchases of govern- ›urities.

its massive efforts, how- ›e was an intense scramble late in the week by banks rate for federal funds o as high as 5 3/4 percent.

Loan Demand Up

hile, underneath the swirl- he money market, there for the third consecutive is of strength in demands ›ss for loans.

›rcial and industrial loans York City, for example, $190 million in the week ›ednesday, in contrast to a or the comparable 1970 ›62 million. Adjusted for loan sales, however, this swing was probably not so great.

Another indication of what many believe to be a quickening pace of business activity was found in a $976 million increase—the largest this year—in outstanding commercial paper for the week ended Feb. 10.

Rate Outlook

Leonard J. Santow, economist of Aubrey G. Lanston & Co., notes that loan demand "does not appear to be going down any further," and that since it will eventually pick up, "a further drop in the prime-loan rate might be slightly less than an even bet."

However, Mr. Santow also guessed that another 1/4 point cut in the discount rate may be in the offing. The Federal Reserve Bank of New York yesterday joined the 11 other regional Fed banks that cut their discount rates last Friday to 4 3/4 percent.

In other central bank data yesterday, the money supply rose $1.3 billion on a daily average basis to $216.1 billion in the week ended Feb. 10 and stood $1.2 billion above the average for the four latest weeks.

Signal Companies Inc. Plunges Into the Red

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 19—Huge writeoffs from engine development programs and a declining stock portfolio splashed a wave of red ink on Signal Companies Inc., causing a loss of almost $50 million for 1970.

The conglomerate's income from operations after taxes was approximately $20 million in 1970, according to president Forrest Shumway. The same operations in 1969 produced $42 million (swelled by another $10.3 million from the sale of securities by Signal Investment, a subsidiary which was largely liquidated in 1970).

For 1970, Signal had $62.6 million in writeoffs: $32.4 million from development costs on aircraft turbine engines; $25.2 million in stock market losses, representing the difference between the original cost of the Signal portfolio and the market value of the shares at the end of 1970; and $5 million from a writedown in the value of marginal oil and gas properties, which will be sold.

These are treated as losses for accounting purposes.

In addition there was an extraordinary loss of $5.8 million from the sale of some petrolem marketing and refining assets during 1970.

Signal Cos.

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	1,480.0	1,150.0
Profits (millions)	—42.67	52.31
Per Share	— 2.37	2.53

© *Los Angeles Times*

Honeywell

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 19 (AP-DJ).—Honeywell said today net income last year, with a strong assist from an accounting system change, about matched restated 1969 profit although per-share earnings fell due to an increased number of shares outstanding.

James H. Binger, chairman, described the automation company's 1971 outlook as "mixed."

The company said it was consolidating for the first time results of Yamatake-Honeywell, a 50 percent-owned Japanese affiliate, resulting in additional earnings of $1.2 million, or 7 cents a share, in both 1969 and 1970.

The 1969 results are restated for the merger last year of General Electric's computer business into Honeywell. All figures are on a pro forma basis.

Honeywell Inc.

Year		
Revenue (millions)	1,921.0	1,838.0
Profits (millions)	62.0	62.0
Per Share	3.58	3.76

Alco Standard

Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	116.3	103.39
Profits (millions)	2.85	2.65
Per Share	0.32	0.31

Bangor Punta

First Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	66.55	73.35
Profits (millions)	—0.32	1.15
Per Share	—0.16	0.23

Carnation Co.

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	1,053.4	983.4
Profits (millions)	45.88	41.62
Per Share	5.87	5.29

Chuett, Peabody

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	487.99	478.2
Profits (millions)	10.35	17.22
Per Share	1.01	1.77

De Soto

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	215.62	221.96
Profits (millions)	5.19	7.97
Per Share	0.94	1.48

Eastman Kodak

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	856.6	850.3
Profits (millions)	124.39	137.55
Per Share	0.77	0.79
Year		
Revenue (millions)	2,784.6	2,747.3
Profits (millions)	403.66	401.14
Per Share	2.50	2.49

Fairchild Hiller

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	369.0	314.7
Profits (millions)	6.44	6.64
Per Share	1.41	1.46

Holiday Inns

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	604.55	539.8
Profits (millions)	36.97	32.3
Per Share	1.30	1.15

International Harvester

First Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	513.5	555.87
Profits (millions)	—12.96	9.5
Per Share	—0.47	0.35

Lubrizoil Corp.

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	47.3	43.2
Profits (millions)	5.38	4.86
Per Share	0.53	0.49
Year		
Revenue (millions)	186.8	165.7
Profits (millions)	21.84	17.86
Per Share	2.17	1.79

R.J. Reynolds

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	652.53	590.05
Profits (millions)	55.62	47.13
Per Share	1.27	1.06
Year		
Revenue (millions)	2,484.6	2,252.7
Profits (millions)	201.89	173.31
Per Share	4.56	3.82

Time Inc.

Fourth Quarter	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	175.4	181.2
Profits (millions)	8.6	10.8
Per Share	1.18	1.49
Year		
Revenue (millions)	632.6	618.5
Profits (millions)	20.1	20.4
Per Share	2.76	2.81

Warner & Swasey

Year	1970	1969
Revenue (millions)	137.4	167.02
Profits (millions)	5.27	10.84
Per Share	1.42	2.94

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boating enthusiasts, a small le, using the advantages of the shion principle, has been de- ed to satisfy a growing need is field.

technique of the air-cushion le is being successfully exploited eavy-tonnage engines of the ›iplane" and "Hovercraft" types; ›er, the market has not yet exploited as far as yachting 2 to 15-seat vehicles are rned.

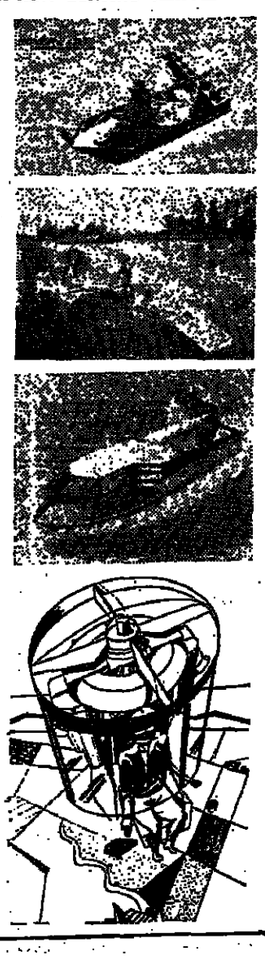
›liminary market study reveals nportant potential in the near for air-cushion vehicles des- for water sports, recreation transport use.

›itish company has already re- d a two-year order for 4,000 ›es of a similar type to be used ›aska and Canada. The cost of f these engines has been estim- at 2,000 Pounds Sterling, or French Francs.

advantage of this unusual op- ›ity to be the first manufac- to exploit a potentially lucrative ›t of several million dollars ›ar.

nventor of this new and in- ve boating vehicle offers manu- ›er's licenses for France and countries, and would also ›r other proposals from private ›uals or firms offering serious ›rtees.

›ll inquiries, please contact: GmbH, c/o Monsieur le Colo- ›etit (Consulting Engineer), Saint-Antoine, Paris-4e. Tele- : 887-67-85.



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July	Syntex	at $23 3/8	now $46 3/4	an increase of 100%
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Sept.	National Patents	at $27 1/2	now $74	an increase of 168%
Oct.	Pittston	at $37 1/4	now $43 5/8	an increase of 17%
Nov.	Union Pacific Corp.	at $44	now $50 7/8	an increase of 16%
Dec.	Data Processing	at $10 1/4	now $14 1/8	an increase of 37%
Jan.	Savoy Industries	at $ 7 1/2	now $ 9	an increase of 20%
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• LANGUAGE FLUENCY	:	High degree in Dutch and English.
• OTHER	:	Preferably Dutch national, interested to grow with the company.

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3—Must be willing to travel throughout E.E.C. and may spend 50% of the week nights away from home. During the first year will be required to spend a minimum of 2 2-month periods in the U.S. for training.
4—Salary based on qualifications, plus expenses and fringe benefits.
5—Age—no restrictions.
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7—Job duties:
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European Markets

(Yesterday's closing prices in local currencies)

Amsterdam

AKZO	89.50
Algembank	241.50
Amrobank	67.40
Amsterdam	43
Fokker	34
Heineken	222.20
K.L.M.	88
Holland-Am.	96.70
Hoogovens	84.50
I.H.S. Ltd	51.90
I.P.I.	52.80
K.L.M.	77.4
Philips new	47.10
Robeco	226.20
Rolinco	183.20
Rol. Robeco	146.80
Unilever	92.80
Van Ommeren	89.50

Brussels

Amer.	4.845
Anf. d. Mines	2.650
Cock-Ougree	1.440
Electrobel	3.340
Lambert	1.770
Petrofina	2.900
Ste. Gevaert	1.445
Soc. Générale	14.800
Un. Minière	1.930

Düsseldorf

AEG	196
Aug. Thyssen	83.50
BASF	160
Bayer	153.20
Commerzbk	226
Cons. Gutmn.	197.50
Dahm-Benz	320
Demag	173
Deut. Bank	345
Dresdner Bk.	261
Gels Berlw.	97.30
Hoechster	196.30
Hoesch	93
Karstadt	376
Kaufhof	294
KHD	154.50
Lufthansa	76
Mannesmann	271.20
Metallgesell.	445
Rhein Stahl	188.80
RWE new	276
Siemens	226.50
Volkswagen	146
Veba	177.70

London

Anglo-Am Co.	3 7/8
Anglo-Amin.	2 7/8
Barclay Bank	3 6/8
Boucham Gr.	2 3/8
Bowater	1 4/7
Brit Am Tob.	2 9/8

Milan

Fiat	2.4
Finsider	
Generali	69
Italcider	
Lanerossi	
Montedison	
Olivetti	
Pirelli	
Snia Visc.	2.5
Terni	

Zurich

Aluminium	79
B-Boveri	
Ciba-Geigy	7.5
Ciba-Geigy	
Crédit Suisse	
Fischer	
Holderbk bl	
Nestlé	
Sandoz	
SBG B. Suisse	
Suisse Ins.	
U.B.Suisse	

One Dollar—

was worth yesterday:	
Austrian schillings	25.866
Belgian francs	49.826
British pound ($ per £)	2.4187
Canadian dollars	1.01
Danish crowns	7.477
Dutch guilders	3.593750
Finnish marks	4.16
French francs	5.51875
German marks	3.6300
Greek drachmas	30.00
Italian lire	622.52
Mexican pesos	12.50
Norwegian crowns	7.1432
Portuguese escudos	28.544
Spanish pesetas	69.568
Swedish crowns	5.165
Swiss francs	4.29525

The above rates are yesterday's closing buying rates on local exchanges. They exclude local commissions and slight variations depending on the type of transaction.

Eurodollars

Feb. 19, 1971

	Bid	Asked	Change Bid
7 Day Fix	4 1/2	4 3/4	—
One Month	4 3/4	4 7/8	—
3 Months	5 1/4	5 3/8	—
One Year	6 5/16	6 7/16	—

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
	9¼	Abacus Fd	22	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	
	56¼	AbbtLb 1.10	8	81	81	80½	81	— ½
	35⅝	ACF Ind 2.40	102	48⅛	48⅝	47½	47½	— ⅞
	12	AcmeClev .88	6	14⅝	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	+ ¼
	36	Acm Mkt 2b	14	49½	49⅝	49⅛	49½	—1
	11⅛	AdmsEx .66g	16	14¼	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
	8¼	Ad Millis .20	58	18⅛	18⅝	17¼	17½	— ½
	19½	Address .15g	466	30⅝	30⅝	29⅛	29½	—1⅜
	6½	Admiral	75	10⅝	11⅛	10½	10½	— ⅜
	32⅞	AetnaLfe 1.40	151	52⅞	53⅛	52¼	52¼	—1
	33½	AtnaLf pf 2	1	47	47	47	47	
	6	Aguirre Co	7	11⅝	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅜
	19	Alln Inc	44	48⅛	48⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅜
	33⅝	Air Prod .20b	66	48½	49	48⅛	48⅛	— ⅜
	102½	aAirPrd pf4.75	8	137½	140	137½	140	+1
	12½	Air Red .20g	194	24	24	23⅝	23¾	— ¼
	3¼	AJ Industris	153	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
	24⅛	Akzona 1a	39	38	38⅛	37¾	38⅛	— ⅛
	9½	Alaska Inters	55	26	26⅛	25⅝	26	— ⅛
	25⅝	AlbrtoC .32	122	42⅝	43⅛	42½	43⅛	+ ⅜
	8	Albertsns .36	12	13½	13½	13½	13¼	— ¼
	19¾	Alcan Alum 1	183	23¼	23⅜	23¼	23⅜	— ⅛
	13	A'coStand .30	46	22⅝	22⅝	21½	21½	— ⅜
	14½	Alxndrs .20r	49	27⅝	28⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅜
	13⅝	AllAmLf .24g	4	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
	4½	gallg Cp .20	130	13⅝	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅜
	25⅛	AllegLud 2.40	39	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30⅛	— ⅛
	35⅞	AlgLud pf 3	16	45⅝	45⅝	44⅞	45	— ½
	17⅛	Alleg Pw 1.32	365	24⅝	25	24	24⅝	— ⅜
	16⅛	Allid Ch 1.20	328	28½	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜	— ⅜
	25⅛	Alld Maln .40	10	31¼	31¼	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅝
	20⅛	AlldMlll .75b	5	27	27¼	27	27¼	+ ⅜
	11½	Allied Pd .68	31	18¾	18⅝	18	18⅜	— ⅜
	17⅞	AlliedStr 1.40	62	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ½
	47⅛	AlliedStr pf 4	z20	59	59	59	59	+ ½
	4⅞	Allied Super	126	9¼	9½	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅜
	12⅞	Allis Ch .05g	93	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ¼
	12⅛	AllrigtAut .60	24	23¾	23⅞	23	23¼	— ⅝
	13	Alpha P Cem	6	18¾	19	18¾	19	
	47	Alcoa 1.80	53	65⅞	65¼	65	65	— ½
	20⅛	AmalSug 1.60	4	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	+ ½
	7½	AMBAC .50	40	13½	13½	13⅛	13⅜	— ⅜
	15⅛	Amer Es 1.20	7	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝	
	31	Am Es pf2.60	2	41½	41½	41	41	—1
	20	Am Hess .30r	151	51⅝	52⅝	51⅛	51⅛	+ ⅜
	48	AmeH pf3.50	75	114	115	113⅞	115	+ ⅞
	34	AAirFltr .80	34	57¼	57½	56	56	—1
	15	Am Airlin .80	148	27⅞	27¼	26½	26½	— ⅝
	8⅛	ABaker .05g	21	19⅞	19⅝	19⅛	19⅜	
	29⅛	A Brnds 2.30	199	48	48⅛	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅛
	19⅝	AmBdcst 1.20	45	29⅛	29⅜	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅞
	34	Am Can 2.20	153	41⅝	41⅝	41¼	41⅜	— ¼
	21½	A Can pf1.75	2	28½	28½	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
	6½	Am Cement	69	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	— ⅜
	21	A Chain 1.60	4	28½	28½	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
	15⅛	ACrySug 1.40	4	24	24	23½	23½	— ½
	21	ACyanid 1.25	185	35½	35⅝	35⅛	35½	— ¼
	16⅝	Am Distill 1	8	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ½
	19½	ADistTel .10g	308	36½	37	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅜
	6⅛	Am DualVest	38	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
	11	ADuVt pf.84a	14	14¼	14¼	14	14	— ¼
	22	AmElPw 1.70	367	30⅝	30⅞	30	30⅛	
	7⅝	Am Exp Ind	239	12⅝	12⅝	12	12¼	— ⅜
	50	AmExp pf A6	z1420	53⅛	53⅛	51	52	—5
	26	AGnBFd .28g	33	26⅛	26⅝	26	26⅛	— ⅛
	11	A Genins .50	56	18⅝	18⅞	18½	18½	— ⅛
	22¼	A Gnln pf1.80	24	31⅝	32	31⅜	31⅝	
	7½	Am Hoist .40	34	11⅝	11⅝	11	11⅛	— ⅜
	51⅛	A Home 1.70	308	72¼	72¾	71½	71½	—1
	76⅞	A Home pf 2	3	108	108	107¼	107¼	— ¾
	26⅝	Am Hosp .26	347	32¾	32⅛	32¼	32⅝	— ¼
	7	Am Invst .50	22	14½	14⅝	14⅝	14½	
	10½	A Medical .12	62	30⅝	31¼	30⅝	31	— ¼
	28⅝	A MtlClx 1.40	126	35⅝	35½	35	35¼	— ⅛
	85⅝	A MtlClx pf 4	10	99⅞	99⅞	99	99	— ½
	5½	Am Motors	629	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7½	— ⅛
	30⅝	ANatGas 2.10	146	40¾	41	40¼	40¼	— ½
	6	Am Photo .16	155	11½	11¾	11¼	11⅜	— ⅜
	37½	A ResDv .04g	193	52	52½	51⅜	52½	—1⅜
	14½	Am Seat .72	8	17⅝	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
	12⅛	Am Ship .60b	39	29	30	29	30	+ ⅞
	21¼	A Smelt 1.90	473	28⅛	28⅜	27⅛	27⅛	—1⅜
	27⅞	AmSoAfr .70	85	47¾	47¾	46¼	46¼	—1¼
		AmSAfr fn.70	3	44⅞	44⅞	43¼	43¼	
	25½	Am Std 1	212	26⅞	26⅞	26	26⅜	— ⅞
	78	A Std pf4.75	108	85⅛	85¼	84⅝	84⅝	— ¾
	12½	Am Sterll .48	43	27	27	27	27	
	7¼	AT&T wl	794	11	11	10½	10⅝	
	40⅛	Am T&T 2.60	1647	50⅝	50⅝	50⅛	50⅜	+ ⅛
	9⅛	AWatWk .60	19	14⅛	14⅛	14	14	— ⅛
	13⅞	AW pref 1.25	z160	17½	17½	17½	17½	
	7	Am Zinc	11	9	9	8½	8½	— ½
	13	Ameron .60	12	22½	22½	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
	8⅝	Ametek .60a	43	16	16⅛	15½	15⅞	— ⅜
	16⅝	AMF Inc.90	124	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30½	— ½
	23½	Amfac .80	16	47	47½	47	47⅛	
	41	AMP Inc .64	71	65⅛	65½	65⅛	65⅛	+ ⅜
	6¼	Ampco .09g	24	10¼	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅜
	12⅞	Ampex Corp	338	19⅝	19⅞	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅜
	22	Amstar 1.70	57	38⅝	38⅝	38	38⅜	
	8	Amstar pf.68	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
	24½	Amsted 1.60	13	31⅞	31¼	31	31	— ¼
	5⅝	Amtel .32	79	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8⅛	— ⅛
	18⅞	Anacon 1.90	362	21⅞	21⅞	21¼	21¼	— ⅜
	21¼	Anch Hock 1	38	37	37	36½	36½	— ⅜
	13	Ancorp Svc 1	26	21⅛	21¼	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
	27½	And Clay 1.20	7	42½	42½	42¼	42¼	— ¼
	10⅝	ApacheCp .25	32	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17½	— ⅜
	20⅛	ApcoO 1.29f	78	36⅛	36⅝	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅝
	11⅛	APL Corp	31	23⅜	23⅞	23¼	23⅝	+ ⅛
	74⅛	ARA Svc 1.06	13	127	127½	127	127¼	+ ¼
	15½	Arcata .03g	43	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅜
	23	Arch Dan 1	50	37⅞	37⅞	37	37½	— ⅜
	16⅝	Ariz PSv 1.08	15	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22⅝	
	6⅝	Arlans D Str	97	11½	11½	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜
	18⅞	Armco Stl 1	165	20⅞	21	20½	21	+ ⅛
	24	Armc pf 2.10	28	29½	29⅝	29¼	29⅝	+ ⅛
	50	Armr pf4.75	z280	63	64	63	64	+1⅛
	21½	Armst Ck .80	301	36⅝	36⅝	35⅞	35⅞	— ½
	47	ArmCk pf3.75	z40	59½	59½	59¼	59¼	— ¼
	24	Arm Ru 1.60	7	38⅞	38½	38⅛	38¼	— ⅛
	13	Aro Corp .90	4	20⅝	20⅝	20½	20⅝	— ⅜
	17¼	Arvin Ind 1	14	29¼	30⅛	29¼	30⅛	+ ⅜
	17	Ashld Oil 1.20	421	29⅛	29½	29	29	— ⅜
	6¼	Assd Brew	43	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
	26⅛	Assd DG 1.20	24	46⅛	47⅛	45⅝	47	
	24⅝	Asd Sp 1.20	11	32⅝	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
	5⅞	Assd Transp	32	12	12	11⅝	12	— ⅜
	12⅞	Athlone Ind	62	17	17	15⅞	15⅞	—?
	19½	AtlCyEl 1.36	64	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	+ ⅜
	34⅞	Atl Richfld 2	276	68⅞	69⅛	68⅛	68⅞	—1
	46	AtlRchpf3.75	z390	60	60	60	60⅛	— ⅞
		Atl Rich pf 3	2	117	117	117	117	— ½
61	38⅛	AtlRch pf2.80	43	57⅞	57⅞	55¼	56	—1⅝
26⅞	18½	Atlas Chem 1	2	26	26	25⅞	25⅞	
4⅝	2⅛	Atlas Corp	149	2⅞	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
12⅝	6	ATO Inc .08a	186	10⅝	10⅝	10	10¼	— ¼
16⅞	4⅞	Aurora Prod	60	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅝	— ⅛
60⅝	23½	Autom Data	97	50½	50⅝	49⅝	50½	
13½	3⅞	Automtn Ind	100	6	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	
25¼	9	Avco Corp	127	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ¼
6½	2¼	Avco Cp wt	158	4¼	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
53½	25	Avco pf3.20	58	42	42¼	41⅝	42	
42¼	24¼	Avery Pd .20	12	33	33	32⅝	32¾	— ½
13⅝	6⅛	Avnet Inc	312	12⅞	12⅞	12¼	12½	— ⅜
29	14	Avnet pf 1	1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
93⅝	59⅞	Avon Pd 1.10	147	89¼	89⅞	88½	88⅞	— ¼
16¼	8⅛	Aztec Oil .73t	72	15⅛	15⅞	15⅛	15⅞	+ ½
		B						
31½	12⅞	BabckW .50	403	30¾	30¾	29⅞	30¼	— ⅜
30⅝	13⅛	BakrOllT .65	95	30¼	30¼	29¾	29⅞	— ½
34⅝	25⅜	Balt GE 1.82	105	33⅝	34⅝	33⅞	34⅛	+ ⅛
72¾	57½	Balt pf B4.50	z100	71¾	71¼	71¼	71¼	— ¼
62⅛	51	Balt G pf C4	z40	63	63	63	63	+ ½
19¾	5½	Bangor Punt	57	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅞	— ⅜
27	15	BangP pf 2	3	24½	24½	24¼	24¼	— ½
29	18⅝	Bk ofCal 1.34	8	28¼	28½	27¾	28	— ½
53½	39¾	Bank of NY 2	29	46	46⅛	46	46⅛	+ ½
70⅞	55⅛	Bank Tr 2.84	23	61⅞	61⅞	61½	61½	
50½	23⅝	BarbO 2.31t	4	48	48	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅜
56⅞	29½	Bard CR .25a	65	48½	49	48¼	49	+ ⅜
15⅝	10	Basic Inc .80	19	14⅝	14⅝	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅜
40	30	Basic pf2.50	z100	39½	39½	39½	39½	— ½
18⅛	6⅝	Bates Mfg	76	17	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅜
22¼	10½	Bates Mf pf 1	21	20⅝	21¼	20⅝	21	+ ⅛
27⅜	8⅜	Bath Ind .05e	280	26⅝	27	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅜
66	28	Bathin pf2.50	27	65	65	64⅝	65	
79¾	27⅛	BauschLb .80	23	55⅝	56	54⅝	55	— ⅝
35⅝	19½	Baxt Lab .11	234	28⅝	28⅜	27⅝	28	— ½
12⅝	9⅝	Bayk Cig .50	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
50⅛	33½	Bearings 1	65	45¼	46	45¼	46	+1
39¾	23⅛	Beat Fds 1	108	38⅝	38⅝	38	38	— ⅛
102	70	Beat Fds pf 4	3	99¼	99½	99½	99½	
51½	19	Beckman .50	89	36⅞	36⅞	36	36	— ⅜
62¼	27⅝	Bect Dick .30	206	44	44	42⅝	42⅝	—1¼
19¼	8	Beech Air .75	54	15¾	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
34⅝	10¼	BelcoPet .50b	121	23¼	23¼	22	22¼	—1⅛
28⅝	22⅛	Belden 1.60	5	27⅞	27⅞	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
22¾	13	BeldngH .60b	16	21	21	20¾	20¾	—1
57⅝	22½	Bell How .60	194	41	41	40	40⅛	—1⅞
15	5⅝	Bell Intrcon	64	12⅞	13	12⅞		
27¼	12½	Bemis Co .40	74	20	20	19⅝	19⅞	— ⅛
36	20¼	Bendix 1.60	99	34	34	33⅝	34	
58	38½	Bendix pf 3	22	54	54	53¾	53⅝	— ¼
60	31	BenefiCp 1.60	47	57½	57½	57⅛	57¼	— ⅜
176¾	94	Benefi pf5.50	3	170¾	170¾	170¼	170¼	—2
62	47	Benefi pf4.50	z190	59½	60¼	59½	60¼	+ ¼
90	55½	Benefi pf4.30	5	86½	87½	86½	87½	+
35¾	26¼	Bentl Spt 2.50	z30	33½	33½	33½	33½	
13⅞	4⅝	Benguet	221	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
		Benguet In	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
18⅛	5⅞	Berkey Pho	208	10⅝	10½	10	10⅛	— ¼
30⅞	19½	Beth Stl 1.20	399	22¼	22⅜	22	22⅛	— ⅜
50⅞	29	Big Three .60	15	46½	46½	46⅛	46⅛	+ ⅛
61⅞	39½	Black Dk .88	49	61⅞	61⅞	60	60¼	—1
23½	10¼	BlairJohn .48	22	18⅛	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
29⅞	17½	Bliss Laug 1	50	27⅝	27⅝	27	27	—1
71⅝	37⅛	BlockHR .36	82	70⅝	71⅞	70⅝	71⅞	+1¼
72½	26½	Blue Bell 1.20	133	68½	68½	66⅝	67¼	—1⅞
19⅝	8¼	Boie Brks	42	19	19⅛	18⅝	18⅞	— ½
37⅞	12	Boeing Co .40	430	21⅝	21⅝	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅝
76⅞	40	BoisCas .25	314	44½	44⅞	43⅝	43⅞	— ⅝
16½	7½	Bond Ind	13	13⅝	14	13½	13¾	— ¼
28	17⅝	Borden 1.20	101	27⅝	27⅝	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅝
29½	18⅛	BorgWar 1.25	211	27¼	27¼	26⅞	27	— ⅛
14⅝	9⅞	Bormans .40	32	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
40¼	30⅛	Bos Edis 2.24	40	39½	39½	39	39	— ⅜
115	105	Bos Ed pf8.88						
24⅝	8¼	Bourns Inc	19	14	14½	14	14½	+ ⅜
11½	6¼	Branif Alrw	167	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
62	43¾	BrigSt 2.40a	7	61	61	60¾	60⅞	— ½
75¼	47½	Brist My 1.20	251	63¼	64	62¼	62½	— ½
50	34	BristMy pf 2	1	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	+ ½
13⅝	8⅛	Brit Pet .43e	127	11½	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
		Br Pet fn.43e	23	11½	11½	11½	11½	
39⅝	21½	Bdwy Hale 1	35	39⅝	39½	39	39⅛	— ⅛
52½	32	BdwyHal pf 2	7	49½	49⅝	49⅜	49⅛	— ½
36	23⅝	Brkwy Gl .60	79	34⅝	34⅝	34	34	— ⅜
27½	21⅞	BklynUG 1.72	30	27½	27⅝	27½	27½	
11⅛	3	Borwn Co	31	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
17¼	8½	BwnShrp .20	14	12½	12¼	12½	12⅛	+ ⅛
39½	21¼	BwnShoe 1.50	52	36⅝	37½	36⅝	37½	+1
24⅛	9⅞	Brunswk .12	195	22	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	14¾	Bucy Er 1.20	47	27½	27½	27	27	— ½
18¼	6	Budd Co	50	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
65	48⅞	Budd Co pf 5	z150	63⅝	64	63⅝	64	— ½
7⅞	5⅜	BudgF pf .60	5	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅜
19	5	Budget Ind	18	9⅝	9½	9¼	9½	— ⅛
57	27	BuffForg 1.10	28	40⅛	40½	38⅜	39	—1⅜
38⅛	13½	BulovaW .60	34	21⅝	21⅝	21	21⅜	— ⅜
14½	6⅛	Bunkr Ramo	509	11⅞	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞	
43⅝	20½	BunkR pf1.50	23	37½	37⅛	37½	37½	
49⅝	32¼	Burl Ind 1.40	171	45⅝	46½	45½	46½	+ ¼
42	20⅝	BurlNor .37g	250	40⅛	40⅝	40⅛	40⅝	+ ¼
8½	5⅞	BurlNor pf.55	33	7½	7⅝	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
24¼	12¼	Burndy .70	48	23½	23⅝	23	23⅛	— ⅝
172⅛	78⅝	Burrghs .60	1136	111½	115	111⅛	111⅞	—1⅛
19¼	9¼	Bush Univ	5	14	14	13⅝	14	— ¼
		C						
45⅛	28	Cabot Cp .70	132	45½	46	45½	46	+1¼
16¼	5	Cadence Ind	146	10¾	10¾	10⅛	10½	— ⅛
11⅝	5	Cal Finanl	46	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
23¼	7½	Callahn Mng	35	12½	12½	11¾	11¾	— ⅞
34⅝	15⅝	CampRLk .45	41	32¼	32¼	31⅞	31⅞	—?
		Camp R fn.45	2	31	31	31	31	
36⅞	24⅝	Camp Sp 1.10	57	33⅞	33⅞	32⅝	32⅝	—1⅛
8⅝	5⅜	Cdn Brew .40	50	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
75¼	48⅝	Cdn Pac 3.30	26	69⅞	70⅛	69⅝	70⅛	+ ½
23½	13	CanalR 1.10	16	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
36⅛	19½	Cap C Bdctg	23	34½	34½	34	34	— ¾
58½	37	Carbrun 1.50	57	58	58½	58	58	
17¾	9½	Carlisle .60	16	16⅞	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
72	53	CaroC&Oh 5	z20	69	70	69	70	
33⅞	21½	Caro PLt 1.46	85	26¾	26¾	26⅛	26⅜	— ½
28	20	Carp Tec 1.60	23	23¼	23¼	23⅛	23¼	+ ⅛
40⅞	26½	CarrierCp .60	147	35¾	35⅝	35	35	— ⅛
34½	30⅛	Carr pf 2.25	z20	32½	32½	32½	32½	
35¼	11	CartWal .40e	91	17½	17½	17	17	— ⅜
30⅞	19⅝	CastleCk .60b	80	25⅛	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅜
49⅛	30	CaterTr 1.20	241	47⅛	47⅝	46⅝	46⅞	—1⅛
8⅝	3½	CCI Corp	84	5⅝	5⅝	5	5	— ⅝
25⅝	13	CCI Cp pf1.25	6	18	18⅛	18	18	+ ¼
25½	14¾	Caco Corp .90	12	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
70⅝	48⅞	CelaneseCp 2	148	69¾	70	69¾	69⅞	— ¼
65⅝	49	Celan pfA4.50	3	64⅝	64⅝	64	64	— ¾
48⅛	16½	Cenco Ins .30	159	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅜
13⅛	7½	Cent Fdy	12	12½	12⅝	12¼	12½	+ ¼
27	19⅞	Cen Hud 1.48	87	26⅛	26⅜	26⅛	26⅛	
28⅛	19	Cen IllLt1.56	37	27	27⅝	27	27½	+ ⅜
69	55	CnIllLt pf4.50	z20	68	68	68	68	+ ½
22⅛	14⅛	CentVLPS 1.20	15	20½	20⅝	20⅝	20½	—
26⅝	18⅝	CentLaEl 1	15	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
20½	14⅝	CenMPw 1.20	11	20¼	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	+ ⅛
51⅞	34⅞	CentSWst 2	77	47½	48⅛	47½	47¾	+ ⅛
33	19⅝	Cent Soya 1	44	26⅛	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅜
22⅝	15⅝	CenTelU .90b	42	21⅛	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
29¼	16½	Cerro 1.60b	65	19	19	18⅝	18⅝	— ¼
30⅝	13⅛	Cert-teed .80	50	28½	29	28½	28⅝	— ⅛
30½	14½	Cert-ted pf.90	2	28½	28½	28½	28½	— ½
24	11⅞	CessnaAir .60	13	20	20	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅜
22⅝	14⅝	CFI Stl .80a	2	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
16½	5⅛	Chadbrn Inc	135	8	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅞	Chadbn pf .46	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
34⅝	19¾	ChampS 1.20	190	33⅝	33⅞	33	33½	— ½
49½	32½	Charter NY 2	215	39¼	39½	39½	39¼	
56¼	37½	ChaseManh 2	126	52⅛	52⅝	52⅛	52⅛	— ½
39⅝	27½	Chse MT .48g	389	40¼	40⅞	39¼	39¼	— ½
30⅛	10⅝	Checker Mot	6	25½	25½	25¼	25⅝	— ⅜
15⅝	6⅝	Chelsea .24	98	13½	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅜
30⅞	19½	Chemetron 1	21	28	28⅝	28	28⅝	+ ⅛
67¾	45¼	ChemNY 2.88	46	62½	62⅞	62⅛	62¾	+ ¼
13⅝	4⅝	Cherrway	47	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
35⅛	22½	ChesVa 1.60	5	36	36⅝	36	36	— ⅛
59⅝	39⅝	Ches Ohio 4	45	57½	57⅞	56⅞	57¼	— ¼
52⅞	43½	Chsbgh 1.04	85	46⅝	46⅞	46	46	
12	4⅝	Chi East Ill	2	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	
19½	6¼	ChiMil SPP	38	15½	15⅝	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅜
25⅝	10	Chi Mil SP pf	2	22½	22½	22½	22½	— ⅜
40⅝	27¼	ChiPnuT 2	52	40½	40⅝	40	40	— ¼
22	11⅛	ChRIP cf UP	4	21⅝	21⅝	21½	21½	— ¼
21⅝	10	Ch RI cf NW	6	21¼	21½	21½	21½	— ⅜
11⅝	5⅛	ChocFull .25r	9	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ½
11⅛	4⅝	Chris Craft	47	8⅝	8⅞	8¼	8⅝	— ⅛
31⅝	13½	Chromall .50	63	22⅛	22⅞	22⅜	22½	— ⅜
114	67⅛	Chroml pf 5	11	100½	100½	100	100	—1
35⅝	16⅛	Chrysir .60	1079	27⅝	27⅝	26⅞	27	— ⅜
50⅞	23⅛	Cinn Bll 2.40	12	48⅝	48⅞	47⅝	47¾	— ¾
29½	21	Cinn GE 1.56	302	26⅝	26⅝	26	26¼	— ⅜
122¼	105½	CinG pf9.30	z130	120⅜	121	120½	121	+ ¼
48¾	29	CinMilac 1.40	24	41⅝	41⅝	41¼	41¼	— ⅜
45⅝	32⅝	CITFin 1.80	121	44⅛	44½	44	44	— ⅜
113	94	CIT pf5.50C	2	110	110	110	110	—3
50¼	34	CitisSvc 2.20	116	47¾	47¾	46⅞	46⅞	— ⅞
28¼	10½	City Inv .50	756	22	22⅛	21½	21⅝	— ⅜
46½	22⅝	CityInv pf B2	44	39½	39⅝	39¼	39⅝	— ⅛
11¼	5	City Strs	11	10⅛	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅜
42½	24⅛	Clark Eq 1.40	485	41	41	40½	41	+ ⅛
33¼	15	Clark Oil .40	28	21⅛	21⅛	20¾	20¾	— ½
66¼	33¼	Clv Clif 1.80	6	66	66	66	66	
42¾	28	ClevElIll 2.24	152	40½	41	40	40⅛	— ⅜
47	10	Clv Pitts	z20	17	17	17	17	
38⅞	18⅝	Clorox .25g	59	35⅞	36⅞	35⅝	36⅛	+ ⅛
31⅝	14¼	ClutPa .90	84	26½	26½	25	25¼	—1¼
21¼	12⅝	CluetP pf 1	10	19¼	19¼	19	19	— ¼
24	10¾	CNA Finl .50	223	20	20	19¼	19⅝	— ⅜
30⅝	15⅛	CNA pf A1.10	87	27	27	25⅞	26½	— ⅝
50⅛	31⅛	Coast St Gas	92	49⅞	50	49⅝	50	+ ¼
55	34	CstSGs pf1.19	x1	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ½
88⅝	63	Coca Col 1.44	80	86	86½	85⅝	85⅝	— ½
29¾	22¼	Coca Btlg .66	261	29⅝	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛	— ½
49½	31½	Colg Pal 1.40	140	48	48⅛	47¼	47¼	— ⅞
44	26⅝	Collins Alk 1	115	41⅝	41¾	40⅛	40¼	—1½
37¼	9	Collins Rad	52	17⅝	17⅞	17	17	— ⅝
38⅝	24	Colointst 1.60	8	35⅝	35⅞	35⅜	35⅜	
55	40⅝	Colo Sou pf 4	z20	49	49	48½	48½	— ½
26	12½	Colt Ind 1	179	20½	20⅝	19¾	20⅛	— ⅜
55⅝	37½	Colt In pf4.25	5	53⅝	53⅝	53⅛	53⅝	— ½
49⅞	23⅞	CBS 1.40b	115	35	35⅝	35	35⅛	+ ⅛
30	15¼	CBS pf 1	2	23⅝	23⅝	23¼	23¼	— ⅜
29⅞	25⅝	Colu Gas 1.76	99	39¼	39¼	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅞
31½	8⅝	ColuPict .45r	300	15	15	14½	14⅞	— ¼
32½	22¼	ColSoOh 1.80	33	32	32¼	22	32	
60¼	34½	Cmb En 1.30	72	58	58	57	57	— ¾
54	36	CmbE pf1.70	1	52	52	52	52	—1½
34½	15⅝	ComlSolv .40	30	20½	20½	20⅛	20⅛	— ¼
43⅞	28⅛	ComwE 2.20b	337	41¼	41⅛	40¾	41	
121	106½	ComE pf9.44	11	119½	120⅛	119¾	120⅝	+ ¾
27½	20	ComE pf1.42	13	27⅛	27½	27¼	27¼	— ⅛
24	13⅝	Comw Oil .60	38	18¼	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ½
32¼	30⅛	CommO pf1.72	58	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33½	+ ⅛
34⅛	5⅝	Comput Sci	365	12½	12½	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅝
63⅛	25	Comsat .50	334	59½	62⅛	59½	61	+2¼
26	13⅝	Cone Mills 1	17	24⅝	24⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
27¼	20¼	ConnMfg .38g	14	26½	26½	25¾	25¾	— ⅝
32⅛	11	Conrac .60	18	23⅞	24	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
29	22	Con Edis 1.80	334	26⅞	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛	— ¾
		Con Edis rt	5343	⅛	⅛	7-64	7-64	
91¼	72½	Con Edis pf 6	6	90¼	90¾	90	90½	— ¼
72½	57	Con Edis pf 5	7	70⅛	70⅛	69¾	70¼	— ¼
45	25⅛	Con Fds 1.20	153	43⅝	44	43½	43⅝	— ½
108⅛	74	Con Fd pf4.50	4	108	108¼	108	108	
36	18¼	Con Frght 1	76	34½	34½	34	34⅛	— ⅜
10⅞	3⅝	Con Leasing	70	6¾	7	6¾	6⅞	— ¼
31½	22⅞	Con NatG 1.88	156	29⅞	29⅞	29¼	29⅞	+ ⅜
39	27⅝	Cons Power 2	169	33⅞	34	33½	33⅞	— ½
72	57	ConPw pf4.52	z240	70¼	71	70	71	+ ¾
73	56¼	ConPw pf4.50	z280	70	70	70	70	—1
17¼	7¼	Cont Air Lin	153	16⅛	16¼	15¾	15⅞	— ⅜
47	34½	Cont Can 1.60	101	41⅛	41⅜	40⅛	41⅛	+ ⅛
12¾	7	Cont Cop .30	29	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
17¾	13	ClCop pf1.25	z100	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	+ ⅛
45⅞	27½	Contl Corp 2	64	41¼	41⅜	41¼	41⅜	— ⅛
49	32½	Cl Cp pfA2.50	26	46	46¼	45⅝	46⅛	+ ¼
48½	31½	Cl Cp pfB2.50	3	45¾	46⅛	45⅝	46⅜	+ ⅛
24¼	12½	ContMtg 1.04	79	20⅝	20¾	20½	20⅝	— ⅛
35⅝	19⅝	Cont Oil 1.50	627	34⅝	34⅝	34	34⅛	— ⅛
49½	29½	Cont Oil pf 2	4	47⅞	48¼	47¾	48¼	
33¾	16¼	Cont Stl .80	10	23¼	23¼	23	23¼	— ¼
27⅝	17⅛	Cont Tl .80	125	25⅞	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
122½	28⅝	Control Data	206	59¾	60¼	58¾	59½	—1¼
60	45	CnDat pf4.50	z100	58½	58½	58	58	— ½
39⅝	39	Conwood 1.90	5	38⅝	39	38⅝	39	
43⅞	17	Cook Unit .50	85	33⅛	33⅛	32⅝	33¼	+ ⅛
34¼	22⅛	Cooperin 1.40	63	35¼	35½	35¼	35¼	— ½
23⅝	11⅝	Coopr TR	82	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅝
21¾	15½	CoopT pf1.25	3	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
68	28	Copland 1.20	9	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	
85	26⅝	CoppRge .50b	34	35⅛	35⅛	34¼	34⅝	—1
18½	10	Copwld Stl 1	1	15½	15½	15½	15½	
33⅞	19⅝	CorinthB .09g	269	29¼	32	29¼	31½	+2¼
261	145¼	CorGlW 2.50a	20	210¼	212	210	211⅛	+1
33	16½	Coronet Ind	48	31½	31½	30¾	31	— ½
10⅞	3¼	Cowls Com	23	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	10¼	Cox Bdcst .30	17	22	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
38⅝	26⅝	CPC Intl 1.70	166	38	38⅝	37⅞	38¼	+ ⅛
41⅞	27	Crane 1.60b	11	37⅛	37⅛	36¼	36¼	—1⅛
30⅛	12⅞	Crdift Fin 1	13	28½	28½	27⅝	28	— ⅜
20⅝	19¾	CreditFin wi	1	19	19	19	19	—1
19½	11½	CrompK .80	10	17¾	17¾	17¾	17⅝	— ⅛
25⅞	17	CrousHind 1	16	25¼	25½	25⅛	25⅜	
22	12½	Crown Cork	338	20⅝	20⅝	19⅝	19⅞	— ⅞
45	40¾	CrownCk pf 2	5	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	
36¼	23½	CrwnZll 1.20	409	33⅞	34	33⅛	33½	
22½	11½	CTS Corp .40	77	21⅝	21⅝	21	21	— ⅜
27	15½	Cudhy pf1.25	3	24⅝	24⅝	24	24¼	— ¼
24	10⅝	Culligan .28	14	17	17	16⅝	16⅞	— ⅛
43	25⅝	CummEn .88	107	42¾	42⅞	42	42	—1
20¼	7⅝	Cumn Drug	22	10	10¼	10	10⅛	
18⅞	10⅞	CurtissWr .60	92	13⅝	13¾	13½	13⅝	
39⅛	22¼	CurtWr A 2	9	28¼	28¼	27½	27½	—1½
35½	14⅝	CutlerH 1.20	25	34⅛	34⅝	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅛
38	20½	Cyclop 1.90	15	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	+ ¼
71½	44⅝	Cyprus Min 2	x10	64⅛	64⅞	64¼	64¼	— ⅛
		D						
13⅛	6	Dan Rivr	49	11½	11½	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
33⅝	18¾	Dana Cp 1.25	100	32	32	31⅝	31¾	— ½
50¼	23½	Dart Ind .30b	65	38	38	37⅛	37¼	—1⅛
55	30½	Dart Ind pf 2	19	45¼	45¼	44	44¼	—1¼
32	6⅝	Data Proces	124	13¼	13⅞	13¼	13⅞	+ ⅛
27⅝	12⅝	DaycoCp 1.14	16	20⅝	20⅝	20¼	20¼	— ¼
92	56	Dayco pf4.25	z280	78	78	78	78	
35⅞	19⅝	DaytnHud .58	126	33	34	33	33	
27⅛	20¾	DaytnPL 1.60	69	25⅝	25¾	25¼	25⅝	+ ⅛
104½	88	DPL pfD 7.48	z20	105	105	105	105	+ 1½
47¾	27⅝	Deere Co 2	139	43⅞	43⅞	42¾	42¾	—1⅛
22½	15⅛	DelmarP 1.12	105	19⅝	20⅛	19⅝	19⅞	— ⅛
29¾	16½	Del Mnte 1.10	22	27⅝	27½	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
39⅝	24⅝	Delta Air .50	263	39⅛	39⅝	37⅞	37½	—1⅝
12¼	4½	Deltec Inl	18	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅜
28½	11	Dennn Mfg .60	146	26⅛	26¼	25½	25⅝	—1⅛
25½	12½	DennMfg pf 1	2	23¼	24	23¼	24	— ⅛
24¾	5⅝	DennyRst .04	326	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞	— ½
32½	18	Dentsplylnt 1	74	30	30	29	29½	— ⅞
64⅝	32⅝	Dereco pf B	3	56	56	56	56	
31¼	12½	DeSotoInc .40	18	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
23½	17⅝	DetEdis 1.40	166	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22¼	— ½
119½	108¼	Det Ed pf9.32	z360	119½	120	119¼	120	+ ½
90	70	Det Ed pf5.50	6	88	88	88¼	88	88½
32⅝	14⅝	Dexter .24	86	19	19	18½	18⅝	
16½	8⅝	DialFinan .40	39	15⅞	15⅞	15¼	15⅝	— ⅛
45⅝	28¾	DiamInl 1.80	31	43⅛	43⅝	43⅛	43⅝	+ ⅜
25⅛	11⅞	Diam Sham	295	24⅝	24½	24	24⅛	— ⅛
36½	2	Dia Sh pfC 2	3	36	36	35½	35⅞	— ½
19⅝	13¼	DiaS pf D1.20	36	18¼	18⅞	18¼	18¼	
24⅞	8	Dictaphone	74	12⅝	12⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅝
72½	48⅞	Diebold .48b	25	72	72	70½	71	—1
20	9¼	DiGlorg .60	29	16⅛	16⅛	15⅞	16	— ⅛
32	16⅞	DiGlorg pf.88	1	27	27	27	27	—2
124	48¾	Digital Equip	220	69⅛	69¼	65⅝	66⅛	—2⅝
16⅞	8⅞	Dillinghm .40	84	13⅝	14	13⅛	13⅞	— ⅛
49	25	Dilling pf A 2	1	33½	33½	33½	33½	— ½
48	25¼	Dilling pf B 2	1	33½	33½	33½	33½	
24⅛	13	Dillon Co .64	214	24¼	24¼	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
175	89⅞	Disney .20b	79	172⅞	173⅝	172	173½	+ ⅛
89	77	Disney wi	36	86½	87½	86¼	87½	+ ⅞
35⅝	37½	DistSeag 1.20	1	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	+ ⅛
		DisSea fn1.20	10	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	51⅞	
23⅛	6⅞	Diversind .36	107	12⅛	12⅛	11½	11⅝	— ⅜
31¼	18⅝	DivMig .52g	106	26⅞	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
25⅛	13	DrPepper .36	82	25	25	24⅝	24⅞	
67¾	45	DomeMns .80	44	65	65	64	64	—1⅜
13⅝	7	DomFnd .29g	9	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
25⅝	13½	Donnelley .44	64	24⅛	24⅝	23⅞	24⅜	+ ⅛
28⅛	11⅛	Doric Cp .32	20	23¼	23⅞	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅜
19⅝	6⅝	Dorr Oliver	12	10½	10½	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅜
46¾	30½	Dover Cp .75	18	45⅝	45¾	45	45	— ⅞
84	58⅝	DowChm 2.60	154	82⅞	83⅝	82	82	— ⅝
39	23	DravoCp 1.40	7	37½	37⅝	37	37	—1
35⅞	22	DressInd 1.40	252	35⅛	35⅛	34⅝	34⅞	—1⅛
41⅞	28¼	Dress pf 2.20	32	40½	40⅛	40¼	40¼	— ⅜
37⅛	25	Dressr pfB 2	20	36⅞	37	36⅛	35⅞	— ⅞
32	13	Dreyfus Cp 1	18	28⅝	28⅝	27⅝	27⅝	—1
29½	20⅛	Duke Pw 1.40	1676	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
115¾	101	Duke pf8.70	z920	112¼	113	112¼	113	+ ⅛
104½	84¼	Duke pf6.75	3	102½	103	102½	103	— ¼
59⅝	41⅝	DunBrd 1.20a	169	54⅝	54¼	53⅝	53⅞	— ⅜
42⅛	21¼	Duplan .60f	264	39⅞	39⅞	37¼	38⅞	— ½
148	92½	duPont 1.25g	98	138	138	136⅛	138	+ ⅞
77¾	60½	duPont pf4.50	6	75	75	74½	74⅝	+ ⅛
60½	48	duPont pf3.50	1	59	59	59	59	— ⅛
26⅞	20⅛	Duq Lt 1.66	217	26¾	26⅞	26⅜	26⅞	+ ⅛
32½	25½	Dq 4.20pf2.10	z50	31½	31½	31¼	31½	+1¼
31½	25	Dq 4.10pf2.05	z50	30½	30½	30½	30½	— ½
31½	24½	DuqLt 4pf 2						
28⅞	21	Dq 3.75pf1.87	z50	28½	28½	28½	28½	
16⅞	7⅝	Dymo Ind	71	12½	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅜
11¼	4⅞	Dynam Am	160	8½	8½	8	8½	
		E						
29¾	16¾	EaglePic .90	12	27½	27½	27½	27⅛	— ⅜
23⅛	14⅝	Easco Cp .90	110	22⅞	23	22¾	22¾	— ¼
27⅛	11	East Air Lin	854	20¾	20⅝	20	20⅛	— ⅝
38⅞	18¼	V EastGs 1.04t	89	35⅝	35⅝	34⅝	35	— ⅛
22⅝	16⅛	East Util 1.40	6	21½	21½	21	21⅛	— ⅛
84⅝	57⅛	EasKodak 1a	804	75⅞	75⅝	74⅝	74⅞	—2
40⅞	22¼	EatonYa 1.40	410	38⅝	39⅛	38⅝	38⅝	— ⅛
35⅜	15½	Echtln Mf .52	15	34½	34⅞	34¼	34½	— ⅛
41⅝	16	EckerdJ .28	188	40⅛	40⅜	38⅝	39⅞	— ⅜
37	20	EdisonBros 1	4	35⅞	35½	35	35⅞	
23⅛	8¼	EG&G .10	113	18	18¼	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛
11⅞	3⅝	Elect Assoc	26	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅜
40⅛	6⅞	El Mem Mag	276	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅜
28⅛	9½	ElMMag pf 1	32	12⅝	12⅞	12¼	12½	— ¼
9⅛	4½	Elgin Nat	75	6½	6⅝	6½	6½	
20	14¼	ElPasoNG 1	353	18½	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	— ⅛
27⅞	18⅛	EltraCp 1.20	69	27⅞	28⅝	27⅝	28	
7⅝	3⅝	EMI Ltd .32e	14	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
72⅛	42⅛	Emer El 1.16	57	71⅞	71⅝	70⅝	70½	— ⅝
50	29	EmEl pf B.50	11	49⅛	49⅛	49	49	
66	41	EmeryAirF 1	33	67	68	67	67⅛	+1⅝
44½	23½	Emhart 1.20	54	38⅛	38½	38	38	— ⅞
32⅞	24⅛	EmpDist 1.76	11	32⅝	32¼	32	32	
33⅞	17⅝	Empire Gas	37	19⅝	19⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅝
29½	15	EnglhMin .40	109	28½	28⅝	28	28½	— ½
176	95	Eng M pf4.25	11	173½	175	173	174	—1
19	9	Ennis Bus .32	20	12½	12¾	12⅛	12½	
36½	27	Equit Gs 2.20	12	35½	35⅞	35½	35⅞	+ ⅛
31	25⅞	EquitLfe M	12	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29⅝	— ⅛
59	12⅛	EqutyFd .10r	372	33	32⅝	32½	32⅞	— ⅛
25¾	16⅝	ESB Inc 1.20	12	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	— ½
22¼	8½	squire .30	30	15⅝	15⅞	15¼	15½	— ⅜
41	17	EsserInt 1.20	45	39¼	39⅞	39½	39⅞	— ⅛
49	35¼	Essex pf2.84	2	48½	48½	48½	48⅛	
19⅞	8⅛	Esterlin .07g	132	15	15	14¼	14⅞	— ½
28½	15	Ethyl Cp .84	44	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	
43	28½	Ethyl pf2.40	5	40¼	40½	40¼	40½	— ⅛
21¼	13⅛	Eurofnd .95g	11	19⅝	19⅞	19½	19⅜	— ½
47⅞	23¼	EvansPrd .60	64	44⅞	44⅞	43⅝	43¼	—2⅝
27½	16½	ExCellO .25	44	23⅝	23½	23⅛	23¼	
		F						
36½	11	Faberge .40	194	16⅝	16⅝	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅞
47½	28¼	FactorA .60b	49	41¾	42½	41¼	41¼	— ⅜
96	18	Fairch Cam	384	33⅝	33⅞	32	32	—1⅝
13½	6	Fair Hill .30e	145	11⅛	11⅞	11½	11⅝	— ⅜
20⅝	13⅛	Fairmont 1	29	18⅝	18⅝	18⅜	18⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	5½	Falstaff	315	8¼	8⅞	8	8⅛	— ⅜

(Continued on next page.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 19.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Friday	Year ago
FOODS		
Wheat 2, red bush	$2.19½	$1.96¼
Wheat 2, hard c.i.f. bu	2.11¾	1.93½
Corn. 2 yellow bu.	1.81¼	1.32¼
Oats 2 white bu.	1.08½	.82
Rye 2 Western c.i.f bu	1.76	1.68½
Cocoa Accra. lb.	*.27	.34⅝
Coffee 4 Santos lb	.51	.51
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	.16½	.16¼
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton	106.00	99.00
Iron 2, Fdry Phila. ton	74.50	66.00
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt	40-41	45-46
Lead spot lb.	.13½	.16½
Copper elec. lb.	.50¾	.55-.56½
Tin (Straits), lb	1.64¼	1.75½
Zinc. E. St. L. basis, lb	.15	.15½
Silver N.Y.. oz.	1.61	1.85½
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	390.0	430.8

* Nominal. † Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Feb. 19, 1971

World sugar No. 11: March 4.96 May 4.92-93, July 4.89-90, Sept. 4.83, Oct. 4.76, March '72 4.72, May '72 4.68.

Wool new: March 61.5 b, Oct. 71.5 b, March '72 72.5 b

Wool tops: No sales.

Cocoa: March 28.13, May 23.55, July 23.99, Sept. 24.30, Dec. 24.95, March '72 26.26.

Copper: March 47.35, May 47.60, July 47.60, Sept. 48.00, Oct. 48.10, Dec. 48.25, Jan. '72 48.25, March '72 48.30.

Orange juice (frozen concentrated): March 45.30, May 45.40, July 45.65, Sept. 47.75, Nov. 48.15 b, Jan. '72 47.50 b

Potatoes: March 2.50, April 2.70, May 3.03.

Silver: March 161.20, May 163.30, July 165.40, Sept. 167.50, Dec. 170.70, Jan. '72 171.60, March '72 173.90, May '72 175.90.

(a) asked. (b) bid. (n) nominal.

COTTON No. 2

	Open	High	Low	Close	Change
Mar	26.51	26.99	26.45	25.95-97	+45-47
May	27.14	27.57	27.07	27.58-59	+47-48
Jul	27.50	28.20	27.42	28.08-20	+63-75
Oct	27.30	28.35	27.30	28.35	+110
Dec	26.74	27.54	26.85	27.54	+69

z-bid (stands for night)

CHICAGO FUTURES

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close
WHEAT					
Mar	1.69	1.69⅝	1.68¼	1.69	1.69
May	1.64	1.64½	1.64	1.64¼	1.64¼
Jul	1.55⅞	1.56⅝	1.55⅞	1.55⅝	1.56
Sep	1.59	1.59½	1.57¾	1.58½	1.57¼
Dec	1.62⅝	1.63¼	1.62⅝	1.62⅞	1.62⅝
CORN					
Mar	1.51¼	1.51⅞	1.51	1.51⅞	1.51¼
May	1.54	1.54½	1.53¼	1.54½	1.53⅞
Jul	1.55¾	1.56⅝	1.55⅝	1.56⅝	1.55½
Sep	1.54⅝	1.55½	1.54⅝	1.55¼	1.54⅞
Dec	1.53	1.53⅞	1.52⅝	1.53	1.52⅞
Mar	1.57½	1.57¾	1.57	15.7¾	1.57⅝
SOYBEANS					
Mar	3.06⅝	3.06⅞	3.05¼	3.05½	3.05⅞
May	3.10⅝	3.10⅝	3.09⅝	3.09⅝	3.10⅝
Jul	3.13¼	3.13¼	3.12⅛	3.12⅝	3.13⅛
Aug	3.09¼	3.10¼	3.09	3.09¼	3.10⅛
Sep	2.95⅝	2.96¼	2.95⅛	2.95½	2.95⅝
Nov	2.85⅝	2.86¼	2.85	2.85⅝	2.85¼
Jan	2.89½	2.90⅝	2.89⅝	2.90	2.89⅝
SOYBEAN OIL					
Mar	12.17	12.18	12.06	12.15	12.12
May	12.10	12.17	12.05	12.12	12.10
Jul	11.98	12.07	11.95	11.97	11.98
Aug	11.85	11.93	11.80	11.87	11.85

U.S. Commodity Prices

Sep	11.45	11.51	11.40	11.47	11.45
Oct	10.85	10.95	10.85	10.87	10.93
Nov	10.60	10.71	10.60	10.65	10.60
Dec	10.55	10.63	10.55	10.60	10.55
Jan	10.43	10.50	10.46	10.47	10.40
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Mar	73.40	78.45	78.10	73.25	73.35
May	73.75	73.75	73.40	73.55	73.75
Jul	77.55	77.55	77.20	77.35	77.55
Aug	77.65	77.65	77.33	77.35	77.70
Sep	77.55	73.00	77.75	a77.93	77.75
Oct	6.55	76.60	75.40	76.60	a76.70
Nov	75.20	75.20	75.05	75.10	a75.05
Dec	74.85	751.0	74.85	a75.20	74.80
Jan	74.75	74.90	74.75	a75.10	a74.85

a—Asked; n—Nominal; b—Bid.

SILVER					
Feb	16.1.60	1.62.60	1.61.50	1.61.70	1.60.30
Mar	1.62.00	1.62.20	1.61.50	1.62.10	1.61.00
Apr	1.62.60	1.63.60	1.62.33	1.62.80	1.61.60
Jun	1.64.20	1.65.90	1.64.20	1.64.80	1.63.50
Aug	1.66.50	1.67.53	1.66.40	1.66.80	1.65.70
Oct	1.67.53	1.69.60	1.68.80	1.69.00	1.67.90
Dec	1.70.90	1.71.90	1.70.60	1.71.10	1.70.00
Feb	1.73.00	1.73.50	1.73.20	1.73.10	1.72.00
Apr	1.74.60	1.75.50	1.74.60	1.75.10	1.73.80

LIVE BEEF CATTLE					
Feb	33.80	33.95	33.55	33.90	33.85
Apr	321.5	32.22	32.03	32.12	32.10

Jun	31.20	31.30	31.00	31.17	31.12
Aug	32.40	30.52	32.32	30.37	30.40
Oct	29.85	29.95	29.75	29.95	29.95
Dec	29.72	29.72	29.65	29.70	29.75
Feb	—	—	—	b30.00	a29.50

Sales: Feb 756; April 13.33; June 602; Aug 263; Oct 63; Dec 7; Feb'72. 0.

LIVE HOGS					
Feb	20.43	20.65	20.25	20.50	20.10
Apr	19.00	19.20	17.92	18.07	18.00
Jun	19.40	19.45	19.30	19.35	19.40
Jul	20.40	20.45	20.25	20.25	20.20
Aug	20.50	20.52	20.20	20.20	20.50
Oct	20.35	20.57	20.35	20.50	20.50
Dec	20.92	21.05	20.90	c20.90	20.95

Sales: Feb 274; April 237; June 96; July 76; Aug 51; Oct 53; Dec 9.

SHELL EGGS					
Mar	32.55	34.25	33.60	34.10	34.05
Apr	31.90	32.20	31.70	32.10	31.85

May	31.43	31.95	31.40	31.95	b31.45
Jun	32.05	32.05	32.05	32.05	a32.20
Jul	—	—	—	n33.00	n33.00
Sep	37.00	37.40	a37.95	37.43	37.00

Sales: March 373; April 97; May 32; June 1; July 0; Sep 71.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
Feb	25.90	26.80	25.92	26.50	25.80
Mar	25.45	25.80	25.45	25.80	25.55
May	25.05	26.22	25.95	26.20	26.03
Jul	25.43	25.63	25.35	25.52	26.45
Aug	25.27	26.10	25.85	26.05	25.90
Feb	32.70	33.05	32.70	33.05	32.55
Mar	—	—	—	n32.60	r32.60
Jul	34.00	34.09	34.00	34.09	
Aug	—	—	—	b32.85	n32.75

Sales: Feb 951; March 1.407; May 497; July 593; Aug 235; Feb'72. 33; March'72, 0. July'72, 1. Aug'72. 0.

Open interest: Feb 1.071; March 4.119; May 3.413; July 6.347; Aug 3.260; Feb'72, 179; March'72. 7; July'72. 0 Aug'72. 7.

b—Bid; a—Offered; nv inal.

Market Summary

Feb. 19, 1971

Most Actives—New York

Greyhnd	2,022,600	17¼	— ½
Kennecott	305,800	37⅝	—4¼
FedNat Mtg	173,600	67⅝	— ½
Duke Pw	167,600	26⅛	— ⅛
Weyerhsr	167,003	57½	+ ½
Am Tel Tel	164,703	50⅜	+ ⅛
Southern Co	131,500	25½	— ⅞
Gen Cable	121,700	22	— ⅞
Burroughs	113,600	111⅞	—1⅛
Occiden Pet	111,300	21	— ⅞
Chrysler	107,900	27	— ⅜
Scott Pap	93,500	26	+ ½
Goodyear	87,700	31⅞	— ⅜
East Air Lin	85,400	20⅛	— ⅝
Leasco Dat	81,600	17	—1⅛

Volume, all stocks, 17,880,000 shares.
Volume, 15 stocks, 2,935,100 shares.
Ratio, 15 stocks, 22 percent
Average price, 15 stocks, $37.30
New 1970-71 highs: 90; lows, 2.
Issues traded in: 1,607.
Advances: 318; declines: 1,148, unchanged: 234.
N.Y. stock index: 53.20 —0.46; industrials: 56.23 —0.58; transportation: 40.24 —0.49; utility: 42.06 —0.18; finance: 67.99 —0.57.

Most Actives—American

Assd Mtg In	82,800	29⅝	—1
Beverly Enl	81,500	13½	— ¼
Cdn Javelin	73,700	13⅛	+ ⅝
Amco Indus	57,600	17⅝	—1⅝
NatGn wt n	53,300	5⅞	— ⅛
Telepromp	45,900	59⅞	—3⅛
Extendcar	45,300	25⅞	— ¼
P&A Indust	45,100	14¼	—2¼
Syntex	44,500	47¼	— ⅝
Bluebird wt	40,300	4¼	+ ¼

Approx total stock sales 4,610,000
Stock sales year ago 3,457,175

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
25.29	24.92	25.03	—.21

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	833.47	835.50	875.00	878.56	— 6.50
20 Trn	174.52	175.44	172.80	173.67	— 1.11
15 Util	124.97	125.89	123.66	124.20	— 0.90
65 Stk	271.61	272.87	269.82	270.06	— 2.03

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials ..	107.32	105.64	106.17	—.90
20 Railroads	37.31	33.74	33.97	—.16
55 Utilities	63.22	62.07	62.33	—.60
500 Stocks	97.59	95.25	95.74	—.82

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Buy	Sales	*Short
Feb. 18	302,920	663,044	4,416
Feb. 17	351,167	693,811	3,575
Feb. 16	459,596	824,508	2,651
Feb. 12	339,562	611,763	3,119
Feb 11	333,190	625,291	3,159

These totals are included in the sales figures.

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For institutions only

On behalf of clients we will bid for the following options subject to market conditions.

95 DAYS STRADDLES

4,000	Fairchild Camera	$500
2,500	Flying Tiger	525
3,000	Shecker Motors	325
3,500	Mohawk Data Sc.	475
5,000	Eastern Air Lines	250
4,500	Pan American Airlines	200
6,500	T.W.A.	200
3,500	United Airlines	350
2,000	Control Data	750
5,000	Occidental Pet.	250
3,500	Litton	350
4,500	Kentucky Fried Chicken	275
4,000	Skyline	400
2,500	Champion Home Build.	475
4,000	Savin Bus. Mach.	450

If interested in any of the above, get in touch with

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New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS-90.

Alexandrs	Ill Cent pf	Revlon pf
A MetClx pf	IllPw 4.7Cpf	Rite Aid
Balt G pf C	Int Util	SEDCO Inc
Block HR	Int Util A	Sou Ry
Bos Edis pf	Jewel Cos	StdBrand pf
Bklyn UGas	Kelsey Hay	Sun Oil
Cabot Corp	Koppers pf	Sun Oil pf
ChaseMan T	Ligg Myers	Tropicana
Comw Oil pf	Lubrizol	USM stp wl
DayPL pf D	MAPCO Inc	VaComw Bk
DetE 9.32pf	McLean Trk	VaEP 4.20pf
Emery Air	NoNG 6.40pf	VWR Unit
Green Shoe	NoNG 5.80pf	Wels Mkts
GulfW 5.75pf	Outb Marine	Wesig El
Heller Int	Purolator	WhitCn pfB
Heller Int pf	QuakOat 3pf	Wis Pub Sv
Hoff Elect	Revco DS	

NEW LOWS- 2

CredFin wl JerC 9.36pf

Supertankers for Mobil

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (AP-DJ).—Two contracts valued at a total of about $60 million, for construction of two supertankers, have been signed by Mobil Oil with Sasebo Heavy Industries. The vessels, to be built at Sasebo's Japanese shipyards, will have a 10-foot buffer space between the bottom of the hull and cargo tanks to provide added protection against spills.

Japan Vehicle Output

TOKYO, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Motor vehicle output in Japan last month fell more than 17 percent from December, the automobile manufacturers' association said today.

This announcement is not an offer to sell. The offer is only made by the prospectus which is available where legal.

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INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

Feb. 19, 1971

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied to the IHT. d daily. w—weekly. r—regularly. i irregularly

(d) A.F C.A $12.25
(w) A G P Fund $12.17
(r) AGRI-Fund $4.70
(d) A.I.I Growth Fund ... SF36.72
(w) Alexander Fund $9.27
(w) All-Seas Fund S.A. ... $10.71
(d) Am Express Int'l Fd $6.62
(w) Am Inc Prop S&S $8.81
(r) Atalitada Fund $9.15
(w) Ampro Fund $11.20
(w) Apollo Fund $25.37
(d) Apollo Fund S.A. ... $13.47
(w) Aries Fund N V ... $37.421
(r) Atlantic Everest Fd.... £0.71
(w) Atl Flexible Trust $10.62
(w) Austral Trust S A ... $5.55
(w) Austr'n Selection Fd. $6.70
(w) Brownvest $22.68
(w) Buttress Int'l Dpll Fd $0.71—
(r) Cameta Fund N V $10.00
(d) Can Gas & Energy Fd Can.$13.82
(d) Can Secur Growth Fd Can $4.51
CAPITAL GROWTH:
— (d) Cap Growth Fd .. $4.77
— (d) Cap Gr.R'l Est. Fd $11.29
— (d) Sec Bahaml Int Tr Bah.$7.70
(w) Capital International $11.04
(w) Capital Italia S A $9.64
(d) Caribico N V C' Sh $36.50
(d) Caribico warrant "B" $67.63
(r) Cleveland Offshore Fd $945.60
(w) Convert Fd.Int.A Certs $8.62
(w) Convert Fd Int B Certs $10.32
(d) Convert Bond Fd N V $8.70
CREDIT SUISSE:
— (d) C S Fonds-Bonds ... SF103.00
— (d) C S Fonds-Int'l ... SF103.75
CREDIT SUISSE.
SWISS BANK CORP:
— (d) Europa-Valor. SF160.25
— (d) Intervalor. SF102.50
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser. SF238.50
(r) Crosby Fund S.A ... $7.65
(w) D G C $10.13
(d) Delta Invest Fund ... $5.09
(d) Delta Multi-Fund ... $10.04
(d) Diamond Gr'th ... $2.37
(w) Dreyfus Intercl. Inv Fd $15.47
(d) Dreyfus Offshore Trust $10.00
(w) E.M.I.F S.A ... $9.86
(w) Euro-America Fund ... $7.00
(d) Eurunion $56.01
(d) Exec Fund Canada ... $6.21
(d) Exec Growth Fund ... $6.63
(w) Fidelity Int'l Fund ... $17.30
(r) Fidelity Pacific Fund $7.93
(d) Fiducem BF1.909
(d) Finance Union $10.36
FINANCIERS INT'L:
— (r) Aus. Pac. Est Fd .. $10.00
— (r) I.F.M.A. $10.00
(r) Fine Art Fund Inc ... $5.00
(w) First Amer Investment $11.81
(w) First/Fund $11.13
FIRST INVESTORS:
— (w) American Trust ... $8.66
— (w) Int'l Min &Petr Fd. $10.14
— (r) Austl Ld & Prop Fd Bah.$10.37
(d) First N'l City Fd ... $22.40
(w) First Security Cap Fd $63.13
(w) Fleming Fund S A ... $64.30
(w) Fleming Japan Fund... $71.01
(w) Fleschner Becker Fd ... $20.25
(w) Fonsetecs Issue Pr ... SF2.440
(r) Foreign Exchange Fd $10.05
(w) Forest Growth Fd S A $874.61
(w) Forest Income Fd S A. $1062.04
(d) Formula Selection Fd .. SF29.87
(w) Fortune Fund $3.53
(d) Frontier Growth Fund $7.54
(w) Frontier Trust $10.25
FUND OF AUSTRALIA GROUP:
— (w) Fd of Austral.($US) $8.22
— (w) Fd Austral Sterling Aus.$4.60
— (w) Real Estate Fund.. Aus.$6.57
(d) Geneva F & T NAV ... $5.46
(d) Geneva F&TDist Reinv $6.02
GRAMCO FUNDS:
— (r) USIF Real Estate.... $7.65**
— (r) US Italia (50-50) ... $5.15**
(d) Growth Equity Fund ... Can.$5.02
(w) GuardianGrwthFd Int'l $5.66
(w) Hambro Overseas Fd $3.15
(w) Hausmann Holdgs NV $8.961
(w) Hedged Investors ... $11.979
(r) H O.I T Hebel $24.04
ICC GROUP FUNDS:
— (d) Int. Commod Inv. $5.02**
— (d) West Aus'l'lan Mir. $15.07**
— (d) International Bank $10.15
(d) ICOFUND $9.53
ICT FUNDS
— (d) The Dollar Fund... $10.63
— (d) Realstock $10.59
— (d) Fund of New York $8.85
— (d) Fund of Nations ... $9.86
(w) INGROW $23.03
INVESTMENT PARTNERS:
— (d) Am Dynamics F... $10.50
— (d) Neckermann Fund. DM23.64
— (d) Nippon Dynams Fd $7.73
I.O.S FUNDS:
— (d) Commonwealth Int'l Can.$12.26
— (d) Commonw.Leverage Can.$3.18
— (d) IOS International .. Can.$5.25
— (d) Fonditalia $10.79
— (d) Fund of Funds ... $6.11*
— (d) FOF Sterling £1.63
— (d) I.I.T $6.00
— (d) Investors Fonds ... DM18.55
— (d) IOS Growth Fund. $8.03*
— (d) IOS Regent Fund... $8.34
— (d) IOS Venture .... Can.$3.63
— (d) IOS Venture (Int'l) $8.06
— (d) Australian FOF ... Aus $7.79
(d) Interfix $100.01
(d) Interfund S.A $10.25
(d) Interitalia Lir7.967
(w) Intermarket Fund L $114.21
(w) Int'l Income Fund ... $829.53*
(w) Int'l R'l Estate Inv.Fd. $23.25
(r) Internat'l Shipping Fd DM11.127.62
(r) Int. Whiskey Fund ... $2.70
(r) Investors Can Realty Can.$10.91
(d) Italunion S A Fd .. $9.69
(r) Japan Growth Fund ... $5.05
(w) Japan Pacific Fund . $9.55
(d) Japan Selection Fund $5.83
(d) KB Income Fund ... LF1.157
(d) Keyes R'l Estate Fund $5.47
(w) Keyfund $5.39
(w) Kleinwort Benson Int'l Fd $10.22
(w) Kleinwort Bens Jap Fd. $9.76
(w) Lake Shore Fund ... $32.32
(r) Leverage Cap Holdings $17.15
(w) Luxfund $20.63
(d) M & G Island Fund. £0.66.6
(d) Mercury Associates A $54.62
(d) Midas GoldFd 1.025 oz $39.98
(w) Mutual Fds of Am Ltd. $19.02
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund... $7.40
(d) Neuwirth Inv Fund ... $10.06
(w) New World R'l Estate ... $10.26
(r) N A M F $63.57
(r) Nippon Fund $13.53
(w) Nor Amer. Inv Fund $8.15
(w) Nor Amer Bank Fund $22.88
(r) Olympic Cap Fd Inc.... $3.10
(w) Pacific Inv Fund ... $5.00
(w) Pacific Seaboard Fd... $19.84
PAN AMER MUTUAL FUNDS:
— (d) Pan Am Growth Fd $5.55
— (d) Pan Am Income Fd $2.80
— (d) Pan Am Spec Fd. $8.44
— (d) Real Estate Equities $11.50
(d) Par Fund $10.65**
(w) Performance Group Fd $1.13
(w) Prime Americas Fund $10.00
(w) Pyramid (CMC) $17.68
(d) Rebeco I $20.21
(d) Rebeco II $26.59
(d) Renta Fund LF2.379
(w) Resort Fund $11.03
(w) Roosevelt Fund $10.81
SAFE GROUP:
— (d) Safe Fund $12.92
— (d) Safe Trust Fund ... $13.39
— (d) Global Fund $6.60
— (d) Cosmopolitan Fund $8.15
(d) Security Growth Fund $11.07
(d) Selective Am R'lty Fd $10.66
(d) Selective Capital Fund $7.92
(w) SEPRO $3.80
SHARE MANAGEMENT:
— (d) Share Int'l Fd .. $9.67
— (d) Share Realty NV .. $10.71
— (w) Shareholders Eval $9.72
— (d) Enterprise Fund ... $6.24
— (d) Harbor Fund $6.39
S M C FUNDS:
— (w) Boston Int Secur $9.16
— (w) Chase Selection Fd $10.12
— (d) Uro Show Fund ... SF7.42
— (d) Int'l Technology Fd $12.63
— (d) Invest Selection Fd $5.48
(d) Scudder Capital Fund LF678
(r) So Am Int'l Fund Bah $6.00
(w) Stanhope Transat Fd $17.81
(w) Stand & Poor Int. Fd. $221.17
(w) S&P Dollar Fund ... £4.46
(w) S &P HampsteadCo Ltd £1.77
(w) S &P Jardine Jap Fd $9.60
(r) S&P Monit Co Ltd. £3.70
(w) S &P Sterling Fund ... £3.77
(w) Star Fund $11.50
(r) Euro Amer. Bank Capital $15.97
(r) Talent Global Fund ... $10.74
(w) Target Offshore ....
(r) Terralund Limited $3.14
(r) The Commodity Fund. $7.64
(d) The U S Fund N.V. $3.71
(w) Tokyo Cap.Holdings NV $11.63
(r) Tokyo Valor $1.60
(w) Transpacific Fund...... $5.23
(r) Tyndall Bermuda Fund —
(r) Tyndall Inter Fund ... —
(r) Tyndall Overseas Fd $1.10
UNION BANK SWITZ:
— (d) Amca US sh .. SF22.00
— (d) Bond Invest SF105.75
— (d) Eurit Eu sh Bid SF166.00
— (d) Fonsa Sw sh Bid SF108.00
— (d) Globinvest .. Bid SF94.30
— (d) Pacific-Invest. Bid SF94.00
— (d) Safit S Af sh Bid SF241.00
— (d) Sima Sw R Est Bid SF150.50
UNION-INVESTMENT Frankfurt.
— (d) Atlanticfonds DM30.60
— (d) Europafonds DM46.72
— (d) Unifonds DM25.61
— (d) Unirenta DM44.34
(r) United Cap Inv Fd. $4.47
USI GROUP:
— (w) United Growth Fd $1.28
— (w) Cn Inc. & Gr Fd... $10.45
— (w) USI Venture Fund $6.14
— (w) Euro-Am. R'lEst.Fd. $10.00
— (w) Fund of Nations ... $11.71
— (w) The Lion Plan $1.22
(w) U S Income Properties $10.35
(w) U S Land Fund ... $5.36
(d) U S Trust Invest. Fd. $12.00
(d) Universal Fund ... SF127.51
(w) Univers Ek Stock Fd. $17.01
(d) Univ Bond Select ... SF108.75
(d) Victory Fund S A ... $10.34
(w) Western Growth Fd $7.97
(w) West Hedge Fd Cl A $4,495
(d) World Equity Grth Fd $706.30
(w) World Inv'ur Stock Fd $14.07
(w) World R'l Est.Stock Fd $14.34
(w) Worldwide Securities . $40.42
(w) Worldwide Special ... $3.043
(w) Zodiac Commod Fund $9.70
(w) Zodiac Fund $7.02

DM — Deutsche Marks; * — Ex-dividend; † — New; NA — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxemburg francs; SF — Swiss francs; ‡ — Offer price; a — Asked

**For the time being no new sales or redemptions of present holdings will be accepted for these funds.

don't move without calling
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international removals

Paris 265-6062
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madrid 204 40 40-2
milan 650 110
munich 351 2061
rome 47 84 32
stockholm 53 41 50
vienna 82 43 64
zurich 60 20 00
interconex
montreal (514) 849-1168
long beach (213) 432-5483
new york (212) 249-3602

Mutual Funds

'ORK (AP) — owing quo- supplied by nal Associ- Securities s at which ave been) or bought Friday.

Closing prices on Feb. 19, 1971

	Bid	Ask
	2.10	2.30
Funds:		
	6.43	7.05
	4.16	4.56
	8.74	9.58
	5.42	5.92
	9.75	10.66
	7.44	8.04
	8.63	8.63
	.78	.85
	10.68	11.48
	11.37	12.43
	6.21	6.79
	3.33	3.61
	10.68	11.67
	5.12	5.60
press:		
	8.51	9.30
	9.38	10.25
	8.86	9.68
	8.92	
	9.05	9.89
	6.63	7.25
	5.55	5.55
	9.20	10.05
	3.25	3.55
roup:		
	8.18	8.96
	11.00	12.05
	8.21	9.00
	8.95	9.81
	40.41	44.28
	4.63	5.06
hlon:		
	5.64	6.13
	7.87	8.55
	6.08	6.64
	4.66	5.07
	unavail	
	8.22	8.98
	13.72	13.72
	8.62	8.62
	6.34	6.93
	6.27	6.85
	6.34	6.93
	8.18	8.94
	11.41	12.47
	8.30	9.07
	3.62	3.96
alvin:		
	14.37	15.74
	19.11	20.93
	3.70	4.06
	10.64	11.66
	15.41	16.87
	7.01	7.68
	9.37	10.13
	7.94	8.76
	3.42	3.75
	6.35	6.95
	12.07	13.19
Funds:		
	11.58	12.66
	1.73	1.89
	5.09	5.56
	7.72	8.44
	1.73	1.89
Bos:		
	6.74	7.37
	9.11	9.96
	80.84	84.43
	11.37	12.43
	9.07	9.97
	17.29	18.90
	4.13	4.51
	11.05	12.08
	6.16	6.73
	9.94	10.86
	4.96	5.42
	12.76	12.76
	4.99	5.42
	1.42	1.54
	1.75	1.89
	9.65	10.58
	6.69	7.33
	9.26	10.07
	9.94	10.80
	4.31	4.71
	12.88	12.88
	11.37	11.87
	7.93	7.93
	9.50	9.69

	Bid	Ask
Corp Ld	15.36	16.85
Cnty Cap	12.62	13.64
Crn WDiv	6.03	6.59
Crn WDal	6.97	7.62
deVgh M	68.46	68.46
Delaware Group:		
Decat	12.01	13.13
Delwr	12.98	14.19
Delta	7.10	7.76
Dodg Cox	15.26	15.26
Drexel	13.96	13.96
Dreyf Fd	11.92	13.06
Dreyf Lv	13.42	14.71
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	9.94	10.86
Grwth	12.30	13.44
Incom	6.18	6.75
Specl	8.77	9.58
Stock	13.48	14.73
Eberst	13.93	15.22
Egret	12.74	13.85
Emrg Sc	6.10	6.67
Energy	12.87	12.87
Entprse	6.29	6.87
Equity	9.23	10.09
Equt Gth	8.89	9.74
Equt Pro	4.08	4.47
Fairfd	10.25	11.20
Farm Bu	10.12	10.12
Fid Dest	7.21	
Fidelity Group:		
Capit	12.04	13.16
Essex	13.32	14.61
Evrst	13.22	14.45
Fidel	15.97	17.43
Purtn	10.48	11.45
Salem	5.19	5.67
Trend	23.50	25.68
Financial Prog:		
Dynm	4.23	4.64
Indust	3.83	4.20
Incom	5.92	6.48
Vent	4.28	4.68
FstF Va	11.17	12.21
Fstln Dis	8.17	8.95
Fst InGth	8.73	9.57
Fst InStk	9.54	10.48
Fst Multf	8.91	9.05
Fst Nat	7.57	8.27
Fst Siera	44.28	48.55
Flet Cap	6.17	
Flet Fnd	5.51	
Fla Gth	5.78	6.32
Fnd Gth	4.38	4.78
Founders Group:		
Grwth	14.86	16.24
Incom	13.36	14.60
Mutal	8.63	9.43
Specl	9.56	10.45
Foursq	10.21	11.16
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	8.59	9.41
Grwth	6.24	6.84
Util	6.42	7.05
Incom	2.15	2.36
Fd IrMut	10.10	10.10
Fund Inc Grp:		
Cmrc	9.39	10.26
Impac	7.66	8.37
Ind Trd	12.56	13.73
Pilot	7.29	7.97
Fund Am	8.49	9.30
Gatewy	unavail	
Gen Sec	10.00	10.00
Gibraltr	7.21	7.28
Group Sec:		
Apex F	7.96	8.70
Bal Fd	8.88	9.71
Com St	12.98	14.19
GrthFd A	8.43	9.21
Grth Ind	19.87	19.87
Guardn	25.59	25.59
Hamilton:		
HFI	4.65	5.08
Gth	7.52	8.22
Harbor	8.34	9.17
H&C Fd	12.25	12.25
H&C Lev	9.92	9.92
Hedb Gor	7.94	7.94
Hedge	10.75	11.78
Herlige	2.45	2.68
H Mann	15.38	16.02
Hubsmn	3.49	3.81
ICM Finl	7.59	8.31
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.00	4.37
Incom	4.39	4.80
Tr shrs	11.92	13.04
Tr unit	3.27	
Imp Cap	9.28	10.15
Imp Gth	7.03	7.68
Inc FdB	7.03	7.71

	Bid	Ask
Indstry	5.10	5.59
INTGN	unavail	
Inv CoA	13.20	14.43
Inv Guid	8.76	8.76
Inves Bos	12.35	13.50
Investors Group:		
IDS ndl	4.45	4.83
Mut	9.95	10.79
Prog	4.17	4.54
Stock	19.19	20.86
Select	9.25	9.96
Var Py	7.22	7.85
Inv Resh	4.73	5.17
Istel	20.68	21.32
Ivy	6.19	6.19
J Hncock	7.68	8.35
Johnstn	21.15	21.15
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	9.64	10.57
Cus B1	19.35	20.20
Cus B2	19.97	21.79
Cus B4	8.59	9.37
Cus K1	7.89	8.60
Cus K2	4.99	5.46
Cus S1	18.31	19.98
Cus S2	10.45	11.41
Cus S3	7.74	8.45
Cus S4	4.59	5.02
Polar	3.62	3.97
Knickb	7.31	8.02
Knick Gt	9.32	10.21
Lenox Fd	6.27	6.86
Lex Grth	9.17	10.02
Lex Rsch	15.35	16.78
Liberty	6.16	6.73
Life Stk	5.48	59.9
Life Inv	7.62	8.33
Linc Nat	10.43	11.40
Ling	4.33	
Loomis Sayles:		
Canad	30.87	30.87
Capit	11.06	11.06
Mut	14.30	14.30
Luth Bro	12.13	13.26
Magna In	8.80	9.62
Manhtn	4.95	5.44
Mkt Grth	6.80	6.80
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	8.39	9.18
Indep	6.14	6.73
Mass	11.22	12.30
Mass Inc	15.28	16.70
Mass Gth	11.88	12.99
Mass Tr	14.10	15.41
Mates	4.32	4.32
Mathers	13.08	13.08
MIdA Mu	5.56	6.08
Moody Cp	12.22	13.35
Moody's	13.02	14.23
MIF Fd	8.85	9.57
MIF Gth	5.48	5.92
MuUS Gv	11.01	11.18
Mu OmG	5.53	6.01
Mu Omln	10.57	11.59
Mut Shrs	16.25	16.25
Mut Trst	1.98	1.98
NEA Mut	10.27	10.48
Nat Ind	10.63	10.68
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balen	11.07	12.10
Bond	5.06	5.53
Divid	4.40	4.81
Grwth	9.24	10.10
Pf Stk	7.45	8.14
Incom	5.43	5.93
Stock	8.27	9.04
Nel Grth	9.06	9.95
Neuw Cel	5.77	6.31
Neuw Fd	15.24	[illegible]
New Wld	13.05	14.26
Newton	14.85	16.23
Nich Strg	12.46	12.46
Noreast	13.55	13.55
Ochgph	7.23	7.23
Omega	6.27	6.39
100 Fund	14.03	15.39
101 Fund	9.46	10.34
One WmS	14.73	14.73
O'Nell	11.70	11.70
Oppenh	8.09	8.84
Opp AIM	11.19	12.23
OTC Sec	10.30	11.30
Pace Fnd	7.67	8.40
Paul Rev	8.12	8.87
Penn Sq	8.13	8.13
Pa Mut	4.70	4.70
Phila	14.38	15.76
Pilgrim	9.78	10.69
Pine St	11.73	11.73
Pion Ent	7.35	8.03
Plan Inv	10.67	11.66
Pligrth	12.71	13.89
Price Funds:		
Grwth	24.51	24.51

	Bid	Ask
N Era	9.93	9.93
N Hor	24.05	26.05
Pro Fund	10.34	10.34
Pro Portf	unavail	
Provdnt	4.89	5.34
Prud Sys	10.37	11.33
Putnam Funds:		
Equit	7.61	8.32
Georg	14.29	15.62
Grth	9.87	10.81
Incom	8.16	8.92
Invest	7.45	8.14
Vista	8.07	8.82
Voyag	6.66	7.28
Revere	10.48	11.45
Rinfret	15.24	15.75
Schustr	15.74	17.23
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	unavail	
Spcl	33.17	33.17
Bal	15.47	15.47
Com St	10.07	10.07
Security Funds:		
Equity	3.31	3.63
Invest.	8.03	8.80
Ultra	6.66	7.38
Selec Am	9.54	10.32
Sel SpecS	15.44	16.88
Sentl Gth	8.35	9.08
Sham Fd	10.59	10.59
Shear Ap	28.50	31.15
Sh Dean	17.60	7.60
Side	9.60	10.52
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	9.25	10.11
Invest	11.14	12.17
Trust	9.07	9.91
Smith B	9.58	9.58
Swst Inv	9.18	9.92
Swinv Gt	6.71	7.25
Sover Inv	13.38	14.65
Spectra	6.84	7.50
StFrm Gt	unavail	
State St	45.51	45.76
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	3.65	4.00
Asso F	1.33	1.46
Fiduc	6.98	7.65
Stein Roe Fds:		
Bal	19.48	9.48
Cap Op	8.81	8.81
Stock	13.63	13.63
Supervisd Inv:		
Grth	7.10	7.78
Sumit	10.41	11.41
Tech	7.42	8.09
Syncr Gt	9.47	10.35
TMR Ap	12.14	3.27
Teachrs	10.07	10.49
Technol	3.81	4.16
Temp Gt	24.59	26.87
Towr MR	5.38	5.83
Tran Cap	7.44	8.09
Trav Eq	10.07	11.01
Tudor Fd	12.08	13.20
TwnC Gt	3.88	3.16
TwnC Inc	4.03	4.42
Unif Mut	10.10	11.04
Unitd	9.94	10.86
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	13.92	15.21
Nat Inv	7.52	8.22
Un Cap	9.79	10.70
Whtch	12.61	13.78
United Funds:		
Accm	7.22	7.91
Incom	13.53	14.83
Scien	7.55	8.27
Vang	9.27	10.16
UFd Can	7.35	8.03
Value Line Fd:		
Val Lin	6.54	7.17
Incom	5.20	5.70
Spl Sit	5.44	5.96
VncsS spl	8.41	9.19
Vandrbl	6.97	7.62
Vangd	4.61	5.04
Var IndP	4.88	5.30
Viking	unavail	
WallSt In	9.78	10.69
Wellingtn Group:		
Explr	20.23	21.52
Ivest	15.37	16.80
Morg	10.47	1.44
Techv	7.94	
Trust	11.25	12.30
Welist	12.55	13.72
Welltn	11.71	12.80
Windr	9.86	10.78
West Ind	6.12	6.69
Whcp Fd	5.22	5.70
Winfield	4.27	4.67
Wisc Fd	6.57	7.18
Worth	2.82	2.82
Zeigler	10.22	11.17

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Feb. 19, 1971

	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
INDUSTRIALS				
Abitibi	7½	7	7⅝	
475 Acklands	5⅛c	5⅛	5⅛	
800 Agra Ind	7½	7¼	7½	
1001 Albia Gt	47⅛	47⅝	47⅛	+ ¼
900 Albta NG	24¼	24	24	— ⅛
1700 All Sug	7¼	7¼	7¼	
5802 Bk Nova S	23¼	22⅝	22⅞	— ⅛
4203 Bll Tl	46¾	46½	46½	— ⅛
10 B C Forest	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	
8120 Block Bros	4.25	4.10	4.15	—.15
3600 Burns	11	10¾	11	+ ¼
415 Calg Pow	26¼	26	26	— ¼
100 Can Malt	22¼	22¼	22¼	
1200 Can Pack	19½	19¼	19½	
1965 Can Perm Mel	12¾	12¼	12⅛	— ⅛
1400 Cdn C Wrt	.85	.84	.85	—.02
1620 Cdn Hydro	16¼	16	16⅛	
23850 Cdn Im Bk	20½V	19⅞	20½	+ ⅜
11816 Cdn Ind Gas	11	10⅝	10⅞	— ¼
420 Cdn Tlr	29½	29	29½	+ ½
300 Cdn Wstgh	12½	12½	12½	— ¼
2650 Capital Div	1.25	1.15	1.20	
4640 Chemcell	5.12	4.95	4.95	—.05
1200 Colum Cl	6	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
3750 Con Build	1.65	1.60	1.60	—.05
4571 Consum Gas	19⅞	19⅝	19¾	
3100 Crush Int	16¾	16¼	16¾	+ ½
1950 Cygnus A	5.25	4.90	5.25	+.25
2450 Cygnus B	7⅝	6½	7	+ ¼
2718 Dom Fdrs	24¼	24	24	— ⅜
2750 Dom Stores	10⅞	10⅝	10¾	— ⅛
3100 du Pont Can	15½	15¼	15½	+ ⅛
86 Dylex Div	5½	5½	5½	
10 Emco	16¼	16¼	16¼	
1905 Falcon	138	137¼	137¼	— ¾
17090 Fam Play	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
950 Fed Grain	7¼	7⅛	7¼	
460 Frasr	18⅛	18¼	18⅛	
400 Gen Dist Can	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
716 Gt L Pap	20	20	20	
2310 Gt W Life	40⅝	40	40	
2410 Gryhd Can	14½	14½	14½	— ¼
696 Guar Trust	9¾	9½	9¾	+ ¼
5376 Gulf Can	20¾	20½	20¾	— ⅛
1618 Hawk Sid	2.45	2.40	2.45	+.05
2215 IAC Ltd	17⅛	17	17	— ⅛
2500 Indusmin	13¾	13⅝	13¾	+ ⅛
1625 Inland Gas	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅝
2895 Int P Lin	27	26½	26⅝	— ⅜
3142 Inv Grp A	8⅝	8	8⅝	+ ⅛
9618 Jocky Cl	5½	5⅜	5½	
1100 Kaiser Resour	6¾	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
1607 Labatt J	22	21¾	22	+ ¼
3200 Lk Ont Cem	3.00	2.90	2.95	—.05
26 L Scord	8¾	8¾	8¾	
2000 Loblaw A	5	5	5	
4500 Loblaw B	4.95	4.80	4.85	—.10
2025 Loeb	3.95	3.90	3.90	
6761 MacM Bl	27¼	27	27¼	
25 Metro Strs	34½	34½	34½	+ ½
16682 Moore	34¾	34	34¼	— ⅜
6482 Norand	31¾	31⅛	31¾	+ ⅛
5725 Nor Ctl G	15⅞	15¾	15¾	— ⅛
2400 OSF Ind	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
4575 Oshawa A	10⅞	10¾	10⅞	+ ⅛
515 Pembina	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	
476 Petrofina	20	20	20	
1425 Rothmans	12	11¾	12	— ¼
1000 Scotts Rest	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	
2983 Shell Can A	34¾	34½	34½	— ⅛
200 SimpSrs A	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
3100 Slater Stl	12¼	12	12⅛	— ⅛
5316 Steel Can	27⅝	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅝
100 Super Pot	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅜
200 Teledyn Can	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ¼
444 Texaco Can	30½	30¼	30½	
10590 Thom Newspap	23⅝	23	23	— ⅛
2389 Tor Dm Bk	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ¼
1300 Trad Group	10⅝	10½	10½	— ⅛
6408 Trans Can	32½	32	32	— ½
5615 Tran Mt	21¾	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
930 Un CarbCan	15¼	15	15	— ½
3719 Un. Gas Can	16	15⅝	15⅝	
250 Un O Can	42	42	42	
100 Versatile	3.75	3.75	3.75	
900 Wainoco	4.10	4.00	4.00	—.10
1880 Weldwood	18¾	18½	18½	— ¼
500 Westbn Intl	9	9	9	
310 Weston A	19	18⅞	19	+ ⅛
8375 White Pass	17⅛	16¾	16⅞	
MINES				
Agnico	2.55	2.55	2.55	+.05
7050 Beth Cop	14.50	14.25	14.50	+.25
5400 Bralor	2.60	2.40	2.60	+.25
725 Brun MS	4.90	4.85	4.85	—.10
1500 Camflo	3.00	2.95	3.00	
2300 Can Tung	2.32	2.26	2.26	—.06
615 Cassiar	24.00	24.00	24.00	
6720 Chmalov	1.91	1.87	1.90	
2900 C Morris	2.21	2.15	2.15	—.05
3500 Conwst	9.70	9.60	9.70	+.20
4800 Copperf	1.54	1.45	1.54	+.05
550 Crgmt	8.05	8.00	8.00	
950 Denis	28.00	27.50	27.50	—.75
1400 Dickens	1.48	1.44	1.48	+.08
500 Disc Mns	1.10	1.02	1.02	—.03
500 East Sull	3.70	3.65	3.65	—.05
41.00 Endako	14.00	14.00	14.00	—.37
1800 Granisle	10.50	10.12	10.25	
650 High Bel	3.20	3.10	3.20	+.05
Holling	38.00	37.50	37.50	—.50
1665 Int Mogul	12.25	12.00	12.25	+.25
800 Km Kotla	1.10	1.10	1.10	
1668 Kerr Ad	9.75	9.75	9.75	—.15
350 Labrad	35.50	35.50	35.50	—.25
1950 L Dufit	12.00	11.87	11.87	
200 La Luz	5.70	5.70	5.70	—.05
1280 Leitch	1.57	1.55	1.55	—.02
233 LL Lac	2.20	2.20	2.20	
700 Madeline	2.64	2.64	2.64	+.04
4500 Madsen	.76	.76	.76	—.04
960 Newcon	5.85	5.75	5.75	—.05
7200 New Imp	1.45	1.36	1.40	+.04
805 Opem	10.62	10.50	10.50	
2200 Orchan	3.55	3.40	3.40	—.15
2100 Pamour	2.05	2.01	2.01	—.04
3725 Patino	27.37	27.12	27.12	—.50
400 Pine Pt	29.00	29.00	29.00	
4100 Placer	32.87	32.00	32.87	+.37
900 Rayrock	1.56	1.53	1.53	+.01
5705 Sherritt	17.50	17.37	17.50	
100 Silvfld	1.75	1.75	1.75	—.13
225 Siscoe	1.85	1.85	1.85	—.05
2000 Slanrock	.95	.70	.71	+.04
2745 Steep R	2.62	2.55	2.55	—.05
1200 Sullivan	3.95	3.80	3.80	—.10
700 Teck A	5.90	5.80	5.85	—.05
9000 Tribag	.85	.83	.85	
20 Un Keno	4.70	4.70	4.70	
2700 Upp Can	1.85	1.80	1.80	—.05
2600 W Mines	3.35	3.30	3.30	—.10
500 Willroy	1.06	1.06	1.06	
725 Yk Bear	5.25	5.15	5.15	—.05
OILS & GAS				
6910 Alminex	6.25	6.00	6.15	—.10
15830 B P Oil	6.25	6.05	6.15	
1400 Cen Del	12.62	12.12	12.25	—.25
6100 Clark C	3.20	3.00	3.05	—.25
4100 Dynom	1.17	1.14	1.14	—.04
2600 Gt Plain	32.62	32.50	32.50	
3950 Nat Petro	3.20	3.00	3.15	+.15
1300 Num OG	7.65	7.65	7.65	
6100 Permo	.67	.65	.65	—.03
1000 Petrol	1.26	1.25	1.25	—.01
6300 Place G	.30	1.25	1.30	
3705 Ranger	14.87	14.25	14.50	—.50
7300 Spooner	1.90	1.82	1.82	
6000 W Decal	5.95	5.75	5.85	

Total sales 2,280,000 shares.

Montreal Stocks

1670 Algoma	14½	14⅜	14⅜	— ¼
1268 Asbestos	34	33¾	33¾	
7590 Bank Mont	14⅝	14⅝	14½	— ⅛
245 Bombardier	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	
130 Brinco	5¼	5¼	5¼	
441 CVAN Cement	40½	40¼	40⅜	+ ⅜
136 Can Cement pf	19½	19½	19½	
325 Cdn Indust	12⅝	12⅜	12⅝	+ ⅛
100 Cdn Int Pow	25½	25½	25½	— ¼
2500 Con Bath	10½	10	10	— ½
535 Dom Text	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	— ¼
3060 Imasco	16½	16	16½	
1000 Ivaco	9½	9⅜	9⅜	
400 Laur Fin	7¾	7⅝	7¾	
708 Molson A	16¼	16⅛	16¼	+ ⅛
248 Molson B	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅜
1000 Phoenix Cn O	7.00	6.90	7.00	—.10
375 Power Cp	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
3780 Price Co	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ¼
7995 Royal Bank	24	23¾	23¾	
1430 Royal Trst	29½	29½	29½	
1333 Steinberg A	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
1600 Valcro Ind	19½	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
400 Zellers	14	14	14	

Total sales 1,056,400 shares.

Foreign Stock Indexes

	Today	Prev.	1971 High	1971 Low
Amsterdam..	120.8	120.9	121.4	112.5
Brussels	100.46	100.30	100.61	92.14
Frankfurt ..	148.51	142.84	145.28	119.43
London 30..	331.8	333.7	346.9	321.9
London 500	141.49	141.36	143.08	136.92
Milan	58.70	59.14	58.14	54.24
Milan	Strike	103.3	104.7	99.8
Sydney	498.62	500.68	518.51	487.03
Tokyo (n)..	162.85	161.96	162.85	148.05
Tokyo (o)..	2212.80	2202.68	2213.39	1981.74
Zurich	327.7	329.0	329.0	307.3

(n) new. (o) old.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
19⅞	9⅜	Family Fi .60	12	15⅝	15⅞	15⅝	15¾	— ¼
16⅛	7¾	Fansteel Inc	33	14	14	13½	13½	— ⅝
18⅝	9⅛	Far West Fin	45	14⅞	15	14⅜	14⅝	— ¾
39	35	Farah Mfg	52	37¾	37⅞	37	37	— ½
24⅝	5¼	FAS Intl	60	7	7	6¾	6¾	
28½	18¼	Federal 1.20	100	27¾	27¾	26⅝	26⅝	—1¼
29⅞	20⅛	FedMog 1.80	28	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	+ ¼
69¼	45⅛	FedNMtg .96	1730	65⅛	65⅝	64⅝	64⅞	— ½
17⅞	8¼	FedPacEl	22	17¼	17⅛	16¾	17	— ½
21½	13⅛	F Pac pf1.26	1	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ¼
23⅞	14	FedPapBd 1	4	22½	22½	22½	22½	
[illegible]	13⅞	FedSignS .60	4	22⅛	22¼	21¾	21¾	— ¼
11⅝	4⅝	Federals Inc	48	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10¼	— ½
43⅞	25¼	FedDeptStr 1	146	43⅜	43⅝	42⅞	43⅜	+ ¼
10⅞	6¼	Federat Dev	2	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ¼
25⅛	13⅜	Ferro Cp .70	8	24	24⅛	23⅞	23⅞	
35	16⅝	Fibrebrd .70	38	33¾	34	33⅝	33½	— ½
39⅞	21⅛	FieldctM 1.40	169	39¼	39⅞	38½	33½	— ¾
39	19⅝	Filtrol 1.40	10	26½	26½	26⅛	26½	— ½
23⅝	9⅛	Fin Federatn	51	17½	17⅞	17⅛	17⅞	— ⅜
52⅝	34⅞	Firestne 1.60	80	48⅞	49¼	48¼	48⅞	
47¾	27⅝	Fst Chrt 1.84t	100	46¼	46⅝	46⅛	46¼	
30¼	18½	Fst Mtg 1.71e	155	29⅞	29⅞	29⅛	29⅞	— ⅜
73	65⅝	FstNBos Cp	15	69	69¼	69	69⅛	+ ⅜
74⅞	55⅛	FstNCity 2.64	198	68⅛	69⅛	68	68⅞	— ¼
49½	26⅝	FstNStr .25g	6	46	46	45¾	45¾	— ⅝
37	17½	Fischbch .80	1	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	— ½
19⅞	8¾	Fishr Fd .20e	52	17⅛	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	+1¼
16⅝	6⅝	Fisher Sci .16	107	16	16¼	15¾	16⅛	+ ⅛
41	13⅜	FleetEnt .16	149	33⅞	33⅞	33¼	33⅝	— ½
13⅞	8⅞	Fleming .50	8	12⅞	12¾	12⅝	12½	— ⅛
29⅛	17⅝	Flintkote 1	55	28¼	28⅛	27	27¼	—1
85½	57¼	Flint pfA 4.50	z320	84¾	84¾	83½	83½	+ ½
26½	16⅛	Fla Gas .60	54	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	
57⅝	40⅝	FlaPow 1.68	29	56½	56⅝	55¾	55¾	— ¾
76¼	54⅛	FlaPwLt 2.12	35	72⅝	72½	72	72⅛	— ⅛
24½	15¼	Fla Steel 1	10	20½	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	17⅜	FluorCp 1.23f	109	28¼	28⅛	27⅝	28	— ⅜
43	11¼	Fly Tigr .81t	586	38½	38⅝	37¼	37⅞	— ⅞
31⅜	20½	FlyTgr pf1.20	146	28⅜	28⅝	27	27⅞	— ⅜
29½	15½	FMC Cp .85	160	27½	27⅞	26⅝	26⅞	— ⅝
45	30	FMC pf2.25	8	40⅝	40⅞	40½	40½	— ½
20¼	12⅝	Food Fair .90	38	19⅝	19⅝	15½	19¼	
12¼	7	Foote CB .60	20	9½	9½	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
18¾	8½	Foote Min	17	14	14	13⅝	13½	— ½
29½	22	Foote pf 2.20	11	28¾	28⅝	28¾	28⅝	
58½	37⅛	FordM 2.40	402	57¾	57⅛	57	57⅛	— ¼
30¼	16¼	ForMcK3 .80	115	21⅞	22	21¼	22	+ ½
24	12½	Fost Whl .80	114	22½	22⅝	21¾	22	— ⅜
39⅞	18⅛	Foxboro	60	33⅝	33¾	33⅜	33⅞	+ ⅛
31¾	13⅛	Frank Str .40	21	20⅞	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅜
25⅛	11¾	FreeptSul .80	77	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	— ½
42¼	23¼	Fruehf 1.70	120	34⅛	34¼	33½	33½	— ⅝
31¾	7	Fuquain .45t	518	20½	20½	19⅞	19⅝	— ⅞

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1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
62	15⅝	GAC Cp .80	316	22⅛	22⅛	20⅝	20⅝	—1½
16⅞	7¼	GAF Corp .40	157	14⅞	14⅞	14¼	14½	— ¼
25¼	15	GAF pf 1.20	12	22	22	21¾	22	— ⅛
44⅞	17	GamSko 1.30	107	42⅝	42⅝	42⅛	42¼	— ½
45½	22⅛	GamS pf 1.75	23	43⅞	43⅝	43⅛	43¼	—1
44¼	20	GamS pf 1.60	38	42⅝	42½	42⅛	42¼	— ½
37½	16½	Gannett .48	35	36½	37	36⅝	37	+ ¼
47½	22	GardDen 1.3 0	79	47	47	46⅞	46½	—1
20¾	13½	Garlock .80	6	20	20	19⅝	19⅞	— ¼
11½	4⅞	Gateway Ind	23	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
18⅝	8⅞	GCA Corp	37	13	13¼	12⅞	13¼	— ⅛
18½	11⅛	Gemini Cap	17	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	— ⅛
13	9½	Geminin .56a	7	12½	12½	12½	12½	
28⅝	16	GenAlnv .83g	23	22¼	22½	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
42⅝	26⅛	GAmOil .60b	34	39⅝	40	39½	39¾	
46⅝	28⅝	GATran 1.60	17	46¼	46½	46¼	46⅛	+ ⅛
59½	41	GATrn pf2.50	2	59½	59½	59½	59½	
15¼	10½	Gen Banc .56	13	13¼	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	
24⅝	14⅝	GnCable .80	1217	22½	22⅝	22	22	— ½
38⅜	18⅝	Gen Cig 1.20	19	36¾	36⅞	36½	36⅞	— ⅛
32¼	14½	GnDevel .32t	53	25⅞	25⅞	24¾	25	— ⅝
30⅛	16½	Gen Dynam	44	27⅝	27½	27¼	27¼	— ¼
106⅞	60¼	Gen Elec 2.60	333	104⅛	104⅝	103⅝	103½	— ⅜
14⅝	7½	GenFire .14g	2	611⅝	12	11⅝	12	+ ⅛
88⅞	66½	GenFds 2.80	305	84¼	84½	83⅝	83¾	—1⅛
43⅝	41¾	GenFds wi	48	43¼	43¼	42⅝	42⅞	— ⅜
18¾	6⅝	Gen Host	237	17⅛	18⅛	17	18⅛	+1⅛
30⅞	11½	Gen Inst .30t	214	21	21⅞	20½	20½	—1
42	29½	GenInstr pf 3	1	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	+1¼
38⅝	23⅜	Gen Mills .88	95	33½	33⅝	33⅛	33⅜	+ ¼
63⅝	41	G Mill pf1.75	4	56⅞	56⅞	56⅝	56⅛	— ⅝
83	59½	Gen Mot .85g	417	81	81¼	80½	80⅞	— ⅛
84	67½	GenMot 5pf 5	9	83⅛	83¼	83	83	— ¼
62½	48½	GMot pf 3.75	10	60	60	59	59	—1⅝
30⅛	16⅝	GenPCem .80	192	28	28⅝	27⅛	27¾	— ¼
25½	16¾	G PubUt 1.60	564	23⅞	24	23⅝	23⅞	— ⅛
14⅝	6	Gen Refract	40	14⅝	14⅝	13½	13½	— ⅞
70⅝	42	GenSignl 1.20	7	56½	56⅝	56⅛	56⅛	— ⅛
116	77¼	GenSignl pf 4	4	101¾	102½	101¾	102½	+2½
16⅛	8½	Gen Stl Ind	39	14⅛	14⅛	13⅞	14	— ½
33⅝	20⅝	GnTelEl 1.52	350	31⅝	32	31⅝	31⅞	+ ⅛
46⅝	30½	GTelEl pf2.50	1	45	45	45	45	— ½
19½	14⅝	GTFla pf1.25	z40	18⅛	18½	18½	18½	
20½	15⅛	GTFla pf1.30	z320	19⅞	19⅞	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
25⅛	12⅝	Gen Tire 1b	75	23½	23½	23⅛	23⅛	
35⅝	20	Genesco 1.70	120	34	34	32¼	32½	—1⅝
12½	7⅝	Genstar .40e	23	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	
40½	21⅜	GenuinPt .75	20	39	39	38¼	38⅛	—1½
60	38⅛	GaPacif .80b	252	56⅜	57	56½	56⅛	— ⅛
85	54⅝	GaPcf pf 1.64	2	79⅝	80	79⅞	80	+ ¼
44⅛	31	Gerber 1.20	46	43⅞	44	43¼	43½	— ⅛
82½	36⅝	GettyO 1.13g	33	77½	79⅛	77¾	77¼	—2
21	15⅝	GettyO pf1.20	6	19	19⅛	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
14⅞	7½	GlanPC .40g	25	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
26	11⅛	Gibralt Fin	45	24	24	23½	23½	— ⅛
16½	6	Gidd Lewis	156	14¼	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅝
52⅞	31	Gillette 1.40	214	48⅝	48⅝	48	48	— ⅝
42½	23¼	Gimbel Br 1	62	37¾	39¼	38⅜	39	— ⅛
45	15¾	Ginos Inc	77	19	19¼	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
9⅝	5	Glen Alden	170	9¼	9⅜	9	9	— ¼
67	35	Glen Ald pf 3	2	64	64	63	63	—1
39	22	GlenAl pf2.25	1	37	37	37	37	—1
21	7½	Global Marin	162	16⅝	16⅞	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅜
21⅞	9⅛	GlobeUn .40	50	20⅝	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ½
34	19¾	Goodrich 1	125	27½	27⅝	27¼	27¼	— ½
33	21	Goodyr .85	879	31⅝	31⅞	31	31⅜	— ⅜
25¾	10	GorJwlyA .24	10	17¼	17½	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
38½	18¼	GouldInc 1.40	48	36½	37⅜	35¾	37⅜	+1
35⅛	20⅝	Grace 1.50	54	33⅛	33½	33	33¼	+ ⅛
39½	17½	Granby 1.60	53	21⅝	21⅝	21	21	— ½
31⅞	22⅝	GrandUn .80	102	30½	30⅝	30⅛	30⅞	— ⅛
16⅝	10	GraniteCity Stl	61	13⅝	13⅝	13	13⅛	— ¼
34⅝	13⅛	ggranitvile 1	48	31¾	31½	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅜
57¼	26⅞	Grant W 1.50	117	56⅝	56⅝	55¾	55⅝	— ⅞
31⅝	17	GrayDrg 1.20	33	30½	30⅝	30	30	— ½
31⅞	21½	Grt A&P 1.30	85	30	30¼	30	30	
40½	33¼	GtLkDr 1.20a	10	38½	38⅝	37¾	37¾	— ½
13⅞	9⅛	GtNorIron 1e	8	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
53½	34⅝	GtNoNek 1.60	19	48¼	48¾	48¼	48¾	
27⅛	19⅛	GNN pfB 1.6 0	2	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
14⅝V	⅛	GINN pfA.40	8	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
26¼	11⅛	Gt West Finl	81	24¼	24⅝	24⅛	24⅝	— ⅛
39½	13⅛	GtgwnUnit .90	26	28⅝	28⅝	27⅞	27⅞	— ⅛
24⅝	16½	GWUn pf 1.88	6	23½	23½	23⅛	23½	— ⅛
15⅛	6⅝	GlWashin .50	30	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ¼
29¾	17½	Grn Giant .96	20	27	27	26⅞	27⅛	
33⅝	17⅞	Grn Shoe 1.20	309	33½	35⅛	33½	33⅞	+ ⅛
20¾	13	Greyhound 1	20226	19⅞	19⅞	19¼	19¼	— ½
32¼	17	Grolier .90	626	30⅞	30⅞	30⅛	30¼	—1⅛
26¼	12⅝	GrummnCp 1	40	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24½	— ½
41⅞	18¼	GlfLfHld .40e	168	39	39½	38⅞	39⅛	+ ⅛
81¼	42½	GlfMOh 2.80a	5	79½	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	— ¼
22⅝	21¾	Gulf Oil 1.50	692	31¼	31¾	30⅞	31⅛	+ ⅛
13⅞	6⅛	Gulf Resrce	130	12¼	12⅝	11½	11⅞	— ⅜
17⅞	9⅝	GulfRes pf.20	3	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16½	— ½
22¼	14⅛	GlfRes pf1.30	3	21⅞	21⅞	21⅛	21¾	— ¼
26¾	18	GlfStUtil 1.04	434	24⅛	24¼	23¾	23¾	— ⅜
65	52⅞	GulfSU pf4.44	z50	64½	64½	64½	64½	+1⅛
66¾	53¼	GulfSU pf4.40	z40	63	63	63	63	— ⅞
26¾	9½	Gulf Wn .50	209	23¾	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
109¾	42	GulfW pf 3.50	2	101	101	101	101	—3
57½	35⅝	GulfW pf 3.87	5	55	55	54½	54½	—1¼
70	52¼	GulfW pf5.75	7	70¼	71¼	70⅛	71¼	+1⅛
18¼	6	Gulton Ind	127	11⅛	11⅛	10½	10⅝	— ⅞

H

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
40¼	23	Hall Pr 1.60a	2	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	36⅝	
55	30	Halliburt 1.05	164	54⅝	54½	54	54	— ½
12½	3¾	Hamil Wat	34	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	+ ⅛
27¼	17	Hamm Pap 1	6	24½	24⅞	24½	24⅞	+ ⅜
16⅝	7¼	Hammnd .40	217	12	12¾	11¾	12¾	+1
47⅞	19¾	Handimn .68	68	39½	39½	37¾	38	—1½
31¾	15¼	Hand Har .72	12	22¼	22¼	22	22	— ½
23⅝	9½	Hanes Cp .50	166	22⅝	22⅝	20¾	21⅞	— ⅝
55⅝	37⅛	Hanna M 1.30	36	49⅝	49⅝	49½	49⅝	+ ⅛
62¾	23¼	Harcourt 1	11	43¾	44	43½	43½	— ½
75	36⅛	Harris Int 1	98	66⅛	66¼	64	64⅛	—1⅞
22¼	14⅝	Harsco Cp 1	29	21⅝	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝	+ ⅛
33⅛	16¼	HartSMrx .80	93	28⅛	28⅞	28¾	28½	
26	15⅝	HarvAl 1.20	26	24½	24½	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅝
33	22⅝	Hawii El 1.44	9	31⅛	31⅝	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛
19½	10⅞	Hayes Albn 1	33	18⅛	18⅛	17⅝	17¾	— ½
16⅞	6½	Hazeltine	39	10⅞	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛	—1⅛
9¼	3¾	HCA Ind	26	5⅛	5⅛	5½	5½	— ¼
38½	23⅝	Heinz HJ 1	357	36¼	36⅝	36	36¼	— ⅜
26	13¼	Heller Int .60	779	25	26½	25	26⅛	+1¼
112	69	Heller pf4.07	12	109	114	109	114	+4½
21¾	13½	Helme Pds 1	31	17¼	17¼	17⅜	17⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	10¼	HelmrhP .20	29	23¼	23⅝	23	23	+ ⅛
6½	2¼	Hemisph Cap	8	4½	4½	4½	4½	+ ⅛
8⅛	4⅞	Hem Inc .05g	3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
45⅞	23½	Hercules .25g	76	43¾	43¾	43⅝	43⅞	— ⅛
30⅛	21⅞	HershF 1.10	x27	29¾	30	29½	29⅞	— ⅜
49¼	28½	Heublein .85	26	44⅝	44½	44⅛	44⅛	— ¼
45⅞	19⅝	Hew Pack .20	86	36	36¼	35⅝	35⅞	— ⅛
44¼	28¾	Hobart 1.20	6	43½	43½	43½	43½	
28¼	15⅞	HoernWal .90	13	27	27	26½	26½	— ½
10⅞	4½	Hoff Electrn	106	11	11	10½	10½	— ⅜
42⅞	19¾	Holidylnn .22	220	41⅝	41⅝	39¼	39½	—2
63¼	28½	Holid A 1.70b	4	60⅝	60⅝	59¾	59¾	—1½
24½	9⅛	HollySug 1.20	20	17⅛	17⅝	17⅛	17⅞	+ ⅛
27⅞	16⅛	Homestke .40	185	27¾	27¾	26⅞	27¼	— ½
152	65⅝	Honywll 1.30	324	100	100⅝	97½	97½	—3⅞
33	18	HoovrBl 1.20	9	28½	28½	28⅛	28⅛	
36⅞	22¼	HospitlCp Am	135	36⅛	36⅛	34⅝	35¼	—1⅛
44⅞	23½	Host Intl .36	12	34½	34½	34½	34½	— ⅛
15⅞	8⅝	Houdaille .60	27	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
32	23½	Houdl pf 2.25	2	32	32	32	32	+ ½
25⅝	12¾	Houg Mlff .40	294	16¾	16¾	15⅛	16⅛	—2
49½	29¾	HousehF 1.20	244	47⅞	47⅞	46⅝	46⅝	—1½
146	93	HousF pf4.40	5	142¼	142¼	141	141¼	—1
57¼	35	HousF pf2.50	7	57	57	56¼	56¾	— ⅛
74	45¼	HousF pf2.37	9	71¾	71¾	70½	70½	—1¾
49¾	34	HousLP 1.20	181	48⅛	48⅛	47½	47¾	— ½
54⅝	42	HoustNGs .80	108	48	48¼	47¾	48¼	+ ¼
53½	39	HouG pf1.50	2	53	53	53	53	— ¼
25⅝	11⅛	How John .24	87	25⅝	25⅝	25¼	25¼	
27	11	Howmet .70	464	20½	20⅝	18⅞	19¼	—1⅜
24⅞	17⅛	Hubbard .36g	62	24	24	23⅝	23⅞	— ⅛
25¾	17½	Hud Bay 1.20	21	22⅝	23⅛	22⅝	23	— ⅞
17⅝	8⅛	Hugh Hat .40	4	13¼	13½	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
21⅞	13	Hunt Chm .12	33	17¼	17¼	17	17	— ⅝

I

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
38	24⅝	IdahoPw 1.60	50	34	34¼	33⅝	33⅞	— ⅜
17⅛	9¼	Ideal Bas .60	129	16	16⅛	15¼	15⅛	— ⅞
83¼	58⅛	Ideal pf 4.75	4	80½	80½	80½	80½	— ½
34	14¼	Ill Cent 1.14	43	33	33	31¾	31¾	—1⅛
58⅞	36½	Ill Cen pf3.50	68	59½	60	59½	59¾	+ ⅞
44¾	28¼	Ill Powr 2.20	38	42⅛	42⅛	41¼	41¼	—1⅛
35½	28	Ill Pow pf2.35	z30	36	36	36	36	+1
32	25	Ill Pow pf2.04	z100	31½	31½	31½	31½	
15⅛	7	Imprl Cp Am	180	14⅝	14½	14	14	— ⅜
42½	22¼	INA Cp 1.40	473	41¾	42	41½	41⅝	— ⅛
16	8	Income Capit	8	12	12	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
10⅞	9¼	Inc CCu .36g	7	10½	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
29¾	14	Indian Hd .80	19	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
30⅝	28⅛	IndnaGs 1.72	10	30	30	30	30	
30	20	IndplsPL 1.50	37	26¾	26⅞	26½	26½	— ½
105	82	Ind PL pf6.25	1	103	103	103	103	
23⅛	16⅝	Indstl Nat .90	9	19½	19½	19⅛	19½	— ⅛
50	32	Inger Rand 2	134	49¾	49¾	49	49	— ⅝
41⅝	30	IngRd pf2.35	12	40⅝	40½	40¼	40¼	
31½	22¼	Inland Stl 2	139	30⅝	31	30⅝	30⅞	— ⅛
16¼	6¼	Inmont Corp	304	12½	12¼	11⅝	12⅛	— ⅛
24⅞	11⅞	Inslico .70	56	18¼	18½	18⅛	18¼	+ ¼
70	35½	InspirCop 2	33	44½	44½	44¼	44¼	— ¼
46¾	27¾	Interco 1.20	4	46⅛	46½	46⅛	46½	— ⅛
[illegible]	21¾	IntrIkinc 1.80	8	25¾	26⅛	25¾	26⅛	+ ¼
387	218¾	IBM 5.20	329	330½	331¾	327	328¼	—1
55	33	Int Chm Nclr	208	51¾	51¾	50¼	50½	— ⅛
69¼	44⅞	IntFlaFr .60b	39	64⅝	64⅝	63¾	64⅛	— ¾
33⅞	22	Int Harv 1.80	519	32½	32½	31½	31¾	—1⅛
43¾	17¼	Int Indust	203	10⅝	10⅝	9¾	9¾	— ¾
56	17	Int Ind pf1.70	43	19	19	18½	19	
16⅝	8¼	Int Mineral	172	15⅝	15¾	14¾	14⅞	— ⅞
17	10	Int Mng .40e	154	13½	13½	12½	12⅞	—1
48⅛	33⅛	In Nick 1.60a	235	43⅞	43⅞	43⅛	43⅝	— ⅛
40	28⅝	Int Pap 1.50	212	36	36¼	35⅞	36	
66¼	51½	Int Pap pf 4	230	66	66	66	66	
13⅞	5¼	Int Rectifier	26	8⅝	8⅝	8	8⅛	— ⅜
60⅜	30½	Int T&T 1.15	422	56¼	56⅝	55¾	55⅞	—1
199	107¾	IntT&T pfC 4	z20	187½	187½	187½	187½	—2
182	103¼	IntT&T pfE 4	z180	172¾	172¾	171¾	171¾	—2
112	67½	IntT&T pfH 4	3	103	103	103	103	
109½	63	IT&T pf1 4.50	32	103	103	102½	102½	— ½
99	57½	IntT&T pfK4	34	97¼	97¾	97⅛	97⅛	— ⅛
71	62	InTT pfL 5.50	z10	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	— ⅛
71	38¾	IT&TpfN 2.25	127	70½	70½	69⅞	69⅞	— ⅝
37⅞	18½	Int Util 1.40	260	37¼	38	37½	37⅞	+ ⅛
42⅛	23⅜	Int Util A	26	41⅝	42½	41⅝	42¼	+1¼
34	19	Int Util pf1.32	2	34	34	34	34	+ ½
32⅛	18	Interpace 1	22	31½	31⅝	31	31	— ½
94	65	Interpce pf 5	4	94	94	92½	92½	—1½
19¼	12⅝	IntsBrand .90	18	19	19¼	18¾	19	
20⅝	16	IntersPw 1.28	6	20	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
28	11⅝	Interst Strs	99	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	
37⅞	16¼	Iowa Beef	26	33	33	32¼	32¼	— ⅞
22	16⅛	Iowa El 1.30	51	21¾	21⅞	21⅛	21⅝	— ⅛
24	18	IowaIlGs 1.38	26	22⅝	23	22½	22¾	+ ⅛
28	20⅝	IowaPow 1.60	20	25½	25¾	25½	25½	— ⅛
24⅝	17½	IowaPSv 1.36	9	24⅝	24½	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
35½	16⅝	Ipco Hosp .34	289	21⅝	21⅞	20¼	20⅞	—1
31¼	17	ITE Imp .60	194	30⅝	30⅝	28⅝	28⅝	—1½
90¼	21⅝	Itek Corp	151	35⅛	35⅛	34⅛	34⅛	—1¼
136¾	87¼	ITT Sv pf4.50	2	129	129	129	129	+4⅛

J-K

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
15	5½	JacksnAtl .24	132	14	14	12¾	13⅝	— ⅜
10½	5¼	JacksAt pf.40	21	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅜
11¼	6⅛	Jaeger .20	5	8½	8½	8½	8½	
23⅝	11⅛	Jantzen .60b	44	21½	21½	20⅝	20⅝	—1¼
12½	7⅛	JapnFd 1.61g	325	8⅞	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	+ ⅛
		JapF fn1.61g	8	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
34½	23½	JeffnPilot .80	126	33⅝	33¾	33¼	33¼	— ¼
115½	111¼	JerCP pf9.36	z300	112	112	110	110	—3
60	48⅛	JerCPLt pf 4	z90	60	60	59	59	—1
59¼	35⅞	Jewel Co 1.50	131	59⅝	59½	58⅝	58⅝	— ⅝
39⅝	20⅛	Jim Walt .40	232	38⅝	38⅝	37¼	37⅝	— ¾
114	62½	Jim Walt pf 2	4	110¼	110¼	110¼	110¼	—2¾
44	24	JimW pf 1.60	82	43½	43½	42	42⅝	— ½
46⅛	26½	JohnMan 1.20	79	45	45	44½	44⅝	— ½
71¼	37¼	JohnJoh .40a	168	69¼	69¼	67¼	67½	—2
35½	21⅞	Johns Svc .80	12	33	33	32¾	32¾	— ⅛
59¾	48	JonLogn .80	160	58⅝	58⅝	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅜
20⅛	8¾	Jones Lau	22	12½	12½	11¾	12	— ⅜
64	40	JoneLau pf 5	z100	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	+ ⅛
25	16⅞	Jorgensn 1.30	1	22½	22½	22½	22½	
38⅝	17¼	Jostens .70	75	32	32⅝	32	32	— ⅜
54⅝	33	Joy Mf 1.40	53	50¼	50½	50¼	50¼	
42⅝	26⅛	Kaisr Alum 1	45	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	36⅛	+ ⅜
71	5	Kal Al pf 4.12	1	67¼	67¼	67¼	67¼	—1½
39½	33¾	Kal 47.5pf2.37	z310	38½	38½	37¾	37¾	
26½	16¼	KaisrCem .50	21	22⅝	22¾	22⅛	22	— ⅜
23⅝	17¼	KaiCm pf1.37	1	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	+ ⅛
25⅛	7⅛	KaneMir .02g	35	19¾	19⅞	19	19	— ¾
37⅛	26	KCtyPLt 2.08	7	35¼	35¼	34¾	34¾	— ½
63	54	KC PL 4fp.35	z30	62	62	62	62	+ ⅛
62	50½	K CPL pf4.20	z100	60	60	60	60	— ½
57	46	KC PL pf3.80	z80	56	56	56	56	+1
41½	25½	KC Sou Ind 2	8	39	39⅛	38¾	38⅞	— ⅛
16½	11½	KC Sou pf 1	z170	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	— ¼
26⅛	18⅞	Kan GE 1.44	12	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	— ⅛
34¼	27⅜	KanNgr 1.52	16	34	34	34	34	+ ¼
27⅞	18⅝	Kan PLt 1.26	27	25¾	26½	25¾	26	
14	6	Katy Ind	247	12½	12½	11¾	12½	— ⅝
52⅛	22¾	Kauf Brd .20	166	50	50	49	49	—1
23¾	11⅛	KawecB .20	23	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	— ⅛
32⅛	15⅞	KayerRo .60	16	24⅞	24⅞	24½	24⅞	— ⅜
61½	31	Keeler 1.40	34	58⅛	58⅛	57	57	—1½
30⅝	9¾	Keller Ind .60	9	28	28⅛	28	28	— ⅛
26¼	19	Kellog 1	37	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
33	15⅝	KelseyH 1.30	66	33¼	33½	32¾	33	+ ⅛
47	24½	Kendall .60	4	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾	— ¼
56	34	Kenncott 2.60	3058	41¼	41½	37½	37¾	—4¼
48⅝	10	KyFrChk .10	307	18⅝	18¾	18¼	18½	— ⅛
32⅞	23¼	Ky Util 1.68	5	31	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ¼
124	59	KerMcG 1.50	22	121½	121½	119¾	119¾	—1½
99	61	KerMc pf4.50	1	98½	98¼	98¼	98¼	+ ⅛
29	16⅝	Keystone 1.20	8	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅝	+ ⅛
46⅝	15	Kidde Co .60t	127	29¼	29¼	28⅜	28⅞	— ⅞
65½	41	Kidde pfB 4	2	54	54	54	54	
34⅝	27¼	KimClk 1.20	98	33¼	33⅜	32½	32½	— ¼
31⅛	11½	KingsDSt .56	251	29	29¼	28⅞	29	— ⅛
36	20⅝	Kinney Sv .25	162	32⅝	32⅞	31⅞	32	— ⅞
123⅝	78½	Kinney pf4.25	6	119¾	119¾	118	118	
70⅞	41	Kinney pf1.25	16	64	64	63	63	—2½
50	28	Kirsch Co 1	1	48	48	48	48	+ ¼
58	28	KLM 2.22e	26	51½	51½	50½	50½	—1⅛
50½	25¼	KnghtN .12	71	49⅞	50¼	49⅝	50¼	+ ½
30½	15½	Koehrin	32	20	20	19½	19½	— ⅛
46½	23¼	Koppers 1.60	31	36½	36⅝	36½	36⅝	+ ¼
60	49½	Koppr pf 4	z10	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	+ ¼
16½	5⅛	Koracorp Ind	34	15⅛	15½	14⅞	15½	— ⅛
45¾	31½	Kraftco 1.70	232	42¼	42¼	41	41¼	— ½
66½	33¼	Kresge SS .44	257	65⅝	66½	65½	65⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	11¼	Kroehler	51	25⅛	25⅛	24¾	24¾	— ⅞
39⅞	23	Kroger 1.30	428	39⅛	39⅛	38½	39⅛	— ⅛

L

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
25¼	19	Lacl Gas 1.45	27	24⅝	24⅞	24½	24½	— ⅛
23¾	13¼	Lamsn Sess 1	22	20½	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	— ¾
29	15	LaneBryn .65	10	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	— ½
44½	22¾	Lanv Rlitz .68	47	43½	44	43½	44	+ ⅛
17¼	6 ¼	Latroe Sll	10	11⅛	11⅞	11⅛	11⅞	+ ⅛
21⅞	10	LearSieg .50	178	15⅝	15⅞	15	15½	— ⅜
53½	29½	LearS pf2.25	14	40	40¼	39¾	39¾	— ⅝
30½	7	Leasco Data	816	19½	19¾	18¾	19	—1⅞
48¼	16½	LeasD pf2.20	174	34¾	34¾	32½	32½	—2⅛
29⅝	14¼	Leaseway .50	12	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
31⅝	14⅝	LeedsN .50	50	28½	28¼	27¼	27¼	— ⅜
21⅞a	10	Leesona .40	30	18⅛	18⅛	17¾	18	+ ⅛
16½	9⅝	LehPCem .40	30	14½	14⅛	13½	13½	—1
8½	3½	LehVal Ind	59	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
21¼	13⅝	Lehmn 1.10g	84	17½	17½	17¼	17½	+ ¼
13⅛	7½	LeverFd Cap	4	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
13⅛	9⅞	Lev Finc .75a	4	12¾	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	+ ⅛
23¼	6¼	LFE Cp	47	10	10⅛	9¾	9⅞	— ⅜
48½	28⅝	LiOFd .50g	59	47⅜	47⅞	47½	47½	— ½
84⅝	60½	LI OF pf4.75	1	84½	84½	84½	84½	— ½
10½	5	LiMcN L	30	8⅛	8⅛	8	8	— ¼
23	13	LiertyCp .20	32	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅛
22¾	9⅝	LirtyLn .25g	6	21⅞	22	21⅞	22	+ ⅛
20⅝	12	LiyLn pf1.25	3	20	20	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
50¾	30½	Lit My 2.50	199	50⅝	51⅝	50⅝	51⅛	+ ⅝
105	89	Li M pf 7	z10	104	104	104	104	
114¼	70¾	LiM pf 5.25	2	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	+3¼
116⅛	77⅛	Lilly Ell 1.40	41	114	114	113¼	113½	— ½
82½	58	Lincoln Nat 2	49	79	79	78⅛	79⅛	— ⅛
85⅛	60½	LincNt pf 3	16	83¾	83¾	83	83	—1½
29⅞	7⅛	Ling Tem Vt	376	13⅛	13½	12⅞	13⅛	
27½	6½	LinTV AA	2	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	
60¼	15½	LinTV pf 5	4	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
11⅝	3½	Lionel Corp	22	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼	— ¼
38	15¼	LittonInd .50t	734	27⅛	27⅝	26⅞	26⅝	—1½
42⅞	16¾	Litton plc pf	27	32¾	32¾	30⅜	30½	—1⅞
88	42	Litton cv pf 3	5	68	68	63	63	—3½
33	21¾	Litton pf B 2	30	28½	28½	28	28	— ⅞
21⅝	7	Lockheed Air	459	10½	10¾	10⅛	10⅝	+ ⅛
40½	16¼	Loews Corp 1	190	39½	39⅞	39⅛	39⅞	+ ⅛
15	6¼	Londontwn	13	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14	— ¼
30¾	15	Lone SCem 1	43	29⅞	29⅞	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅜
26⅝	17⅜	LoneSGa 1.24	73	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
27¾	18	LongIsLt 1.34	22	26	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	— ⅛
102	76	LIL pf l 5.75	3	100½	101	100½	101	+2
9⅞	3½	Loral Corp	66	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
73½	35	La Land 1.95	165	73½	73½	73¼	73½	— ½
40⅞	28½	LouvlGE 1.68	7	39⅝	39½	39⅛	39½	+ ⅛
96	48¾	LouisNash 4a	4	93½	93½	93½	93½	
36⅝	18¼	Lowenstn .90	80	35½	35⅝	35	35⅝	— ⅛
80⅞	39	Lurizol .70	51	81	81½	78¼	78⅝	—2⅝
40½	22½	Lucky St .90	147	38½	38½	37¾	37¾	— ¾
34	11	Ludlow 1.08	9	21¼	21¼	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅞
26½	15	LukensStl .80	14	21⅝	21⅝	21	21	—1
21¼	4	Lums Inc	141	6½	6½	6⅛	6½	
9⅝	4	LVO Corp	86	6⅝	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝	— ⅛
14½	5¼	Lykes Yngst	109	9⅝	9⅝	8⅞	8 ⅞	— ½
35⅝	14⅞	Lykes Yn pf	69	21	21¼	20½	20¾	— ⅝

M

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
27¾	13¾	MacAnF .20	8	25½	25½	25⅝	25½	
9¾	4½	MacDonald	47	6⅞	7	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
19	8	Macke Co .30	16	12½	12½	12	12	— ¼
40¼	21	Macy RH 1	69	39⅝	39⅞	39	39	— ⅝
26¾	14⅛	Mad Fd .75g	19	18½	18½	18¼	18½	+ ⅛
6⅝	3¼	Mad Sq Gar	126	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
29⅞a	12	Magic Ch .60	32	28⅞	28⅞	28¾	28¾	— ⅛
43¼	22¼	Magnvox 1.20	113	40⅞	40¼	40⅛	40¼	— ⅞
47¼	28	Mallory 1.80	8	43½	43½	43¼	43½	— ½
27¼	12¼	Manhind .56	12	19½	19½	18⅞	18⅞	—1
48⅝	21⅞	Manoowr .72	12	36⅝	36⅝	36⅛	36⅜	— ⅞
73½	52	MVAN Han 3.12	21	68¼	68¼	68	68½	
30¼	12⅝	MAPCO .90	x42	30⅛	30⅝	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	18	Marc pf 1.12	x2	39¼	39¼	38¾	38¾	+ ⅞
38¼	20	Marath 1.60	174	37⅞	37⅞	36⅞	36⅞	— ⅞
37⅞	18½	Marcor .80	669	35¾	35¾	34¾	35	— ½
74	37¼	Marcor pf A2	62	70	70⅛	69¾	70⅛	— ⅜
13⅝a	6⅛a	Maremont	28	13	13⅛	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
40⅞	29⅝	Mar Mid 1.70	139	36⅝	36⅞	35⅝	36⅛	+ ⅜
58½	28⅝	MarionL .32	342	47⅞	47⅞	46¼	46¼	—1⅝
61	34⅝	Marlen .27	60	58⅝	59½	58	59½	+ ⅜
13⅝	7	Marqutt Cem	53	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	
39⅝	21⅝	Marriott .80t	93	35⅝	35⅝	34¼	34¼	—1⅛
31⅞	18	MarshFd 1.10	55	31⅝	31⅝	31½	31⅝	+ ⅛
23	11⅝	MartinM 1.10	238	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	22	— ⅛
49¼	24¼	MryldCup .50	62	44	44¼	43	43	—1
53¼	29⅝	Masco Cp .28	2	51¼	51¼	51	51	— ⅝
58¾	24⅝	Masonite .72	39	55½	55½	54⅝	54⅝	— ½
16⅝	8	Massey Fer	107	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	
		Massey F fn	5	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
27	23⅝	MassMutl M	201	25¼	25½	24⅞	25	— ⅛
44⅝	24	Mattel .10	75	43⅝	43⅝	42⅛	42½	—2⅛
39	15⅛	MayDSir 1.60	301	38⅝	38⅝	38	38⅜	— ⅛
37⅞	25⅝	MayerOsc .56	8	30½	30⅛	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅛
27	12½	MaysJW .50b	9	26⅝	26⅞	26	26½	+ ⅜
35⅝	20¼	Maytag 1.10a	123	34¼	34¾	34¼	34⅝	+ ¼
27⅝	11¾	MCA Inc .60	187	28	28	26½	26⅞	—1
30	18⅞	McCord 1.20b	26	29⅝	29⅝	27½	27¾	— ⅝
26¾	13¾	McCrory 1.20	21	22½	22⅛V	14¼		
65	44½	Mc Cr pf 4.50	z50	55½	56½	55½	56½	
75	60	McCrory6pf 6	z50	75	75	75	75	+7
55	15¼	McDermtt 1b	233	34	34⅝	33½	34	— ⅝
54¾	27½	McDonald Cp	126	54⅝	54⅝	53¼	53⅞	— ¼
35	13	McDonD .40b	316	31¼	31⅛s	30½	30⅝	— ⅜
38¼	21⅝	McG Ed 1.40	67	37⅛	37⅝	36⅛	36⅝	—1⅛
29	10¼	McGrwH .60	99	20⅝	21	20⅝	21	+ ⅛
47	17⅝	Mc GH pf1.20	2	34	34	34	34	
7⅝	3½	McGreg Don	34	7⅛	7¼	7	7⅛	
179½	128	McIntyr 1.60	z1000	137	137	137	137	+2
24	15½	McKee .80	15	21½	21½	21¼	21¼	— ½
55½	31¼	McLean .63a	7	55½	55⅞	55½	55⅞	+ ⅜
30	12⅝	McLouth Stl	41	23¾	23⅞	22⅝	23⅛	— ¼
19½	11½	McNeil .70	11	18	18	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
21⅞	11	Mead Corp 1	120	18¾	18½	18	18½	— ¼
46	35½	Mead pfA2.80	1	45	45	45	45	
46	34	Mead pfB2.80	5	44¼	44¼	44¼	44½	+1
39	21⅛	MedusaC 1.20	23	38¼	38½	37¾	37¾	— ⅜
14½	4¼	MEI Cp	27	9⅛	9⅛	8¼	8½	— ½
49⅞	23⅝	Melv Sho .80	72	47⅝	49¼	47⅝	49⅛	— ⅛
63½	64⅝	Melv Sh pf 4	z10	65	65	65	65	
166¾	44½	Memorex Cp	187	57⅝	58½	56⅝	56⅝	— ⅞
92½	51⅛	MerconS 1.40	10	91	91	89	90	—2
112¾	73½	Merck 2.25	72	98	98⅝	97	97⅛	—1⅛
44⅛	18	Meredith .70	94	26	26	25½	25¾	— ¼
51⅛	24	Mesa Pet .10	49	45	45¾	44¾	44¾	—1⅛
96½	44	Mes sr pf2.20	8	85	85	83½	83½	—1⅝
96	44⅝	MesaP pf2.20	2	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	— ⅛
11	8¼	MesabTr .16g	75	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
31	23	Mesta Mch 2	5	30⅞	30⅞	30½	30½	— ¼
29⅛	12⅛	MGM	129	22½	22¾	21⅝	22	
24½	9⅝	Metromd .50	115	23⅞	24	23⅝	23⅞	— ¼
57	43	Met E pf 3.90	z640	56½	56½	56¼	56½	
80½	33	MGIC Inv .20	29	78¾	79	78	78	—1¼
18⅞	13	Mich Gs Ut 1	14	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17½	— ⅜
17¼	11¼	Mich Tube 1	10	16	16	16	16	
27⅞	9⅞	Microdot .10g	x125	19⅝	19⅝	18⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
22	12¼	Mid ConT .88	13	19½	19½	19⅛	19⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	18⅛	MidSUtil 1.02	390	24⅝	24⅞	24¼	24⅝	— ¼
28	16	Midld R 1.40	25	26½	26½	26⅛	26¼	— ¼
120	73	MidRpfA 4.75	7	117	117	117	117	—2
102¼	60½	Midwst Oil 3	6	97	97	95½	95½	— ¼
78⅞	37⅛	MilesLbs 1.20	81	50⅝	50⅝	49⅛	49½	— ⅞
30¼	13¾	Milt Brad .60	76	29¼	29⅝	28⅞	29	— ⅛
114¾	71	MinnMM 1.85	113	103⅞	103⅞	102¾	103¾	+ ⅛
22⅝	16	MinnPLt 1.30	120	22⅛	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
118	68¾	MissnCp 2.40	z100	113¼	113¼	113¼	113¼	
18⅝	4½	MissRiv .30r	58	14	14	13⅝	13¾	
70	45½	MoPac A 5	3	70	70	70	70	
30⅝	21⅝	MP Cem 1.60	70	28½	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	+ ⅛
22½	15½	MoPubS .80b	66	22½	22⅛	21⅝	22⅛	— ⅛
58⅛	36	MobilOil 2.40	333	55⅝	55⅛	55	55¼	
36½	13¼	Mohas 1.10	42	36	36⅛	36	36⅛	+ ⅛
87	45⅞	Mohwk Data	134	29⅝	29⅝	28	28½	—1⅛
45⅞	20⅝	Molybd .64t	61	29⅛	29⅛	27⅞	27⅞	—1⅛
50½	32⅝	Molyb pf2.50	3	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	—
25¼	14	Monarch .80	2	21¼	21½	21	21	— ⅛
25⅞	7½	Monogm Ind	116	13⅝	13⅞	13½	13⅝	— ¼
32	16½	MononR .15g	5	31¼	31¼	30¾	30⅝	— ¼
50⅝	27	MonroEq .60	48	47½	48	47½	48	+ ⅛
47	27¾	Monsant 1.80	262	38½	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅛
54½	37¼	Monsa pf 2.75	6	52	52	51½	52	— ¼
37	24½	MontDUt 1.88	29	35	35¼	35	35¼	+ ¼
34⅞	24¼	Mont Pw 1.68	24	33⅝	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
13	9½	MONYM .23g	220	12⅝	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
17½	6⅝	Moor McCor	37	15	15	15	15	— ¼
71	50⅛	MorganJ 2.72	52	64½	64¾	64½	64¾	
30	20⅝	Morse Sh .75	3	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ¼
28⅛	17⅞	Mtg Inv .25g	75	27⅝	27¾	27⅝	27¾	+ ⅛
40	22¼	MorNor .80	144	35⅞	35⅞	34⅝	35⅛	— ⅛
65	31	Motorola .60	400	61¼	62⅝	61	62	—1
39⅛	24⅛	MtFuel S 1.80	11	38⅝	38⅝	38¼	38⅛	— ⅛
24⅞	19⅝	MtSiaTT 1.36	15	23⅞	24	23¾	24	+ ¼
19⅛	9⅞	MSL Ind .40	37	14⅝	14¾	14¼	14¼	— ½
24¼	14¼	Munsingwr 1	12	23¾	23⅞	23½	23½	— ¼
28½	19⅞	MrphyCo 1.20	24	28⅝	28⅞	27⅞	27⅞	— ½
17¾	7¾	Mrphin 2.52t	48	14¼	14⅝	13¾	13⅞	— ⅝
33¾	13⅞	Murph Oil .60	38	32¾	33¼	32¾	33¼	+ ½
97	64	MurpO pf5.20	1	97	97	97	97	+ ½
19½	11⅛	MurryOh .60	2	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	— ¼



N

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
68½	33¼	Nalco Ch .70	77	44½	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	
40⅞	13	Narco Sci .60	24	26	26¼	26	26¼	+ ¼
43⅞	27⅝	NashuaCp .48	26	37¼	37⅝	37	37	— ½
24¼	9⅞	Nat Airlin .40	36	20⅝	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅜
27⅞	16	Nat Avia .96g	33	24⅞	24⅝	24	24	— ⅝
25⅞	20⅛	Nat Fuel 1.68	39	25¼	25⅞	25⅛	25⅞	+ ½
25½	9	Nat Genl .20	244	22⅞	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅜
25½V	14½	Nat Gyp 1.05	131	24⅞	5	24½	4⅝	— 2
66	56	N Gyp pf4.50	z60	64	65	64	65	+ ⅛
9¼	4¼	Nat Indust	65	7¼	7¾	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	7½	NatInd pf.60	5	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅜
14⅞	8¾	NatInd pf1.25	20	14⅝	14⅞	14½	14⅞	+ ⅜
28	16	Nat Lead 1	112	21⅝	21¾	21½	21¼	— ⅜
37⅞	21½	Nat Presto 1	13	36⅝	36⅝	36⅛	36⅝	— ⅛
27¼	13⅛	NatSvcIn .66	193	25⅝	25⅝	24¼	25⅛	—1
43⅞	26	Nat Stand .75	13	37⅞	37⅝	37	37	— ⅝
30⅝	19	NatStarch .64	10	29⅞	29⅞	29½	29½	— ⅛
46⅝	32½	Nat Steel 2.50	307	46⅝	46⅝	46½	46½	
13⅝	10⅝	Nat Tea .80	35	13⅝	13½	13⅛	13½	+ ⅛
15⅝	8⅝	NatUnEl .67r	21	14⅛	14⅛	13⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
67⅞	13⅛	Natomas .25	762	61⅞	62	58⅝	59⅝	—2¼
27⅞	10½	Neptune .40	8	20	20¼	20	20¼	
43⅞	29	Nev Pow 1.16	27	41⅝	41⅝	40¾	41⅛	— ½
28	13⅜	Newberry 1	14	20⅛	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
25⅛	18⅝	NEngEl 1.56	39	24	24¼	24	24	— ¼
36⅝	30	NE TT 2.36	91	37¼	37⅝	36⅝	37	— ¼
36½	24⅛	Newhall .07g	7	32⅛	32⅝	32¼	32⅛	— ⅜
37⅛	21½	Newmnt 1.04	95	30⅞	30⅞	30	30⅜	— ⅛
25¼	12⅝	NY Hond .50r	47	20	20⅝	20	20⅝	
36⅝	26⅛	NYS EG 2.08	33	35⅛	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	+ ⅛
18	13⅞	Niag MP 1.10	224	17¾	17⅞	17⅝	17¾	— ⅛
57½	43	Nia M pf 3.90	z60	55½	55¼	55⅛	55¼	+ ⅛
55	41	Nia M pf 3.60	z30	53½	53½	53½	53½	
52	39½	Nia M pf 3.40	z100	52	52	52	52	
20⅝	13¼	NiagShr .86g	7	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
85⅞	49¾	Norfolk W 5	105	75	75	74½	74½	— ½
27⅞	8½	NorlinCp .50r	28	14½	14⅝	14	14	—1
31⅞	12½	Norris Ind 1	40	30⅞	31	30⅛	30¾	— ⅛
26¼	11	NA Coal .60	74	25⅛	25⅝	24⅞	25⅝	+ ⅛
54⅝	18	No Am Phil 1	59	27½	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
26⅞	15¼	NoAmRk 1. 0	197	25	25⅛	24⅛	24⅝	—
73	47½	NoARk pf4.75	7	72¼	72⅛	71	71	—1
24⅞	13⅜	NoARk pf1.35	10	23⅛	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	
15⅞	8	Noeast Ut .94	173	15¼	15⅝	15⅛	15¼	
17⅛	10	NorCenGs .60	22	16⅛	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
28½	26⅛	NoIllGas 1.72	25	36	36⅛	36	36	— ⅛
32⅝	20	No In PS 1.32	468	28⅞	28⅝	28⅜	28⅜	— ⅛
56⅞	39¾	NoNGas 2.60	288	54⅛	54⅝	53⅞	53¾	—1⅛
88	76	No NG pf6.60	z110	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	+1¼
85⅞	70	No NG pf5.80	z10	86	86	86	86	+1
29¼	21⅝	NoStaPw 1.70	183	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅜
68	55	NS Pw pf4.56	z40	68	68	68	68	
63	50	NS Pw pf4.16	z20	62	62	62	62	—1
62	50	NS Pw pf4.08	z100	60½	60½	60½	60½	
55¼	44½	NS Pw pf3.60	z100	53	53	53	53	
18⅞	8	Nothgte .25g	32	9½	9½	9½	9½	
35⅞	15⅝	Northrop 1	61	26¼	26⅝	26	26	
36	19½	Northp pf1.45	1	26½	26½	26½	26½	— ½
29	14⅝	Nwst Airl .45	220	26⅞	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅜
39½	7	NwtBanc 1.40	25	36	36¼	35⅝	35⅞	—
24⅝	8⅝	Nowst Ind	137	21⅛	21⅛	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
77½	42¼	NwtInd pfA5	12	74⅛	74½	73⅞	74¼	—1⅛
77¼	44⅛	NwtInd pfC5	8	74¼	74⅛	73⅞	73¾	—1⅛
62⅝	36½	NwstIn pf4.20	36	62¼	62½	61⅝	62	
78	57	NwstSfW 2.20	7	77⅛	77¼	76⅝	76⅝	— ⅛
33⅝	22⅜	Norton 1.50	18	30¼	30⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅜
54½	28⅝	NortSim 1.83t	29	53⅝	53⅞	53⅝	53⅝	— ¼
54¾	27⅝	Nort S pf1.60	2	53	53	52⅝	52⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	8¼	NVF Co	19	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	

O

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
13⅝	5¼	Oak Elect .16	14	8½	8½	8¼	8½	— ⅛
27⅛	15	Oakite Pd .80	5	19	19½	18⅞	19¼	+ ⅜
26⅝	13⅝	Occid Pet 1b	1113	21⅝	21¾	21	21	— ⅝
80	42	OccidPet pf 4	17	68	68¼	67	68¼	—1⅛
79½	42	OccidP pf3.60	22	67¼	67¼	65	65	—2½
43½	23⅛	OccidP pf2.16	6	39¾	39¾	39	39	—1
20½	6⅝	Ogden Corp	78	14⅝	14⅞	14½	14⅝	— ⅛
27⅞	19¾	OhioEdis 1.54	62	26⅜	26⅛	26	26	— ⅜
71	55¾	Oh Ed pf 4.40	z30	69½	69½	69½	69½	+ ½
61	47½	Oh Ed pf 3.90	z40	59½	59½	59½	59½	+1½
28½	18	Okla GE 1.24	8	26⅛	26½	26¼	26¼	— ¼
63	51¼	Ok GE pf4.24	z50	62½	62½	62½	62½	— ¼
24	16¼	OklaNGs 1.24	38	23⅛	23¼	23	23	— ⅛
23⅞	13⅞	Olin Corp .88	256	22¼	22½	22¼	22¼	+ ¼
20¼	10⅛	Omarkin .49t	14	14⅛	14⅝	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
24⅝	12⅛	OneidaLt .70	4	23	23⅛	23	23	
20⅝	12⅝	Opelika 1	24	20¼	20⅝	19¾	19¾	—1⅛
23⅝	17⅝	OrangeR 1.20	24	21⅝	21⅞	21¼	21½	+ ⅛
55⅝	35⅝	Otis Elev 2	30	42⅝	42½	41⅞	42⅝	+ ⅛
33¼	12⅝	Outbd Mar 1	141	32⅝	33⅝	32⅛	32¾	— ⅝
19	10	Outlet Co .65	15	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	— ⅛
30¾	22	OverTrns .80	29	26⅝	28½	26⅝	28	+1⅛
46	31½	Owen Cng .75	65	44⅝	45¼	44⅛	45⅛	+ ½
63¾	38	Owen Ill 1.35	103	60⅝	61	60⅝	61	+ ¼
107	69	OwenIl pf4.75	32	101	101	100½	100½	—1½
21	9¾	Oxf Ind A .60	8	18¼	18¼	18	18	

P-Q

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
36⅝	22½	Pac GE 1.50	107	33¼	33⅛	32	32	—1⅛
23⅞	11⅛	PacInExp .80	16	22¼	22⅝	22	22⅝	— ⅛
28¼	20¼	Pac Lig 1.60	87	28	28¼	28	28¼	+ ⅛
31⅞	15¼	PacPetrl .30e	161	30⅝	30⅞	30½	30½	— ⅜
22⅞	16⅝	PacPwL 1.28	83	21⅞	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
27¼	14	Pac Swst Air	61	23¼	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ¾
22⅛	16¼	Pac T&T 1.20	54	20	20⅝	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
99	75¼	Pac-T&T pf 6	z230	97	98	97	97	+1
18½	8½	Pac Tin .60a	2	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
20⅝	6½	PalmBch .25	86	12¼	12⅝	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
20⅝	7⅛	PanAmS .80e	34	14	14⅛	13⅝	14	— ⅝
16¾	8	PanAm WAir	400	15⅛	15⅝	15⅛	15¼	— ⅛
43¾	31⅝	Panh EP 1.80	64	36⅝	36⅞	36⅛	36⅝	+ ¼
36¾	22¾	Papercft .60	12	36⅝	36½	36⅛	36¼	— ⅛
21¾	10	Pargas .84	43	17¾	17⅞	17	17	— ¾
50¼	29½	ParkHan 1.50	52	37⅝	37⅝	37¼	37½	— ⅛
18¾	15⅝	Park Pen .60	4	17½	17½	17¼	17¼	— ⅜
34⅞	5½	Penn Cent	142	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
19¾	8	Penn Dixie	56	13⅛	13⅛	13	13	— ¼
19¾	10½	Penn Fruit	33	19	19	18	18	—1
63	37⅝	Penney JC 1	269	62⅛	62¼	61⅜	62⅛	
64⅛	37½	PenneCo pf	5	53¼	54	53¼	54	
27⅛	20⅛	PaPwLt 1.60	120	25⅛	25⅛	24⅝	24⅝	— ½
114¼	97½	PVA PLt pf8.60	z20	113	113	113	113	—1
110½	106½	Pa PLt pf8.40	z520	109	109½	108	108	—1
69¾	54½	Pa PLt pf4.50	z630	66	66	64	64½	—2⅝
68	50¼	Pa PLt pf4.40	z190	65¾	66	65⅝	66	+ ¼
36½	17⅛	Pennwlt 1.20	42	27½	27¾	27¼	27½	
28¼	17½	Penwlt pf1.25	6	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
35	15⅝	PennzUn .80	184	31⅝	31⅝	30⅝	30¾	—1⅛
51½	23	Penz U pf1.33	81	45⅛	45⅛	44¼	44¼	—1⅛
22½	17	PeopDrg 1.10	3	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
39¾	28	PeopGas 2.08	64	37½	37⅝	37⅛	37¼	
56	38	PepsiCo 1	69	54⅝	55⅛	54⅝	54⅞	— ⅜
46⅝	17⅝	PerElmr .10g	53	35⅛	35⅝	34¾	35⅝	+ ⅛
42	27⅛	Pet Inc 1.20	34	42	42	41⅞	42	+ ⅛
24⅞	16⅞	PetInc pf 1	1	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	
23	16⅝	Pet Inc pf.80	4	22½	22½	22½	22½	
29	20½	PetePaul 1.20	9	27	27	26½	26½	— ⅜
60½	28⅛	Petroln .90	11	56⅛	56½	56¼	56½	
40	24½	Petrol pf1.37	4	37½	37¾	37½	37¾	+ ½
22⅝	14⅛	Petrim 1.19g	8	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	— ¼
39⅝	26⅛	Pfizer .60a	262	37⅞	37⅝	37¼	37½	— ⅛
56½	34	Phelps D 2.10	177	43⅝	43⅝	41	41⅛	—2¼
25⅛	19	Phila El 1.64	337	25	25⅛	24⅞	25	— ⅛
115	100	Phil El pf8.75	z2550	114	114⅛	113¾	114	
102¼	85	PhilaEl pf 7	z300	101	101	101	101	— ⅝
70	56	Phil El pf4.68	z40	68	68	68	68	— ¼
68	51½	Phil El pf4.40	z90	65½	65½	65½	65½	— ½
65	50½	Phil El pf4.30	z10	63½	63½	63½	63½	—1
58	45½	Phil El pf3.80	z110	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ½
55⅝	28	PhilMorr 1.20	246	54⅝	54⅝	54⅛	54⅝	
25⅛	8	Philip Ind .16	75	15	15	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
30½	14	Phil Ind pf 1	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	
33⅝	20	Phill Pet 1.30	510	33⅛	33⅝	32⅝	32⅞	— ⅝
20½	9⅝	Phil VH .40	14	17⅝	17⅞	17½	17½	— ⅛
23⅝	16⅛	PiedNGs 1.20	16	22⅝	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
69¼	38	Pillsbury 1.44	24	58	58	57⅛	57⅛	— ⅜
17⅜	11	PionNGas .80	101	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	— ⅛
41⅞	20⅞	PitneyB .68	227	31⅛	31⅛	29⅝	30⅛	— ⅝
17¼	11½	PitForg .80	10	16⅝	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
90½	38½	PittFtW pf	z20	49⅛	49⅛	49	49	
46¼	24½	Pittston .60b	169	42⅛	42⅞	42	42⅛	+ ¼
53¼	13⅝	Plan Resrch	158	21¾	21¾	20¾	20¾	— ¾
3⅝	2⅝	PlesseyLt .12	249	2¾	2⅞	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
		Plessy fn.12	38	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
130⅞	51	Polaroid .32	389	84	84	81⅝	82¼	—2½
23⅝	13⅝	Portec 1.20	19	22⅝	22⅝	22	22⅝	— ⅜
73	60⅞	Porter pf 5.50	z80	70½	71	70½	71	+ ⅜
21⅞	16⅞	PortG El 1.30	36	21	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅜
39¼	23⅝	PotlatchF 1	17	35⅜	35⅝	34⅛	34⅝	— ⅜
16⅝	12	Potom Elec 1	113	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞	
62	49	Pot El pf 4.50	z390	60	60	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅜
43	31	Pot El pf 2.44	5	41¼	41¼	40¾	41	+ ¼
37⅛	21½	PPG Ind 1.40	81	35⅝	35⅝	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅜
28½	16½	Premrind .60	3	27½	27½	27⅛	27½	— ½
19⅞	11¾	Premr I pf.30	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
60¾	40½	ProctGm 1.40	178	58½	58½	57⅝	57⅞	— ⅜
20¼	6⅛	ProdRsch .10	15	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛	— ⅛
25½	17⅛	PubSCol 1.12	72	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
30¾	20⅛	P Sv EG 1.64	310	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	+ ½
124	107½	PSEG pf9.62	z580	123⅛	124	123½	124	
80	63	PSEG pf5.28	z220	79⅝	80	78½	79½	—1
63	48⅝	PSEG pf4.08	z20	62½	62½	62½	62½	— ½
22⅝	18	PSEG pf1.40	5	21½	22	21½	22	+ ⅜
49⅝	32¼	PubSvIn 2.16	42	44⅝	44⅝	43⅝	43⅝	—1⅛
17¾	12⅝	PS Ind pf1.08	z150	17	17	17	17	+ ½
30½	23½	PubS NH 1.64	69	30	30¼	30	30¼	+ ⅛
9¾	4⅝	PubikInd .31t	36	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	
23¼	12⅝	Pueblo In .28	60	16⅝	16⅝	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
18⅝	12⅝	PR Cemt .60	14	14¼	14¼	14	14	— ⅛
33⅞	24⅝	PugS PL 1.76	13	32	32½	32	32¼	+ ⅛
46⅞	30⅝	Pullman 2	70	46	46	45⅝	46	
24	10⅝	Purex Cp .84	318	20¼	20¼	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
79⅞	42	Purolatr 1.60	19	80	80	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅜
49¾	34¼	Quak Oat 1	32	46	46⅝X	[illegible]	[illegible]	
90½	67	QuakOat pf 3	1	91½	91½	91½	91½	+1½
38¾	20⅝	QuakStOil .80	12	37¾	37⅝	36½	36¾	—1⅛
20	9⅝	Questor .50	24	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	— ⅛

R

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
30⅝	19¼	RalstonP .70	99	27¼	27½	27	27	— ¼
25⅝	12⅝	Ramad .24b	483	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25½	+ ⅛
26⅝	10	Ranco Inc .92	56	19	19	18½	18⅝	— ⅛
21⅝	7⅛	Rapid Amer	125	15	15	14⅝	14⅞	— ⅛
62¼	28¼	Rao A pf 2.25	16	47	47½	47	47½	—1
54⅝	19½	RaybstosM 1	34	28¼	28⅝	28	28⅛	— ⅛
16⅝	6⅛	Raymd Int	37	13	13	12½	12½	— ⅛
37⅞	16⅝	Raytheon .60	241	35¾	35½	35	35⅛	— ⅛
37½	17⅞	Rayth pf 1.12	27	36	36	35½	35½	— ⅛
34⅝	18¼	RCA 1	689	31	31⅝	30⅝	31⅛	— ⅛
83½	52½	RCA cv pr 4	13	81	81	80	80	— ½
58	44	RCA pf 3.50	z10	57	57	57	57	—1
16½	4¼	Reading Co	6	7	7	7	7	
14⅝	3⅞	Reading 1 pf	3	6¼	6¼	6	6	— ½
14⅛	3⅝	Reading 2 pf	2	6½	6½	6½	6¼	— ⅛
31⅞	9½	Rdg Bate .25	97	28⅝	28⅝	28	28	— ⅛
37	10¼	Redmn .05g	382	28⅝	28⅞	28	28½	— ⅛
41	18	Reev Br 1.50	13	39⅛	39⅞	38	39⅝	+ ⅛
13⅛	7¾	Reich Ch .20	43	11	11	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	7½	Reliab Str .40	3	11⅜	11¾	11½	11½	— ⅛
29⅞	15⅝	Relian El .70	88	27	27⅛	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅜
84	44¾	RelianEl pf 3	14	75½	75½	75	75	
52	27	Relian pf 1.60	2	48	48	48	48	+ ⅝
27¾	7⅛	Republic Cp	312	10½	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
37⅝	25⅛	RepubStl 1.60	101	28⅜	29	28⅝	29	
27⅝	14½	Revco DS .28	103	27	27¾	27	27¾	+ ¼
27	15⅝	Rever Cop 1	30	24	24¼	24	24	
76	45½	Revlon 1	77	74⅝	74⅞	74⅛	74⅝	— ⅛
91½	59	Revlon pr 1	1	91¼	91¾	91¼	91¾	+ ½
39⅝	25⅞	Rex Chn 1.50	17	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32¼	+ ¼
43	30	RexC pf2.36	6	41½	41½	41	41	
60⅝	34½	Reyn Ind 2.40	164	60	60	59⅛	59⅞	—1
68	34	Reyln pf 2.25	22	67½	67½	67	67	—1
37	22½	ReynMet 1.10	197	29⅜	29¼	28½	28⅝	— ⅜
83¼	60	Rey M pf4.50	20	77¼	77¼	75	75	—2⅛
39	29⅛	Rey M pf2.37	2	38	38	38	38	
32⅝	20⅝	Rheingold .20	70	30⅛	30⅛	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅜
21⅞	9¼	Richrdson .80	12	16⅝	16⅝	16¼	16⅛	— ⅛
67½	46⅛	RichMerrel 1	65	62½	62½	62¼	62¼	— ⅛
22	13⅝	RiegelP .60	36	16⅝	16⅝	16	16	— ⅛
19¾	10	RiegelTxt .80	19	19½	19½	18½	18½	—1
20⅞	8⅞	Rio Grnd .60	77	19⅝	19⅝	19	19½	— ¼
73½	8⅛	RioGrn pf.80	137	12⅛	12⅞	12⅛	12⅞	+ ⅛
40¾	14¾	Rite Aid .22	43	40⅝	41	40⅝	40⅞	+ ¼
31½	17	RivianaF'ds 1	8	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	RoanSel .77g	163	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
37⅝	18	RobshCon .70	4	33⅝	33⅞	33½	33½	
26½	15⅛	Robrtsn 1.10	13	25⅞	26	25¼	25⅞	— ⅛
39⅝	21⅛	RobinsAH .40	99	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27⅝	+ ⅛
27⅞	21⅛	RochGs 1.20b	9	26½	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	— ⅛
47⅝	31½	Roch Tel 1.20	11	47¼	47⅛	46⅞	46⅞	— ⅛
23½	7⅝	Rockower .24	28	16⅛	16⅛	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅜
31½	18⅛	RockMig 1.40	3	28⅛	28¼	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
92	55½	RohmH 1.60b	98	91	91	89½	90	—1
26⅛	14⅝	Rohr Cp .80	141	20½	20⅝	19¼	19¼	—1
40⅝	19⅞	RollinsInc .20	128	32⅞	33⅝	32½	33	
1 7⅛	5¾	Ronson .25f	24	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
36¼	15¼	Roper Cp	1	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅛
34	18⅝	RorerAm .72	67	33	33⅛	32	32	—1
23¾	11½	RoyCCola .54	299	21⅛	21½	20½	21	—1
48½	31⅛	Roy Dutch 2r	161	43⅞	43⅞	43¼	43⅝	
		Roy Dut fn2a	3	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	
12⅞	4½	Royal Ind	163	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
22¼	10½	RTE Corp .24	79	16	17	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
41	26½	Rubbrmd .56	2	39⅝	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	4¼	Rucker Co	27	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅛
25⅞	9⅛	Russ Tog .68	21	25¼	25⅛	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
46¾	24½	Ryder Sy .50	57	37	37	36¼	36⅝	— ⅜

S

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
36½	22⅛	Safeway .80	141	35⅝	35⅝	34⅞	35⅛	— ⅛
38⅞	22⅛	St Joe Min 2	84	29	29⅛	28	28	— ⅛
51	29¼	StL Sa F 2.40	47	50⅝	50½	49⅞	49⅞	— ⅝
42⅛	28¾	StRegisP 1.60	62	41	41¼	41	41	
24⅞	17	SanDGas 1.08	30	22¼	22½	22	22¼	+ ¼
29⅞	7⅛	Sanders Asso	274	17⅝	17⅞	16⅞	17⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	9⅝	Sangamo .40	43	17⅝	17¼	16	16	— ⅝
27⅝	16¼	Sa Feind 1.60	366	25½	25⅞	24⅝	25⅛	
9½	5½	SFe Ind pf.52	12	8	8⅛	8	8	
37⅝	12⅝	SanFeInt .30	134	36⅞	37	36⅛	36⅛	— ⅛
17⅞	7⅛	SarWelSci .30	48	12¼	12⅝	11⅞	11⅞	—1
19	14⅝	SavanhE 1.12	16	18⅛	18½	18	18⅛	— ⅛
25½	12⅝	Saxon Ind	526	22⅝	22⅞	21¾	22	— ⅝
59	24⅝	Schaefer Cp	76	34⅝	34⅝	33⅝	33⅞	— ⅛
31⅞	19¾	Schenley 1.40	31	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29½	
28½	17⅛	Schenl pf 1.40	64	28⅝	28⅝	26⅛	26⅞	— ⅛
8	6	Schnly pf .50	4	8	8	8	8	+ ⅛
71½	60½	SchrgPlg .86	78	67¼	67¼	66¼	66⅛	— ⅝
85	53	SchlitzBr 1.40	38	72⅝	72⅝	72⅛	72⅛	— ⅜
100¾	51⅞	Schlmbr 1.40	240	100⅛	100⅛	99½	99⅞	—1
24¼	11⅝	SCM Corp	149	17	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
18	11½	SCOA Ind .60	17	17⅝	17⅞	17⅛	17⅝	+ ⅛
31	14⅝	Scot L Fd .56	23	21	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
22½	10⅛	Scott Fetz .80	87	21¼	22⅛	21⅛	22	
25	11½	Scott For .60	28	23⅛	24	23⅛	23⅞	+ ⅛
35	21⅝	Scott Paper 1	935	25⅝	26	25⅝	26	+ ⅛
48	32⅝	Scovill 1.40	8	46⅛	46⅛	45⅝	45⅞	— ⅛
60⅝	36⅛	Scovil pf2.50	3	59	59	58¼	58¼	—1⅛
7⅞	4⅝	Scud Duo Vst	86	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6⅝	Scuddr pf.16g	11	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	
44⅞	20	SbCL In 2.20	43	44⅝	44⅝	44⅛	44⅛	— ½
16	4½	SbdWorld Air	235	12	12	11½	11⅝	— ⅛
29⅝	10	Seagrve .50b	42	17⅛	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	— ⅛
62¾	33⅝	Searl GD 1.30	122	62⅛	62⅛	62	62	— ⅛
81⅛	51	Sears R 1.20a	257	79⅝	79⅝	77⅝	77⅞	—1⅛
28¼	11⅛	Seatrain Line	116	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	15	— ¼
29⅝	11	Sedco Inc .08	114	29⅝	30	29⅝	29⅝	
31⅝	12	Servmt .50b	29	29⅝	29⅝	29½	29½	— ⅛
54½	35⅛	Shell Oil 2.40	131	53	53	51⅞	52⅛	— ⅝
		ShlTT fn1.39e	1	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	
25	11	ShellerGl .80	26	21⅞	21⅞	20½	20½	— ⅜
23⅞	15	ShellGl pf1.40	1	22½	22½	22½	22½	
27	16	ShellGl pf1.35	34	24¼	24¼	23⅞	24	
59⅝	26	Shew Wm 2	118	48⅝	48⅝	48¼	48⅝	— ¼
90	55⅛	Sher W pf4.40	z110	86½	86½	85	85	—3
42½	17¼	Shutton .80b	18	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅞	— ⅛
14¼	5¼	Siegel Hl	24	12⅝	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅛
20	14½	SierraPac .80	17	17⅛	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	
25⅝	11½	Signal Co .60	185	16⅝	16⅞	16¼	16¼	— ⅜
50¼	27	Signal pf2.20	16	38⅝	38⅝	37⅝	37⅝	—1
21½	12⅛	Signal pf 1	1	18	18	18	18	— ⅛
47½	25⅛	Signode 1.10	68	46⅝	46⅝	46⅛	46¼	— ⅛
11¼	3⅝	Simm Prec	33	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	
68	39	Simmn 1.40a	15	67	67½	66½	67½	+ ⅛
102⅝	62½	SimpPat .88b	16	101¼	101¼	98	98	—3⅛
85⅝	53⅛	SingerCo 2.40	122	72	72⅝	70⅛	70⅝	— ⅛
110	69	Singer pf3.50	2	93½	93½	93	93	— ½
51	29⅝	Skelly Oil	9	49	49½	49	49½	
41⅝	15¼	Skil Corp	29	19½	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	— ½
34⅝	13⅝	Skyline .20	96	29⅝	29⅝	28½	28½	— ¼
49	25½	SmithAO 1.40	34	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48¼	+ ⅛
41¼	12	Smith Intl .40	51	24	24⅛	23¾	24	
57	37⅛	Smith KF 2	121	53⅝	53⅝	53⅛	53⅝	+ ⅛
26	16	Smucker .70	3	24½	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅛
17⅝	8⅛	Sola Bas .30	17	16½	16⅝	16½	16½	— ⅛
24¼	4½	Sonesta	32	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	— ⅜
19¾	12⅛	Sony Cp .03g	226	19⅛	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅜
		Sony fn.03g	40	17	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛	
39	20½	SooLine 1.75g	18	38⅝	38⅝	38	38	
21⅝	10	SOS Cons .44	13	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
31⅞	19¾	SCar EG 1.33	110	27⅝	27⅝	27⅛	27½	— ⅛
29	21	SoJerInd 1.52	13	27½	27⅞	27½	27½	— ⅛
43⅝	18¾	Southdwn Inc	23	38⅝	38¾	37⅛	37¾	— ⅛
36½	19¼	Sodwn pf1.80	2	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33½	— ½
21⅝	12¼	SoeastPS 1.28	5	19¾	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ¼
35½	23	SouCalE 1.50	138	33½	33⅝	33¼	33¼	— ⅜
28⅝	19	South Co. 1.26	1315	26	26⅛	25¾	25⅞	— ⅞
38⅝	26	SouInGE 1.80	4	38⅛	38⅛	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅜
60⅝	37⅝	SouNGas 1.40	46	56¼	56⅝	56¼	56⅝	
42¼	21⅝	Sou Pac 1.80	212	41⅞	42	41¼	41¼	— ⅝
71¾	40	SouthrnRy 3a	142	71	72⅝	71	72	+ ⅞
15⅞	12⅛	South Ry pf 1	3	15	15	15	15	
28	22¼	SouUGas 1.26	15	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26½	— ⅛
26	11	Sw Airm .37t	6	17¼	17½	17	17	— ⅝
15	9⅛	Swest PS .74	243	14⅛	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅜
20⅝	5¼	Spartans Ind	180	12	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	
21⅛	6¼	Spartans A	42	11⅝	12	11⅝	12	
12	7	Sparton .40	21	10	10	10	10	+ ⅛
59⅝	32½	Sperry Hut 1	97	44½	44⅝	43	43⅛	—1⅛
83	49	Sperry H pf 3	1	66	66	66	66	+1
40⅝	18¾	SprryR .12g	676	30½	30⅝	29⅞	29⅞	— ⅝
26⅝	8½	gsprague El	38	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅜
18⅛	13	SpringsMill 1	3	17	17	17	17	— ⅜
26⅛	17⅝	SquareD .80a	308	25⅛	25¼	24¾	24½	— ⅝
74½	50⅝	Squibb B 1.50	107	72½	73	72½	73	+ ⅜
78½	51½	Squibb B pf 2	10	77	77	77	77	—1½
39¾	28¼	StaleyMf 1.40	1	35	35	35	35	
54½	38½	StBrands 1.40	60	47¼	48⅛	47¼	48⅛	+1⅛
59½	47⅝	StdBrd pf3.50	z120	59⅝	61	59⅝	61	+2½
47⅝	22⅝	StBrPaint .40	36	47¼	47⅝	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅛
18⅛	8½	Std Intl .28	22	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17½	— ⅜
13⅝	6	Std Kollsman	18	8⅝	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
54⅝	38	StOilCal 2.80	233	54¼	54⅝	54⅝	54¼	
59⅝	35	StOilInd 2.30	72	58¼	58⅝	57⅝	57¾	— ⅝
75	49⅞	StdOilNJ .90g	500	74⅞	74⅞	74⅛	74⅛	— ⅜
85½	51	StdOilOh 2.70	33	80	80¼	79⅝	79⅝	— ½
65	48½	StO Oh pf3.75	z210	64½	64½	64½	64½	
14⅛	4⅝	Std Press	158	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
11⅞	6½	StPrudent .66	46	10½	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅜
60¼	37⅛	Stnly Wk 1.60	22	59	59⅝	59	59	— ⅛
16⅝	6½	Stanray .40	34	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅞	+ ⅛
18½	13⅝	Starrett .80	37	17	17⅛	17	17⅛	+ ⅜
42⅛	25⅛	Stapf Ch 1.80	132	41⅝	41⅝	40⅝	41⅛	— ⅛
41⅜	26	Stauff pf1.80	1	41	41	41	41	+ ⅛
12	6⅝	Starch Br .48	9	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
44	27½	SterlDrug .80	248	41	41⅝	41	41½	+ ⅛
81½	52½	Sterl D pf1.50	4	78	78	76½	76½	—1⅜
44⅝	25½	StevensJ 2.40	194	36⅝	36⅝	35	35	—1⅝
36	22⅝	StewWar 1.80	18	31⅞	31⅞	31½	31½	— ⅝
27⅞	15⅛	Stoke VanC 1	40	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22⅛	— ⅛
15	12⅛	Stoke VC pf 1	z40	14¾	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
44	25	Stone W 1.90	11	40⅞	40⅞	40½	40½	— ⅜
13⅝	7⅞	StoneCont .36	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
30¾	14	gstorerBrd .50	36	24⅛	24½	24	24	— ½
61¼	35¼	StudWor 1.20	70	59⅞	60¼	59⅝	59⅞	— ⅛
45⅞	25⅛	St W pfA 1.40	21	45	45½	45	45½	+ ½
45¼	23	Sub Prop 1.60	47	45	45⅛	44⅛	44⅛	— ⅛
20	11	SuCrest .80	1	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
33½	14	Sun Chem .40	75	22	22	21⅝	22	
53½	38¼	SunOil 1b	35	54⅛	54⅛	52½	52½	—1
45⅛	30⅝	Sun Oil pf2.25	108	45⅝	45⅝	44¼	44¼	—1⅛
27	15	Sunbeam .80	78	24⅝	24⅝	24	24	—1
30¼	12½	Sundstrnd .80	111	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	
57⅛s	25	Sunds pf3.50	1	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	+ ¼
18⅞	8⅛	Sunsh M .52b	51	15⅛	15¼	14⅞	14⅞	— ¼
29½	17⅞	Sup Valu 1.10	9	27⅞	27⅞	27½	27½	— ⅜
188	91	Supr Oil 1.40	3	179⅝	179½	178½	179⅝	—1
35	16	Supmk G .40	31	34	34	33½	33½	— ½
7	4⅝	SurvyFd .17g	284	5½	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
23⅝	12⅛	Swank .60a	109	23¼	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	+ ¼
36⅝	22	Swift Co .70	267	35⅛	35⅛	34⅝	34⅝	— ⅝
45	19½	Sybron .60	235	30	30⅛	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅜
75½	43	Sybron pf2.40	1	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	+1
28⅝	7⅝	Systron Donn	42	13⅛	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅝

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1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
35	13⅞	Taft Brd .60	35	33⅝	34	33⅝	33¾	— ⅛
24½	12	Talcott 1.10	69	23¾	23⅞	23¼	23¼	
38¾	6¾	Talley Ind	216	14⅛	14⅝	14	14⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	9⅛	Talley pfB 1	40	16⅝	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅝
28	17¼	Tampa El .80	40	27⅝	27⅝	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
66½	30	Tandy Corp	63	61	61	59⅝	60⅝	— ⅝
25	11⅛	TappanCo .40	28	24	24	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
7⅜	2¼	Tech Mtr .09f	5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
55	28	Technicon Cp	2	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ ⅛
74⅞	19½	Tektronix	48	38⅛	38⅛	37	37	—1⅛
40	13	Teledyne .63f	585	26⅛	27	26⅛	26⅝	—1
25⅝	9⅛	Telex Cp	544	16⅛	16⅝	16	16	— ⅛
25⅛	15⅛	Temple I .25	7	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
27¼	17½	Tenneco 1.32	634	25⅛	[illegible]	[illegible]	25⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	3⅝	Tenneo wt A	461	8	8¼	7⅝	7⅞	— ⅛
103	66½	Tennec pf5.50	35	96⅛	96⅛	95⅛	96	— ⅛
37⅛	24	Texaco 1.40	735	36⅞	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	26	TexGasT 1.52	31	37⅛	37⅞	37⅛	37	
39⅝	26	Tex G pf1.50	12	38⅝	37	36⅞	37	
23⅛	13	Tex G Sul .40	384	21⅛	21⅝	20⅞	21	— ⅛
30	20½	Texas Ind 1b	38	23⅝	23⅝	22⅝	23⅛	+ ⅛
134⅛	61⅝	Texasinst .80	43	85⅝	86⅛	85⅝	86	+ ⅛
65⅛	34⅝	TexOilG4 .05	9	64⅝	64⅝	64⅛	64⅝	— ⅛
33	31½	TexOilGas wt	2	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	
20⅛	13⅛	TexPLd .50g	17	20⅞	20⅞	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
64⅛	45⅝	Tex Util 1.80	55	60	60⅛	59⅞	59⅞	— ⅛
30	15⅝	Textron .90	245	29¼	29⅝	28⅞	29	— ⅛
39⅛	25⅛	Textr pf2.08	9	38	38	37⅞	38	— ⅛
29⅛	16½	Textr pf1.40	25	28⅝	28⅞	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅛
14⅛	7	Thiokol .40	293	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
47¼	24⅛	ThomBet 1.04	4	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	— ⅛
24⅝	12⅝	Thom Ind .40	2	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	21⅛	ThomJW .25g	25	40⅛	40⅝	39⅞	39⅞	— ⅛
24⅝	11⅛	Thrift Dr .70	135	24	24⅝	23⅝	24⅛	+1⅛
34	16⅝	TI Corp 1.20	12	32⅛	32⅛	32	32	— ⅛
36⅛	10	TidewatM .40	45	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	— ⅛
49⅝	25⅛	Time Inc 1.90	108	47⅛	47⅛	46	46⅛	—1⅛
45⅝	24⅛	TimesMir .50	45	45⅛	45⅛	45	45⅛	
37⅝	25⅛	Timken 1.80	77	35⅛	35⅝	35⅛	35⅝	— ⅛
27⅛	12⅝	TishRlty .40b	103	25⅝	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
19½	8⅛	TobinPck .60	23	17⅛	18⅛	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
34	18⅛	Todd Sh 1.20	8	24⅞	24⅞	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
35½	27½	ToledoE 1.80	22	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
22⅛	9⅛	Tool Rsl .40b	7	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
41⅝	19⅛	Trans U 1.20	51	40	40	39⅞	40	— ⅛
24⅛	9⅛	Tran W Air	298	17½	18	17⅝	17	— ⅛
26⅝	11	TrnWAir pf	80	17⅝	17⅝	16⅝	17	— ⅛
13⅛	6⅛	TrnWFin .40t	73	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	11⅛	Transmra .56	608	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
184	86½	Transa pf4.50	1	128	128	128	128	—5
17⅛	7⅛	Transcon .10	78	17⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
24⅛	4⅛	Transct Inv	267	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
7⅛	3⅛	Transitron	31	4⅛	5	4⅛	4⅛	
38⅛	25	Travelrs .80	387	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	33⅛	—1⅛
48⅛	35	Travelrs pf 2	3	45⅛	45⅛	43	45	—1⅛
33⅛	21⅛	TriCon 1.26	58	29⅛	29⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
38⅝	31	TriCon pf2.50	6	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
27⅛	10⅛	Triangind .80	21	21⅛	21⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
35⅝	27⅝	Tropicana	49	35⅛	35⅛	35	35⅛	+ ⅛
39⅛	22⅛	TRW Inc 1a	431	38⅛	38⅛	38	38⅛	— ⅛
84⅛	54	TRW pf4.50	10	84⅛	84⅛	84	84	— ⅛
94⅛	59	TRW pf4.40	22	93⅛	93⅛	93	93⅛	— ⅛
240⅛	150	TRW pf4.25	1	234	234	234	234	—4⅛
20	13⅛	Tucsn GE .72	29	18	18	17⅛	17⅛	
20⅛	6	Twent Cent	208	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
18⅛	6	Tyler Corp	34	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛

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1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
32⅞	12½	UAL Inc	440	30	30⅞	29⅝	29⅞	— ⅛
30⅛	11	UAL pf.40	53	27½	27⅞	27	27⅞	— ⅛
39⅛	21⅝	UARCO 1.10	7	25⅛	26⅛	26	26	— ⅛
27	19⅝	UGI Cp 1.28	12	25⅝	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	
19⅝	9½	UMC Ind .72	50	15½	15½	15	15	— ½
14	6½	Unarco .40	1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
20⅝	18	Uni Ltd .90e	2	22	22	21⅞	21⅞	— ⅛
33⅝	21⅛	UniNV 1.38e	11	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
38⅛	23⅝	Un Camp 1	38	37	37¼	37	37	— ⅛
44⅝	29⅛	Un Carbide 2	782	44⅝	44⅝	44⅛	44⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	4¼	Union Corp	75	7¼	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
22⅛	16⅛	Un Elec 1.28	437	21⅛	21⅛	21	21⅛	— ⅛
54⅛	45	Un El pf3.50	z80	54⅛	54⅛	54	54	— ⅛
40⅛	23⅛	UnOilCal 1.40	193	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	+ ⅛
57⅛	34⅛	UOCal pf2.50	75	54⅛	55	54⅛	54⅛	+ ⅛
51⅛	29⅝	Un Pac Co 2	80	51	51	50⅛	50⅛	— ⅛
46⅛	25½	Union Pacil 2	29	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	— ⅛
7⅛	6¼	Un Pac pf .40	4	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
57⅛	36⅛	Uniondm 1.60	7	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛	— ⅛
22⅝	12⅛	Uniroyal .70	136	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
112	91	Uniroyal pf 8	z210	105⅛	105⅛	104	104	—2
46⅛	21⅛	Unishops .40	21	33	33⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
40⅛	23⅛	Unit Air 1.80	119	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
20⅛	12⅛	UnBrands .30	154	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18	— ⅛
76⅛	48⅛	U Brd pf3.20	z120	75⅛	75⅛	73⅛	73⅛	—2⅛
19⅛	11⅛	U Brd pf1.20	31	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	8	UnitCp .25g	38	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Unit Fin Cal	28	11	11⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
21	12½	Unit Gas .80	74	19⅛V	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	—
12	4⅛	Unit Ind .20	23	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅛
7⅛	4⅛	Unit Ia pf.42	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
59⅛	43⅛	UnJersBks 2	8	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	— ⅛
29⅛	17	Unit MM 1.30	21	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	
20⅛	8⅛	Un Nuclr	42	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
5⅛	1⅛	Unit Pk Min	14	3	3	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
45⅛	31⅛	US FMG 2.20	77	41	41⅛	40⅛	41⅛	+ ⅛
43⅛	31⅛	US Fnl .05e	290	40	40	38⅛	38⅛	—1⅛
36⅛	22	USForS 2.36a	5	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
30¼	17⅛	US Frgt 1.40	69	25⅛	25⅛	25	25	— ⅛
66	42⅛	US Gypsm 3	78	62⅛	62⅛	61⅛	62⅛	— ⅛
42⅛	25	USGyp pf1.80	3	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
30	11⅛	US Indust .40	234	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	
35	9⅛	US Leasg .28	28	18⅛	18⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
35	21⅛	US PlyCh .84	703	33⅛	33⅛	31⅛	31⅛	—1⅛
81	64	USPCh pf3.50	z50	81	81	81	81	
35	26	USPCh pf1.20	146	34⅛	34⅛	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	13⅛	US Shoe .88	94	25⅛	25⅛	25	25⅛	— ⅛
36	20⅛	US Smelt 1b	63	31⅛	31⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	28⅛	US Steel 2.40	271	33⅛	33⅛	32⅛	32⅛	— ⅛
33	19⅛	USTobac 1.20	130	33	33⅛	32⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
23	14⅛	Unit Util .92	47	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
9⅛	3⅛	Unit Util wt	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
31⅛	18⅛	Un Ut pf1.25	1	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
37⅛	21⅛	Un Ut pf1.50	1	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	21⅛	U Leaf 1.50	9	36	36	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
26⅛	19⅛	UnivO Pd .80	159	25	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
99⅛	19⅛	Univer Comp	356	24	24⅛	23	23⅛	—1⅛
59⅛	30⅛	Upjohn 1.60	456	49	49	48	48⅛	—1⅛
21⅛	9⅛	Uris Bldg .40	74	16	16⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
41	21⅛	USLIFE .53	149	39⅛	39⅛	39	39⅛	+ ⅛
22⅛	21	USM sfa wi	30	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
46⅛	30	USM pf2.10	9	36	36	36	36	
22⅛	17⅛	USM pf1.50	z200	22	22	22	22	
65⅛	23⅛	UtahCon .60e	78	64⅛	64⅛	62⅛	62⅛	—2⅛
37⅛	26⅛	Utah PL 1.92	64	37	37⅛	36⅛	37	— ⅛

V

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
29⅝	9⅛	Varian Assoc	297	17¼	17⅝	16⅝	17	— ⅛
40⅛	16⅛	VCA Corp .40	60	22⅛	23⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
52	26⅛	Veeder 1.60	27	38	38	37½	37½	— ⅛
17⅛	10	Vendo Co .60	17	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
45½	20⅛	VF Corp 1.10	36	45	45	45	45	
19⅛	10	Viacom wd	178	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
31	10	VictComp .50	52	22½	22½	22	22½	— ⅛
10	3⅛	Villager	122	6¾	7	6½	6⅞	— ⅛
24⅝	23	VaCoemr .80	10	24⅞	24⅞	24½	24⅞	— ⅛
25¼	17⅝	VaElPw 1.12	515	23⅝	23¾	22⅝	23¼	+ ⅛
76½	62	Va E&P pf 5	z310	74	74	73⅛	73⅛	—1⅛
73	56	Va EP pf4.80	z90	71	71	70	70	—2
61½	49½	Va EP pf4.20	z150	61	62	61	62	+1
23¼	7⅛	Vornado	88	22½	22¾	22½	22½	
34⅝	14	VSI Corp .48	17	19½	19½	18⅞	19⅛	— ⅛
24	16½	Vulcan Mat 1	14	22⅝	22⅝	21⅞	21¾	— ⅛
15	10	VWR Unit .72	36	14¼	15¼	14¼	14⅝	+ ⅛

W-X-Y-Z

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
63½	45½	WachCp 1.20	8	59⅞	60¼	59⅝	60½	+ ⅜
70	49½	Wach pf2.20	7	68¼	68½	67½	67½	— ½
27	24⅛	WachRlt .52g	126	25⅞	26⅛	25⅝	26	
28⅞	14¼	Walgreen 1	57	28¼	28⅝	27½	27½	—1
50¾	33	WalkrH 1.20a	27	40¼	40⅝	40¼	40½	+ ⅛
22¾	19½	WallBusF .40	12	20	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
25⅞	12	WallMury .60	67	24¼	25	23¾	24⅝	+ ½
8¼	3⅛	Walworth Co	15	5⅝	5⅝	4⅞	5¼	+ ⅛
51¾	18⅝	Wang Labs	19	34¼	34¼	33	33	—1¼
28½	8½	Ward Foods	36	13¾	13⅞	13¼	13¼	— ⅝
24	10	Warnaco .60	17	18¾	18⅞	18½	18½	— ¼
47	29	WarnrCo 1.44	1	43	43	43	43	+ ⅜
76⅝	52	WarLam 1.20	237	74½	75⅛	73¾	74½	— ¼
36½	20⅝	WarnSwa 1	38	30⅝	30⅝	29½	29½	— ½
31¼	23	Wash Gs 1.80	18	30½	30½	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
15⅝	11⅞	Wash Stl .70a	6	14	14¼	14	14	
24	17⅜	WashWP 1.36	35	23	23⅛	22⅝	22¾	
15⅝	8¼	Wayn Gos .76	26	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅜
30	20¾	Way G pf1.60	2	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
13⅝	5⅝	Wean Unit	29	7⅛	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	— ¼
16⅝	8	Wean pfA1.26	1	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ¼
18¼	6⅝	Weathrhd	42	10½	10½	10	10⅛	—
12½	5⅛	Webb Del E	137	10½	10¾	10¼	10½	— ¼
43¾	27⅝	Weis Mkt .92	33	43¼	43⅞	43¼	43⅞	+ ⅜
6⅝	3	Welbilt Corp	33	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
46⅝	29	WellsFar 1.60	11	43¾	43¾	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	12	Wesc F 1.29t	94	23½	24	23⅝	23¾	+ ¼
25¾	14⅝	WestTra .50	12	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	— ½
68½	55	WPP pf 4.50	z60	66½	66¾	66½	66¾	+ ¼
62	51½	WP pfB 4.20	z60	62	62	62	62	
8½	3⅛	Walworth Co	15	5⅝	5⅝	4⅞	5¼	+ ⅛
51¾	18⅝	Wang Labs	19	34¼	34¼	33	33	—1¼
28¼	8½	Ward Foods	36	13¾	13⅞	13¼	13¼	— ⅝
24	10	Warnaco .60	17	18¾	18⅞	18½	18½	— ¼
47	29	WarnrCo 1.44	1	43	43	43	43	+ ⅜
76⅝	52	WarLam 1.20	237	74½	75⅛	73¾	74½	— ¼
36½	20⅝	WarnSwa 1	38	30⅝	30⅝	29½	29½	— ½
31¼	23	Wash Gs 1.80	18	30½	30½	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
15⅝	11⅞	Wash Stl .70a	6	14	14¼	14	14	
24	17⅜	WashWP 1.36	35	23	23⅛	22⅝	22¾	
32	9⅝	Walkin Johns	171	30⅝	0⅞	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
15⅝	8¼	Wayn Gos .76	26	13⅛	13⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅜
30	20¾	Way G pf1.60	2	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
12⅝	5¼	Wan Unit	29	7¼	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	— ¼
16⅝	8	Wean pfA1.26	1	10½	10½	10½	10½	— ¼
18¼	6⅝	Wathrhd	42	10½	10½	10	10⅛	— ⅜
12½	5⅛	Webb Del E	137	10½	10¾	10¼	10½	— ¼
43¾	27⅝	Wis Mkt .92	33	43¼	43⅞	43¼	43⅞	+ ⅜
6⅝	3	Welbilt Corp	33	5⅝	5½	5⅝	5⅝	
46⅝	29	WilsFar 1.60	11	43¾	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
28⅝	12	Wesc F 1.29t	94	23½	24	23⅝	23¾	+ ¼
25⅝	14½	WslTra .50	12	24¾	24¾	24½	24½	— ½
68½	55	WPP pf 4.50	z60	66½	66¾	66½	66¾	+ ¼
62	51½	WP pfB 4.20	z60	62	62	62	42	
29½	16¼	WtPtPp .25g	46	27	27⅝	26¾	27¼	+ ⅝
26⅝	6⅝	WstnAir 2.19f	35	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅝
39⅞	32	Wn Banc 1.30	132	38	38	37¾	37¾	— ⅜
25¾	14¾	Wstn Md 1.60	2	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
23⅛	10⅛	Wstn Pac	23	17¼	17¼	16⅞	17¼	— ⅝
48¼	31	WnUnion 1.40	50	45½	45¾	45⅝	45½	
91	64½c	Wn Un pf4.60	6	90	90	89¾	87½	—1
77⅛	53¼	Westg El 1.80	259	77½	77¾	76⅝	76⅝	— ⅜
64	51	Wsr E pf3.80	z30	63⅛	63⅛	63	63	— ⅛
28¾	18¼	Westvco 1.05	238	24¼	24⅞	23⅝	24⅛	— ⅛
34g4	21¾	Wybrg 1.20	2	34	34	34	34	
62¼	34	Weyerhs .80	1670	57⅛	57⅝	57⅛	57½	+ ⅛
123½	99½	Wyhr pf6.75	29	122	122	121½	122	
21⅝	9½	WheelPitt Stl	142	15⅝	15⅝	15	15⅝	— ¼
68½	44	WhlPitt 6pf	z200	54¼	54¼	54	54	— ⅛
58	35½	WheelPitt 5pf	z140	43½	43⅝	42	42	—1⅝
78½	45	Whirl Cp 1.60	133	74¼	74¼	73¾	74	+ ⅛
22⅞	8	WhiteCon .40	277	19⅞	19⅞	19½	19½	— ⅜
39	29½	gwhitCn pfA 3	1	38	38	38	38	— ⅛
35½	29¼	WhitCn pfB 3	1	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
34⅝	28½	Whit C pfC 3	4	34½	34⅝	34½	34½	
31	9	WhiteCrss .44	21	24	24	23¾	23⅞	
32¼	5⅝	White Motor	314	22⅞	22⅞	22	22	— ½
19⅝	5	Whittakr	473	9¼	9¼	8¾	8⅞	— ½
41¾	20	WickesCorp 1	15	38¼	38¼	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅝
12⅝	6	WlbtStr .25b	17	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
71⅞	27¾	Will Ross .40	63	37½	37½	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅞
42¾	15½	Williams Bro	137	39⅛	39⅛	37½	37⅝	—1⅝
26¼	14½	WmsBro wt	61	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅝
37¾	16	Wms Br pf.80	36	35½	35½	35	35	—1⅛
41¾	26¾	Winn Dx 1.68	39	40⅝	40⅞	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅛
44½	23¾	Winn Dixl B	2	44	44	44	44	— ⅛
26	18⅞	WisElPw 1.48	43	23⅞	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
115	107¼	WisEP pf8.90	z90	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	
19	14⅝	Wisc PS 1.16	88	18⅝	19⅛	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
29½	14⅛	Wilco Ch .92	7	27⅞	27⅞	27¾	27⅞	+ ⅜
71	41	WitcoC pf2.65	1	70	70	70	70	+ ⅛
13⅝	7	Wolv WW .30	31	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
22	13¾	Wemtco .44	51	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
26½	9½	Woods Cp .48	17	18	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅜
47	25⅝	Woolwth 1.20	645	45⅝	47	45⅝	47	+1⅜
67¼	40	Woclw pf2.20	42	64½	66½	64½	66½	+1⅛
11⅞	5	World Airwy	23	8⅝	9	8⅝	9	
172	88¼	Wrigley 3a	144	161	161	158¾	160⅝	—2⅝
15	7⅛	Wurlitzr .48	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
115⅝	65⅝c	Xerox Cp .80	324	94½	94½	93⅝	93⅝	—2⅝
37⅝	12⅝	Xtra Inc	32	28⅝	28⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅝
21¼	14⅝	Yngs SD 1.20	1	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+ ⅛
46⅝	19⅝	Zal Corp .64	146	40⅝	40⅝	40	40	—1
36	16¾	Zale pfA .80	1	31½	31½	31½	31½	—1
39½	11⅝	Zapata Norn	140	34	34½	34	34½	+ ½
47½	20	Zayre Corp	116	37⅝	37⅝	37	37	— ⅝
44⅝	22¼	Znith R 1.40	115	42⅝	42⅝	42	42	— ⅝
39	17⅝	Zuro Ind .28	127	37⅝	37⅝	36⅝	36⅝	— ⅝

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American Stock Exchange Trading

A

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
	6½	AberdnMI .40	10	12	12	12⅞	12⅞	
7¼	3⅝	Aurdn P .12f	4	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ¼
5	2	Acme Hamil	86	4	4¼	4	4¼	+ ¼
5⅛	2½	Acme Prec	6	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½	
3¼	12	Action Ind	34	18¾	19⅞	18½	19¼	+1
2	3	Adams Russl	14	7½	7½	7	7	— ⅜
5½	5	Admiral Intl	17	11½	11½	11¼	11¼	— ¼
	7½	A&E Plast P	27	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅜
	3¼	Aerodex Inc	20	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
	4½	Aero Flo .30	22	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
	9⅝	Aerojet .50a	16	22⅜	22¾	22¼	22⅜	+ ⅜
	6½	Aeronca .20a	43	12¾	13	12⅝	12⅝	+ ¼
	4⅜	Aerosol .10f	18	7¾	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	
	4½	Aerovox Cp	22	7⅜	8	7½	8	
	8½	Affil Hosp .20	2	12	12	12	12	
	3½	AIC Photo	4	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
	2½	Aiken Ind	2	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ⅛
	1	AIM Cos	310	2⅜	2⅜	2½	2½	— ¼
	4¾	Airborne Frt	59	17⅛	17⅛	16⅞	17⅛	— ¼
	1⅛	Airlift Intl	279	1⅞	2	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
	4⅜	Airpax Elec	3	8⅛	8⅛	8½	8½	— ⅜
	8½	Airwick B .25	9	14	14⅛	14	14⅛	+ ⅛
	16½	Ajax Ma .15g	3	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	— ¼
	20	AlnWood .60	1	31	31	31	31	
	4½	Alaska Air	73	7⅞	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
	5	Alba Wal .24	59	11	11	10½	10½	— ⅜
		Aldon Ind	2	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	
	15	AllsnM 1.03g	29	20¼	20⅜	20	20	— ¼
	3½	All Amer Ind	2	7¼	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	+ ¼
	8¼	Alleghy Airl	49	15⅜	15⅜	15½	15⅜	
	5⅛	AlleghAirl wt	4	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
	3½	AlleghyCp wt	12	11⅛	11⅛	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅜
	9	Allen El .32f	55	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
	7¾	AllianTR .57e	48	36⅝	36⅝	34⅛	34¼	—2⅛
	2½	Allied Art	9	4½	4⅝	4½	4½	
	7⅝	Allied Contrl	6	9⅞	9⅞	9½	9½	— ¼
	5⅞	Allison Stl .40	2	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
	2⅝	Alpha Ind	29	6⅛	6½	6⅛	6¼	— ¼
	3½	Altamil Cp	29	6	6	5¾	5⅞	— ⅛
	10	Alter Fds .50	19	14¼	14⅜	13⅞	13⅞	— ¼
	46½	Alcoa pf 3.75	z50	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	— ¾
	6½	AlumSpec .44	29	14½	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
	3	Amco Ind	576	18⅜	18⅜	17½	17⅝	—1⅛
	4	Ameco Inc	32	8⅞	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
	11	Am Agronom	52	18⅝	18⅞	17¾	18	— ⅝
	5⅛	A AutVnd .20	9	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
	8	Am Biltrt .60	8	12⅛	12⅜	12⅛	12⅜	+ ⅜
	4⅛	A BkStre .21f	30	¾	6⅜	6	6	— ¾
	15	A CentM .31g	75	22⅝	23⅜	22½	22⅝	— ⅛
	12	Am FinA 1.10	16	21⅜	21⅜	21¼	21⅜	
	16¼	AmFin pf1.50	1	21½	21½	21½	21½	+ ¼
	22¾	A Fltch .62g	25	27½	27⅞	27⅜	27⅜	— ¼
	2¼	Am Fltch wt	42	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ¼
	3⅝	A Israeli .2g	10	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	
	6½	A MaizeA .33	23	12⅛	13	12	13	+
	6½	A MaizeB .33	4	12⅛	12¼	12	12¼	— ⅛
	27⅞	Am Mfg .80g	4	38⅜	38⅜	38¼	38¼	— ⅜
	12½	AmMotlnns	37	23	23⅜	22⅞	23	— ¼
	20	AmPetr 1.05e	23	27⅜	27⅜	27½	27⅜	
	2⅜	Am Precisn	11	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ¼
	6⅜	A RltyTr .30g	4	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
	5	AmSat Equip	187	12½	12½	12⅛	12¼	— ⅜
	4½	AmTech	142	8	8⅜	8	8⅜	+ ½
	7¾	Ames DS .10r	18	18⅝	18⅞	18¾	18¾	+ ⅛
	10¾	Amrep Corp	206	37⅜	37½	36½	36½	—1⅜
	3	AndreaRa .20	4	5	5	4⅞	5	— ¼
	1¼	vlAndy Gar	20	4⅛	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
	14⅝	Angelica .18	25	28⅞	28⅞	28¼	28¼	— ½
	1	Anglo Lautro	32	1⅞	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ¼
	7⅝	Ansul Co	5	11	11	10⅞	10⅞	— ¼
	3	Anthony Ind	75	8	8	7½	7½	— ⅝
	1⅞	AO Indust	174	2¾	2⅞	2½	2½	— ¼
	2¾	Apollo Indust	10	5	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅜
	3¾	Applied Data	104	11½	11½	10¾	11	— ⅜
	4⅛	Applied Dev	88	7⅜	7⅜	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅜
	12⅛	Aquitain Ltd	27	25⅛	25⅛	25	25	— ¼
	10¾	Arctic Ent	43	21½	21⅜	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅜
	1¾	Argus Inc	26	3	3	2⅞	3	
	11	ArizColoLd CV	[illegible]	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾	
	10¼	Ark Best .30	19	22¼	22¼	22	22⅛	+ ¼
	21	ArkLGas 1.30	83	28½	28⅝	28¼	28¼	
	6	Arrow Elect	14	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11¼	— ½
	11¼	Arundel	14	23⅝	23⅝	23¼	23⅜	— ¼
	5⅝	Asamera Oil	203	16	16¼	16	16	
	5	Ashl Oil Can	25	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅜
	6	ASPRO .25	2	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
	18¼	AsdBab n.60	38	21⅞	21⅞	20⅞	21	— ⅞
	3¼	AssdFdSt .70	10	5⅝	5⅝	5	5	— ¼
	23	AssdMtg .60g	828	29½	29⅝	28⅞	28⅞	—1
	2½	Astrex Inc	10	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ¼
	1⅞	Atco Chem	18	3	3	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
	11⅛	Atico Finl .40	1	15½	15½	15½	15½	
	8⅝	Atico Mtge	113	18	18¼	17⅞	18¼	+ ¼
	¾	Atico Mtg wt	129	6⅜	6⅞	6½	6½	⅛
	4⅞	AtlCLCp 1.20a	4	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	— ⅛
	12⅛	AtlC Min .31g	27	14	14	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
	1⅛	Atlas Cp wt	24	1¼	1⅜	1⅛	1¼	
	15⅛	Ausat .10g	15	28	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞	— ¼
	7½	Austral Oil	65	16⅞	16⅞	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅞
	4¾	Auto Bldg	121	13	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
	5¼	Automat Rad	42	11¼	11¼	11	11	— ¼
	7¼	AutomSvc .20	25	8	8⅞	8	8⅞	+ ⅝
	25⅛	Auto Sw .15g	3	37	37	36⅝	36⅝	—
	3⅛	AVC Corp	4	6⅛	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	— ¼
	5½	AVEMC .05e	36	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
	3¼	Avis Ind .10g	2	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
	25½	Avondl 1.20b	9	40⅞	40⅞	39⅞	39⅞	—1⅜

B

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
	17¼	BaadCoo .40b	1	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	+ ¼
	19½	Bald pdh 1.20	1	34⅜	34⅜	34¼	34¼	
	4½	Bald Sec .16p	5	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
	3	Ball Co	7	6¾	6⅞	6¾	6¾	
	5	Banff Oil	33	12¾	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
	1¼	Bang Pun wt	47	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	
	4	Banister Cntl	153	12½	12½	12	12	— ⅜
	13½	BankUtil .09g	19	34	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ⅜
	3¼	Banner Indus	11	5½	5¼	5½	5½	— ¼
	3⅝	Barb Lynn	25	7	7⅛	7	7	
	1	Barnes Eng	1	14⅛	14⅛	13¾	13¾	— ⅜
	3½	Barnwel Ind	9	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	
	6⅛	BarryRG .70t	22	15⅜	15½	15⅜	15½	+ ¼
	9	Barry Wr .30	30	11⅞	11⅞	11	11	— ⅞
	3⅝	Bartell Mad	22	6⅝	6⅝	6	6⅝	
	4⅞	Barth Sp .33	36	9	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
	5½	BartonBr .45f	5	10	10	9¾	9¾	— ½
	4½	Bartons Cdy	8	8	8	7⅞	8	— ⅛
	2⅝	Baruch Fcstr	22	4	4	3⅞	4	
	13⅝	Behring Corp	17	17⅛	17⅛	16⅝	16⅞	— ¾
	3½	Bell Electrn	97	5⅛	5⅜	4⅞	5	— ¼
	5¼	Belscot Ret	5	9⅛	9¼	9	9⅛	— ⅛
	5⅝	Benrus Corp	52	13	13	12⅛	12⅛	—1⅛
	8½	BergBrun .24	104	13½	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	— ⅜
	16	Berg B pf1.15	2	24	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
	4¼	Berlea Corp	2	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
	16¼	Berven Carpt	30	22⅝	22⅝	22	22⅛	— ⅝
	4⅞	Beth Cp .78f	11	8⅞	9	8⅝	8⅞	— ⅛
	6½	Beverly Ent	815	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13½	— ⅛
	16	BigBearA 1	5	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	— ¼
	2	Bloomf Bldg	25	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ¼
	3	Bluebird Inc	378	8½	8⅝	8⅛	8½	+ ⅛
	1¼	Bluebird wt	402	4	4¼	4	4¼	+ ¼
	15½	Boheck Corp	29	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16½	— ⅛
	5⅛	Bolt Beranek	6	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
	3⅝	Bofany Ind	29	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
	3	Bowmar Ins	6	5	5	4¾	4⅞	— ⅛
	7¼	Bowne Co .16	29	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	— ⅛
	8	Bow Vall .10	9	19½	19⅝	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
	9	Bradf Sp .60a	55	16⅝	16⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅞
	14½	BradfCom Sy	33	28¼	28⅞	28¼	28⅝	
	5	BraniffAir wt	31	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	— ¼
	6½	BrnfAirA .21f	7	10¼	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
	11⅜	BrascanLt 1b	378	16⅜	16½	16	16⅛	— ⅜
	10¼	Braun En .32	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
	5⅜	Breeze	21	12	12⅛	11¾	11⅞	+ ⅛
	5	BroDart Ind	186	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
	2⅞	Brody Seatg	1	4½	4½	4½	4½	
	5½	BrksPer .20	2	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
	3	Brown Co wt	24	4½	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
	20	BwnF B .40b	33	24⅞	24⅞	24½	24⅝	— ⅜
	4⅞	BrownF pf.40	1	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	
	5½	Bruce Robert	89	13⅞	13⅞	12⅞	12⅞	— ½
	1⅝	BTB Corp	85	3	3	2⅝	2⅞	
	7⅞	BTU Eng .28	14	14⅛	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅝
	2	Buehler Cp	4	4⅞	5	4⅞	5	+ ⅛
	6⅛	Buell Ind .15r	3	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅜
	11⅜	Bundy Corp 1	16	21	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅜
	5⅜	Burgess Ind	21	9⅜	9½	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
	2⅞	Burr JP .05g	4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	+ ⅛
	4¼	Butler Aviat	43	6½	6½	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅝
	7¼	Buttes Gs Oil	177	14½	14⅝	13¾	13¾	— ⅝

C

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
	7⅜	Cablecom Gn	22	13¼	13½	13⅛	13¼	— ⅛
	11⅞	Caldor .60f	102	23¼	23¼	22½	22½	— ¾
	10⅛	Calcomp	118	27	27	26⅛	26¼	— ⅜
	13¼	CalHltCare	15	24⅜	24⅜	23¾	24	— ⅜
	32	CalPrtCem 1	2	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	
	13¼	Camcoinc .15	149	20½	20½	19½	19⅞	— ⅝
	9-16	CampbCVHIB		⅞	⅞	⅝	6 15-16	
	6⅝	CampbM .30	27	11⅝	11⅝	10¾	11⅛	— ½
	2½	CdnExp G&O	80	4 15-16	4 15-16	4¾	4¾	—3-16
	3	Cdn Homestd	98	8⅝	8⅝	8¾	8½	—3-16
	8	CdnHydro .25	12	16½	16½	16	16	— ¼
	23⅛	CdnInt P 1.80	4	25⅛	25⅜	25⅛	25⅜	+ ¼
	7	Cdn Javelin	737	13	13½	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅜
	2	Cdn Marconi	22	4½	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝	— ⅛
	16	Cdn SuperOil	15	38½	38⅝	38½	38⅝	+ ⅛
	3⅝	Canaverl .16t	48	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6¼	— ⅛
	2¼	Canoga Ind	15	4⅝	4⅝	4	4	— ⅝
	12	Cap Ind .16g	54	19⅞	19⅞	19	19	—1
	3⅛	Career Acad	83	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
	6⅝	Caressa Inc	206	24	25	23	23½	— ⅜
	80	Carnat 1.60a	12	119	119½	118	118¾	+ ⅜
	11¼	Caro Pipe .80	4	15⅜	15⅞	15⅜	15⅞	+ ¼
	61	CaroPL pf 5	z50	73	73	73	73	—1
	3¼	Carousel Fsh	78	8⅞	8⅞	8¼	8¼	— ⅝
	2⅝	Castleton Ind	31	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	— ½
	6⅝	Cavitron Cp	20	14	14⅛	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅞
	5	CelluCraft	29	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜	— ¼
	42	CenMe pf3.50	z110	53	53	53	53	+ ½
	13	Cen Sec 1.15g	13	16⅜	16⅜	15⅞	15⅞	— ½
	16	CentyEl .60b	3	25⅛	25⅛	25	25	—
	1½	Century Geo	32	2⅜	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
	6⅛	Centryind .34	26	11	11¼	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅜
	3⅝	Certified Cp	18	5⅛	5⅛	5	5	— ¼
	4⅜	Certron Cp	122	7½	7½	7	7	— ¼
	5¼	ChadwM .05g	23	11	11	10⅝	10¾	— ½
	2⅛	Charan Ind	14	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
	17⅞	Cherry Burr	7	35⅝	35⅝	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅞
	23⅜	ChiRivl 1.40a	4	29½	29⅛	29	29	— ⅛
	5⅞	Christian Cos	132	9⅞	10½	9⅞	10¼	+ ¼
	2⅞	Cinerama	141	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
	18⅛	Circle K .40b	76	38⅜	38⅜	38	38⅛	— ⅜
	6¼	CitSv AR wt	71	10⅝	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅜
	9⅝	Citizens F .32	4	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ½
	2⅞	ClarkCbl .02e	4	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
	7½	Clarkson Ind	42	17⅛	17⅛	16¾	16⅞	— ⅜
	2½	Clarostat	17	5⅝	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅜
	3⅝	Clary Corp	28	6½	6½	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
	4⅜	Clopay .49f	8	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
	6½	CMI Corp	19	13¼	13⅛	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
	24¼	CMI Inv Cp	46	30½	30¾	29¾	30	— ½
	2½	Coburn Corp	82	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5¼	— ¼
	9¼	Coil Mat .15g	15	16½	16½	16	16¼	— ⅛
	4	Cohen Hatfd	15	6⅞	6⅞	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
	4⅝	Cohu Elec .10	14	7½	7½	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
	6½	Cole Natl .44	38	16	16	15⅞	16	— ⅛
	11	Colecoin .08b	13	27¼	27½	27¼	27½	+ ¼
	21¾	Coleman .40	44	28⅞	28⅞	27¾	27¾	—1⅛
	6⅛	Colon Snd .30	106	16⅞	16⅞	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅝
	13⅞	Colwell .30e	6	27⅛	27⅜	27⅛	27⅜	+ ⅜
	6	Combustn Eq	29	17½	17½	16⅞	17	— ⅜
	4⅛	Coml All .10g	5	9⅜	9⅜	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
	13	Coml Met .40	16	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17⅞	+ ¼
	5¼	Commodor	67	11	11	10¼	10¼	—1
	19	Com PS 1.50b	2	27½	27½	27½	27½	— ⅝
	7¼	Compoind .36	18	13¼	13¼	12⅞	12⅞	—1
	6	Compreh Des	9	8⅞	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
	2⅝	CompuDyne	34	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
	3½	Comput Eq	41	5⅝	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ½
	3⅞	Comput Instr	8	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
	3⅝	Comput Invst	34	10⅜	10⅞	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
	11⅛	Computest	29	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17½	— ⅜
	16¼	Comp Softw	22	34	34	33⅝	33⅝	— ¼
	5½	Conchemco	25	12	12⅛	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅜
	3⅝	Concord Fab	42	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	—1
	6¼	Condec Corp	10	14⅛	14⅛	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
	4¼	Connily Con	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	5⅛	Connrex .30b	39	9⅛	9⅝	9	9	
14⅞	3½	Conroy Inc	17	6½	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	+ ¼
3 5-16	1	Con Cdn Far	34	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
11⅞	5	ConDenS .05g	4	10	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
9½	4	Con Nat Sh A	7	6½	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
22¾	4⅜	Con Oil Gas	126	11½	11½	11⅛	11¼	— ⅜
19⅛	6	Con Refng	142	10⅞	11¼	10½	10⅞	+ ⅛
15⅞	7½	ConslDes .40	15	12⅞	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
4½	1½	Cont Mater	91	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅛	
9½	5	Cont Tel wt	33	8⅝	8⅞	8½	8⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	5⅛	Cook Elec .30	17	11⅞	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	— ¼
11½	4⅞	Cook Ind	29	10¼	10¼	10	10	— ⅜
19⅜	13⅛	Cook Pnt Var	1	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	
12	5⅛	Cooper Jarrt	8	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
11½	3⅝	Cosmodyne	20	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½	— ⅛
21⅞	17⅛	Cousins .30e	23	21⅜	21⅜	21	21	— ½
15⅛	4⅞	Craig Corp	40	6½	6⅞	6	6⅝	— ¼
14⅛	7½	CramerE .37f	29	13⅝	13⅝	13	13¼	— ⅜
16⅛	9¼	Creative Mgt	94	16⅛	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
35⅜	23⅜	CreoleP 2.60a	101	31⅞	32¼	31¼	32¼	+1⅛
9⅜	3⅜	Crest Foam	22	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
7⅛	3	Crestmont	12	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
49⅞	20	Crompt 1.40	10	47¼	47¼	46⅜	46⅜	— ⅞
7½	5⅝	CrowleyM .30	1	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ¼
44⅛	17	CwnCPt 1.22t	28	41	41⅛	40	40⅞	— ⅜
13	4⅛	Crystal Oil	7	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
21¼	8	Cubic Corp	67	16¼	16¼	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅜
8⅝	3⅝	Curtis Math	1	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	
34	15	CutlerA .44	33	31½	31½	30⅞	31	— ½
30	13	CutlerB .44	7	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	— ¼

D

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
11⅝	5½	Daitch .25g	16	10⅝	10¾	10½	10½	— ⅛
70¾	22	Damon Corp	56	43¾	44⅛	43¼	43½	+ ¼
16¼	5½	DamonC .40	43	14¾	14¾	14	14	— ¾
20¾	9	Daniel I .24e	1	20½	20⅞	20½	20⅞	
5⅝	2¼	Daryl Ind	9	3⅝	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
15	3⅝	Data Control	16	6⅛	6½	6⅛	6½	
35¾	15	Data Documt	12	26⅞	26⅞	26⅜	26⅝	— ½
25½	4⅜	Data Prod	131	7⅞	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
16½	7	Day Mines	18	11⅝	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
23½	9⅝	Daylin .24	23	20⅝	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	— ½
9⅝	3⅝	Daylin wt	30	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
29¼	4⅝	DCA Dvlop	42	11⅝	11⅝	10⅞	11¼	— ⅜
27⅝	10¼	Dearborn Cp	141	29⅝	29⅝	29	29¾	+ ⅛
16¼	6	Dl Labs	19	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
19½	12⅝	Delta Cp Am	27	18⅝	18⅝	18	18	
64¼	12½	Ditona Corp	102	39	39⅛	37⅜	37⅜	—1⅝
21½	5½	Deltn Fd .12g	40	21	21¼	21	21	
33⅛	9⅝	Dn Tal Ez	14	28⅝	28⅞	27⅞	28	+ ⅛
28½	21¾	Dpositors 1a	2	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	+ ⅜
24⅜	8¼	Dero Ind .65f	10	13⅝	13⅝	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅝
16⅛	13½	DRoss Ind	26	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13½	— ⅛
15⅜	13¼	Deseret Ph	24	24⅜	24⅜	23½	23½	— ⅞
7⅜	3	Dicto Scal	3	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
27½	16⅜	DevCpA 2.39f	103	27⅛	27⅝	27⅛	27⅝	+ ⅜
45⅛	8	Dvon Appar	85	41	41⅛	40⅛	40¼	— ⅜
31¼	10½	DHJ Indust	58	29¼	29½	28	28¼	—1¼
22¼	8⅝	Dillard .10g	3	21¼	21¼	21	21	— ½
6⅜	2⅛	Diodes Inc	9	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
15⅛	7⅝	Divrsy .50	11	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅜
26	8⅝	Dixilyn Corp	44	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
91⅛	33⅞	Dom Pitrol	13	85⅝	85⅝	84⅛	84⅛	—1⅝
15⅝	11¼	Domtar .60a	95	15¼	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
21½	8⅝	Dorsy .10	22	20	20¼	20	20	— ¼
10⅜	3⅜	DPA Inc	57	6⅛	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
6¼	2⅝	Drw Natl	27	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
31	9	Driver H .10r	9	22¼	22¼	22	22	— ¼
34⅛	16⅛	Drug Fair .40	103	20⅜	20⅜	20	20	— ⅜
5⅜	1⅝	Duraloy Co	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
11⅞	6	Duro Tst .15d	8	10¼	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	4	Dynalectrn	181	9	9⅛	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅜
17½	9	Dynil E .65f	5	15⅜	15⅜	15½	15⅜	— ¼

E

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
12	4⅝	Eagle Cloth	26	8⅝	8⅝	8	8	— ½
24	16⅜	EriSchib .48	12	23½	23½	23⅜	23½	— ⅜
12¾	4	Earth Resrcs	14	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7¼	— ¼
23	8⅝	Eason Oil .30	31	19⅜	19⅜	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
19⅜	5⅜	EastnAir .54f	23	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅜
20⅜	12⅛	Eastrn Co .96	1	20	20	20	20	+ ⅛
9⅞	4	Eastn Frght	52	10	11	10	10⅛	+ ⅝
6⅝	3⅝	Eazor Exprs	5	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅛	+ ⅛
13⅜	4	Eckmar Cp	68	7⅝	7⅝	7	7	— ¼
27¼	10⅛	Ecologic Sci	77	13	13⅛	12½	12½	— ½
12⅞	10½	Edgingtn Oil	22	11⅛	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	+ ¼
46½	9⅝	Edmos .20	109	43⅛	44⅝	42¼	44⅝	+1
19⅜	9⅝	Edo Corp	44	11½	11½	10⅞	11	— ½
8⅝	7⅛	Egan M .10g	17	8	8	7⅞	8	— ⅛
28⅛	7⅛	Ehren Photo	14	15⅛	15⅝	14¾	14⅞	— ⅜
12	4½	Elco Corp	30	7¾	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅛
19½	13½	Elect Hose 1	1	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	
19⅜	11⅜	Elctrogra 1	58	15	15⅛	13¾	14¼	—2½
8⅝	3⅝	Elect Assist	29	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5⅛	
11½	2⅜	Elct Comp	15	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅜
14⅝	3½	Elctron Eng	26	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	
10½	3⅝	Elect Resch	8	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	— ⅛
19½	9⅝	Electron .60	17	17	17	16½	16½	— ¼
27⅞	7⅛	Electros .22f	37	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅜
10⅝	5	El Tronics	27	9¼	9¼	8⅞	8½	— ½
11	3½	Emenee Cp	14	6½	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	
19½	10⅛	Emry In .30	9	14½	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
19⅞	8	Empire Finl	35	16	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
8⅞	2½	Entron Inc	11	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
22¼	12	EpkoSho .80a	1	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
6⅝	3	Equit Cp .05e	142	5⅜	5⅞	5⅜	5⅝	— ⅛
99	51¾	Equity pf 2	z100	95¾	95¾	95½	95½	+ ½
9	5	EquityNat In	19	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
7¼	2⅝	Ernst EC A	7	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	4⅛	Ero Ind	7	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
23⅜	7	Esgro Inc	22	13½	13⅞	13¼	13⅜	— ⅛
12¾	4	Espey Mfg	9	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
30	7⅞	Esquir Rad	24	17	17	16½	16⅝	— ⅛
5½	2½	Essex Chem	7	3⅜	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
4⅞	1⅝	Ets-Hokin Cp	118	3⅝	3⅞	3⅛	3⅞	+ ⅛
9⅝	3⅝	Evans Ar Ind	13	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
21¼	7⅜	Excutn .24	14	15¼	15¼	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
34¼	14⅛	Extendicare	453	25⅝	26	25½	25⅝	— ¼

F

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
34⅛	6⅜	Fab Ind	67	31	32¼	30½	32⅛	+1⅛
11⅛	5⅝	Fabien .40b	51	11	11⅛	10⅝	10⅞	— ⅛
13	3	Fabrics Natl	9	5½	5½	5⅛	5¼	— ¼
12⅛	3	Fairfld Noble	101	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
7½	2⅝	FairmCh .05	5	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
12¾	4½	Falcon Sbd	47	12	12⅛	12	12	+ ½
8⅛	3	Family Rc	2	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	
23½	13⅝	Fanny Fa 1e	1	18	18	18	18	
6⅜	3⅝	Fd Rsrcs	37	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	9⅝	FedMart .40b	14	15	15	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅛
16½	7⅞	Filmont Oil	11	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	— ¼
29⅝	9	Felsway .32	12	18⅝	18⅞	18½	18¾	— ⅛
17¾	5⅜	Fibrbord wt	44	16¼	16¼	15⅝	16	— ⅜
22⅛	19	Fidel Ml .81g	34	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
14⅝	4½	Fild Plastic	4	6⅛	6⅛	6	6⅛	— ⅛
13½	5⅝	Filmways	31	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
19	10	FiltrDyn .01	30	17½	17⅝	16¾	16¾	— ¾
24⅜	12⅜	FinSanBa .20	7	22⅜	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞	+ ½
16	9	FinGnl .24b	33	14⅛	14⅜	13½	13½	— ½
17¼	12	Fst Conn .80a	1	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	
5½	1⅝	FirstNtl Ral	32	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
1	¾	FirstNtRl wt	46	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
23⅞	9½	Fst SL S .16d	14	19⅝	19⅝	19½	19½	— ½
13⅜	9⅛	FstUn RE .88	35	12½	12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
26	9	FischrP .66f	18	13	13	12½	12¾	— ⅜
18⅛	10	Fishman .40b	8	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17½	— ⅛
29⅜	9½	Flight Safty	1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
5½	2½	Fla Capital	38	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
15⅛	8⅝	Flowrind A	6	14	14⅛	13⅞	14⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	5⅛	Fluke Mf .41f	3	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	+ ⅛
26⅜	10	Fly Tigr wt	210	24⅞	24½	22⅞	24	— ⅞
18⅝	7⅜	Foodrma .30	44	17	17¼	17	17⅛	
79⅞	51⅝	Ford Canda 2	z100	77¼	77⅝	77¼	77⅝	+ ⅜
25	11⅛	Forst Cit .25	12	20⅞	21⅛	20	20⅛	
24	10	ForestLb .27t	27	15⅞	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	— ½
34⅝	27⅝	FrankMnt .10	54	31⅜	32	31⅛	31⅝	— ⅜
11⅜	8⅛	FrankR .73e	5	11	11⅛	11	11⅛	+ ½
25¼	8⅜	FranksNu .60	2	21⅜	21⅞	21⅜	21⅞	+ ⅜
20¼	13⅜	Frantz Mf .54	2	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ¼
24	1⅜	Fresnillo .10g	8	17⅝	17⅝	17½	17⅝	
7⅛	3⅝	Friend Frost	12	5½	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ¼
14½	4⅛	Frier Ind .30	6	9	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
8¼	3⅞	Frontier Air	29	7	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
5	2⅛	Front Air wt	54	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
8⅝	2⅝	Frye Indust	46	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	

G

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16⅛	4½	Gabriel Ind	30	7⅞	7⅞	7⅜	7½	— ½
19¾	6	Garan Inc .36	19	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ½
18⅝	12⅜	Garcia Corp	38	17⅞	18	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
11⅛	4½	Garland Cp	3	7½	7½	7½	7½	— ⅛
13¼	4⅜	GateSpGd .20	17	8½	8½	8⅛	8⅛	— ½
16½	7	Gayld Ntl .30	16	15⅝	15⅜	15¼	15¼	— ⅝
15⅝	6⅝	Gearhrt .24b	21	10⅝	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛	+ ½
9	3½	Gen Alloys	3	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
30½	10¼	Gen Battery	70	29⅝	29⅝	28⅝	28⅝	— ⅝
8⅝	3⅜	Gen Buildrs	39	7½	8	7½	7⅞	+ ⅛
47	17⅜	G Cinema .40	x57	45⅝	46⅛	45⅞	46⅛	+1⅛
25⅛	5	G Employ .16	11	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
11⅛	3⅛	Gen Interiors	3	8½	8½	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
14½	11	GenMtgl .30g	72	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
9⅝	3⅛	Gen Plywood	12	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
55½	15⅝	Genge Ind	50	25	25	24½	24½	— ½
7⅜	2½	Genisco Tech	3	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
38⅛	10⅜	GerbarSc Ins	14	14	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	— ¼
24⅝	14½	Giant Fd .50a	8	19	19⅛	19	19⅛	
12	6 15-16	Giant Yel .40	44	11⅜	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	
9	2½	Gilbert Cos	8	5¼	5¼	5	5	— ⅛
31⅛	9½	Gilbert Flex	99	26½	26½	25	25⅝	— ⅜
13⅞	5⅛	Gladding Cp	80	9	9	8⅛	8½	— ½
10⅝	4⅞	Glasrock Prd	6	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	
13⅝	5⅛	G.en Ger .18f	36	11	11¼	10⅞	11⅛	+ ¼
15⅝	11¼	GlenDls B .10	18	12⅜	12⅜	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
29⅞	23	GlobeSec Sys	18	26⅜	26⅜	26¼	26⅜	— ⅝
6	2	Glockin Ltd	1	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅞	— ⅛
10	5	Godillatt .36	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
16⅛	4½	Goodway	1	6½	6½	6½	6½	
9⅞	6⅛	Gorin Str .50	5	9½	9⅝	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
9½	3⅜	Gould Inc wt	98	8¾	8⅞	8½	8⅞	+ ⅛
7⅜	2⅝	Granger As	14	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
22¼	7⅜	GVRANITE MI	36	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	—
20½	6⅛	Grass Val Gr	2	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	5½	Gray Mf	82	11⅜	11⅜	10½	10½	—1
4⅝	1½	GreatAm Ind	55	2⅜	2⅜	2½	2½	— ⅛
6⅛	2⅛	GrBasin Pet	25	3⅞	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
15¼	6⅛	Gt Lak Chem	43	10⅛	10¼	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅝
7⅛	3	Gt Lake Rec	2	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6½	— ⅜
24	12½	Greenmn .29f	33	22	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
15⅞	6⅛	Greer Hyd	9	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	— ½
14	5	Greyh C .20e	34	9⅝	9⅝	8⅞	9	— ⅜
26⅞	22⅜	GRI Corp	35	25⅛	25⅞	24½	24½	—1⅛
45	24½	Groc Str 1.50	z125	44½	44½	43½	43½	—1½
17⅝	9⅝	GrossTics .70	25	13⅝	14	13⅝	14	+1⅛
10⅝	5⅛	GrowChm .32	13	9⅝	9⅝	8⅞	8⅞	— ½
5	2	GSC Enterp	43	3	3⅛	3	3	
6¼	2½	GTI Corp	25	4	4	3⅝	4	
42¼	25	Guardian Ind	8	38	38	37½	37½	— ½
32⅜	18⅝	Guar Mi .74	28	31½	31½	31⅛	31⅛	— ¼
17⅝	8½	GuardCh .35f	2	11½	11⅝	11½	11½	+ ⅛
25⅞	8⅛	Guerdon Ind	23	19⅞	20¼	19⅜	20	— ¼
21	12⅝	Gulf Can .60	6	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
5½	1⅜	Gulf St Land	3	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
8½	2⅝	Gulf Wind wt	379	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	

H

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
13⅜	7⅜	HallsMir .10g	2	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅜
16⅛	5⅛	Hamilton Cos	3	8⅝	8½	8½	8½	
12⅜	5	Hampsh Des	168	12⅝	12⅝	11⅞	12⅛	— ¼
9½	3⅜	Hampt Sh .32	22	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	—
29½	17⅛	Harland .05g	25	29⅝	29½	29⅛	29½	
23⅝	12⅝	Harnischfr 1	7	23	23	22½	22½	— ⅜
13	8¼	HartfAlfrd .40	7	10	10¼	10	10¼	+ ¼
23⅛	7⅝	Hartfld Zody	25	13	13	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
13⅝	2⅝	Harvard Ind	6	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
26⅛	8	Harv Ind pfA	2	12¼	12¼	12	12	—1
12¾	2	Harvey Grp	22	8⅛	8⅛	7¾	7⅞	— ⅜
26	6⅝	Harvey St .24	58	23⅛	23⅛	21¾	23	—1
6⅛	6	Hastings .20a	6	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	6⅛	HealthM .60	5	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10⅛	— ⅛
39⅝	15⅝	Hecks Inc .16	30	37¾	37¾	36¼	36½	—1½
16⅛	3	Heinicke Inst	79	6½	6½	6	6½	+ ¼
19⅜	6	HerMaj .12g	44	18⅝	18⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅞
16⅝	4½	HIG Inc .25f	5	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
25⅛	6⅛	HlShear .40	20	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10¼	
36⅛	15⅝	Hisle Mf .80	10	28⅝	28⅝	28¼	28¼	+ ¼
9⅞	6	Hillhavn .16	41	9⅝	9⅝	9	9⅛	— ⅛
80	22¼	Hilton Hot wt	7	52½	52½	50¼	50¼	—2¼
10	5⅛	Hipotronics	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	—
4½	2⅝	Hofm Indust	4	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
3½	1	Holly Corp	19	2	2⅛	2	2	
30¼	9⅛	HomeO A .50	87	26¾	27	26¼	26⅞	— ⅛
		Home A fn.50	2	26½	26½	26½	26½	
29⅛	11½	HomeO B .50	4	28	28	28	28	— ¼
48	25⅝	Hormel 1.50	1	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	— ⅜
24⅝	10⅝	Horn Hardrt	4	17½	17½	17¼	17¼	
20	11½	Haskins .80a	23	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18¼	— ½
19¼	8½	Hospital Affil	79	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
16⅝	6⅝	Host Ent .23f	14	11¾	11¾	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜
39	29	House Faric	14	37⅝	38	37½	37⅝	— ¼
35	20¼	House Vls .44	14	30⅛	30⅞	30¼	30½	+ ½
37	22	HuellB 1	11	35⅛	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	— ⅛
55	39¾	Hu pfB1.75	3	52½	52½	52½	52½	— ½
55	34	Yu pfA1.75	3	53	53	52¾	52¾	— ¾
54½	42⅝	HudnB&Man A	7	54	54	54	54	
41¾	33½	HudB OG .50	14	41⅛	41⅛	40¼	40¼	—1
36⅝	7	Hudson Leas	41	14⅛	14¾	14⅛	14⅝	+ ½
14½	6⅛	Huffman .60	3	13½	13½	13½	13½	— ⅛
17⅞	6½	Husky Oil .15	45	16⅞	17¼	16⅞	17¼	+ ⅜
40½	21½	Huyck Cp .48	10	37⅛	37¼	37	37⅛	— ⅜
7	2⅝	Hycon Mfg	2	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
10¼	4⅝	Hydrometl	43	9⅝	9⅞	9½	9½	—
17½	10⅛	Hydrom pf.60	7	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16½	— ⅜
45¼	9⅝	Hyrad Food	39	41⅜	41⅜	40⅜	40⅞	—1⅛
55½	28	HyrdFd pf 4	36	52	52	50⅜	50⅜	—2½

I

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
32⅝	14⅝	IdealToy 1f	61	32⅛	32⅛	31⅝	31¾	+ ¼
21⅞	3⅜	IHC Inc	11	7	7	7	7	— ⅛
18¼	6	IllusWor Enc	67	10	10	9⅝	9⅞	— ⅛
11⅛	4	IMC Magnet	6	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
11	4⅜	ImocoGy .64f	22	6⅝	6⅞	6½	6⅜	— ¼
7	5 1-16	ImpChm .51a	x2	5½	5½	5½	5½	
21½	13⅛	ImprlOil .50a	22	19⅛	19⅝	18¾	18¾	— ⅜
2 5-16	1⅛	ImT Grp .05g	x1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+3-16
15	5½	Indian Hd wt	11	14½	14½	14	14	— ½
62	49	IndplsPL pf 4	z100	58½	58½	58½	58½	+1½
14¼	10½	Inexco Oil	38	12⅝	12⅝	12¼	12⅜	— ⅛
15⅛	5	IntightP .15f	46	6⅞	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ¼
11½	5	Instron Corp	14	10¼	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ½
17½	4⅝	Instrum Sys	25	7⅞	8	7⅜	7¾	—1
15⅛	4⅝	Int Controls	41	11¼	11⅜	10⅝	10⅝	—1
6⅛	1⅝	Int Cont A wt	85	3⅝	3⅝	3⅛	3⅜	— ⅛
37⅝	9⅝	In Protein .10	30	17⅝	17⅝	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅜
17⅝	4⅛	Int Stretch	75	16¼	16¼	15⅝	16	
12⅞	5½	Interphoto	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	
15⅜	4⅜	Interstate Un	33	12	12	11⅛	11⅝	—
27⅝	9	Intersystm	12	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
50¼	20	InvDiv A 1.80	139	49⅛	50	49⅛	50	
12⅞	5	InvDivB .45	38	12	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
22½	8⅛	Invt Fdg .60	59	10⅛	10⅝	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
7¼	4⅛	Invl Roy .14a	4	6⅛	6⅛	6½	6½	
12⅝	6	Iroquois Ind	28	10½	10½	10¼	10½	— ⅛
9¼	4¼	Irvin Indust	10	6¼	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
7¼	4½	ISC Ind	14	6⅞	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
25½	6⅛	Itel Corp	110	17½	17⅞	17¼	17¾	+ ⅛
5⅜	1½	ITI Corp	11	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛

J-K

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
8⅜	3½	Jaclyn .10g	13	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
19¼	18⅝	Jamesway n	6	19	19	18½	18½	— ⅜
33⅜	9⅝	Jeannette Gl	9	23⅝	23⅝	23	23	— ⅜
13⅝	6	Jeff Lak Pet	22	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	— ½
24⅛	8⅛	Jeffersn Strs	21	13⅜	13⅞	13½	13⅞	+ ⅛
9⅜	3	Jervis Corp	10	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
4⅝	2	Jetronic Ind	17	3	3½	3	3	— ⅛
33⅝	28⅛	John Pd .07g	2	30	30	29⅜	29⅜	— ⅛
9½	7½	JS Industries	2	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	
15⅜	6½	Jupiter Cp	25	10⅝	10⅝	10½	10½	— ⅛
21⅜	10⅛	Kaiser In .38t	132	12⅞	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅜
8⅛	3⅛	Kalvex .25f	40	5½	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	— ⅛
33⅝	14	Kane PL .80	67	32	33	32	32¼	+ ½
30⅛	9	Kauf Brd wt	23	28	28	27⅛	27⅛	— ½
6⅝	2⅛	Kay Jwly	8	3½	3½	3½	3½	
26¼	8½	Kenton .32	72	19⅜	19⅜	18½	19	— ⅞
25⅛	7⅛	Ketchm .30	11	13⅛	13⅝	13½	13½	+ ⅛
34⅝	16⅝	Kewanee .90	53	32⅝	32⅝	32	32	— ⅜
51½	30	Kewanee pf 2	18	49	49	48	48½	—1¼
10⅛	3⅛	Key Co	21	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	4	Kliem 1.50e	8	6½	6½	6¼	6⅛	
4⅝	2	Kin Ark Corp	33	3¼	3¼	3	3⅛	
12⅝	4⅝	King Radio	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅜	7⅜	
14¼	5⅝	Kingsford .16	13	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
35⅝	22½	KinsLaf 1.60	1	32	32	32	32	+ ¼
10⅝	4½	Kinny ptC .05	389	9½	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
34⅛	12⅛	Kirv Ind .36	10	24⅝	25	24⅝	25	+ ¼
13⅞	6	Kit Mfg	12	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
36⅝	18⅛	Kleinerts	5	23	28	27½	27½	— ⅜
22½	9⅝	Kliklok .50	3	17¼	17¼	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅜
31⅞	12⅛	Kollmrgn .40	8	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	
26½	8⅞	Kysor Ind .40	13	16⅝	16⅝	16	16	— ⅝

L

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6⅞	3	LaBarge Inc	9	4½	4½	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
28⅝	7⅝	Lafay Radio	44	24⅝	24⅝	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
11⅛	4	LAllon Appl	11	9⅜	9⅜	9⅛	9¼	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅞	Lake Shore	45	3⅜	3⅜	3½	3⅜	
40	12⅜	LaMaur .36	17	21	21⅛	20½	20½	— ⅜
5¼	1⅞	Langley Cp	7	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
17⅜	6¾	LaPoint .20a	17	9⅝	9⅝	9¼	9½	— ⅛
20⅝	19⅞	Larwin .48g	43	20	20	19⅞	20	
4	2⅝	LaTour Bick	7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	
17⅝	9	LeaRonl .28	13	16½	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛
11⅝	5⅛	Leader Intl	3	10⅝	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
15⅝	3⅛	Leas Data wt	316	8	8	7½	7½	— ½
24⅞	12	Lee Ent .20g	16	24¼	24¼	23⅝	24	+ ⅛
13⅝	5	Lee Natl	8	9	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
20¼	10	Leh Press .56	12	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	
25⅛	9	Leigh Prd .36	27	22½	22½	20⅞	20⅞	—2⅛
34½	10½	Leisure Tec	13	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	
26⅜	21⅞	Lenoxinc .50	108	26	26	25¼	25¼	— ½
40	16⅜	LernerSir .80	82	38	38⅛	38	38⅛	+ ⅛
27½	7½	Lerner St wt	47	26	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅜
33	13⅝	LeslieFa .40b	38	31⅞	31⅞	31¼	31½	— ⅜
19⅝	3	LevinTown	50	6	6	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
31½	26⅝	Levitz Furn	29	77⅛	77⅛	77	77¼	— ¼
12½	4	Liberty Fab	9	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	5⅛	Liberty Leas	49	9⅝	9⅝	9⅜	9⅜	— ¼
14⅝	7	Lilli Ann Cp	3	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ¼
15	5¼	LilyLynn A	6	12	12⅝	12	12⅝	+ ½
8⅝	2½	Ling TVgt wt	37	3½	3⅝	3½	3½	— ⅛
10⅛	3⅛	Lockwd K&B	5	9½	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—
10⅛	3⅛	Lockwd K&B	6	9½	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ¼
4	2	Lobge&S .05e	18	3	3⅛	3	3	
22	8	Loehman .32	4	20¾	20¾	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	5⅝	LoewsThe wt	123	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15⅞	+ ⅜
7½	2¼	Logistic Ind	36	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
27⅛	14⅞	LaGasSv 1.48	46	23⅝	24	23⅝	24	
7⅝	2⅞	LSB Ind .24f	10	4⅞	4⅞	4¾	4¾	— ½
18⅝	7	LTV Aero .80	45	9½	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
7⅜	2	LTV Aero wt	5	3¼	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
6½	2⅜	LTVElec .15e	8	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
4⅝	1⅛	LTV Ling Alt	7	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝	
2⅜	¾	LTV Ling wt	13	1⅜	1⅜	1⅛	1⅜	+ ⅛
7⅞	2⅝	LTV Ling pf	9	4½	4½	4½	4⅝	
18½	5⅜	Lundy Elec	20	9⅛	9⅛	8⅞	9	— ¼
6½	2½	Lynch Corp	13	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛

M

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
4⅝	2¼	Macoid Ind	55	4⅛	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
8⅛	2⅝	Macro Chat	55	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
6½	2½	Magna Oil	19	5⅝	5½	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
19⅛	15	Me PbSv 1.16	4	18½	18⅝	18½	18⅝	
7¼	2⅝	Mallory Ran	30	3⅜	4	3½	3½	— ¼
35⅜	14⅝	MamXrt .28b	15	34¼	34¼	33¾	33¾	— ⅜
25½	6⅝	Magmt Data	14	9⅝	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	— ⅛
14⅛	5⅝	Mangel St .30	x70	9⅛	10⅛	9⅛	10⅛	+1
24½	13	Mangood .63	5	17¼	17¼	16⅞	16⅞	— ½
18⅞	10	Mansf TR .50	29	16½	16½	15½	15½	—1
7⅜	6⅞	Marinduque	25	7	7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
16	4½	Marlene Ind	156	14⅝	14⅝	13⅝	13½	—1⅛
53¾	23½	Marley .40	56	52⅛	52⅝	51⅜	51⅞	
67⅛	14	Marshal Ind	29	21½	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	— ½
15⅜	8½	Masland .40	7	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18¼	— ⅛
21¾	12⅜	MaterRe .07g	3	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ¼
37½	8½	Maul Bro .20	28	16⅝	16⅝	15⅞	15⅞	—1
9⅞	3½	McCrory wt	10	8	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅜
10⅝	3½	McCrorwt n	114	8	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅜
44½	16⅛	McCull 1.12t	110	41⅝	41½	40⅞	40⅞	—1⅛
35¼	12	McDongh .30	44	31⅛	31⅛	30¾	31	— ⅞
17⅞	10¼	Medalist .08g	23	16½	16½	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅛
7½	2½	MedcoJwly A	13	5⅛	5⅛	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
35½	24⅝	MediaGen .52	7	37⅜	37⅜	37½	37⅜	+ ⅛
21½	10	MEM Co .72	14	19⅜	19⅜	19¼	19½	— ½
26⅜	8¼	Menasco .41f	200	22⅛	22¼	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅝
25¼	13½	MerleN .20e	9	20⅞	20⅞	20⅝	20⅝	+ ⅛
3 15-16	1½	Merrill Isld	64	2½	2½	2½	2½	
11¼	6⅜	MichCh .20	2	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
9⅛	3½	Mich Genl	10	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
7⅛	3⅝	Mich Sug .10	22	7⅛	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ½
3⅝	3	Mich Sg pf.24	7	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛
28	9⅝	Microwave	11	21½	21½	21⅛	21¼	— ⅛
17⅝	7½	Midlnd Co .20	20	14⅝	15	14⅛	14½	— ⅛
15⅝	9⅛	Mid Mtg .35g	32	13⅝	13⅞	13½	13⅝	+ ¼
30⅞	9½	MidwsFin .32	14	30	30	29	29	—1½
40½	15	Milgo Elect	296	19½	19½	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅞
14⅝	5	MillrWohl .30	6	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12½	+ ⅛
20	9	MillOnyx .54f	18	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
43⅝	14½	Milton Roy	13	25¼	26	25¼	25⅞	+ ⅝
35⅛	23⅜	Mirro Al 1.80	5	34⅝	35	34⅝	35	
9⅝	3⅞	MoKanTex cl	5	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ¼
14⅛	3⅝	Mite Corp	206	6⅞	6⅞	6½	6½	— ⅜
6½	3	Mohawk Air	31	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
28⅛	12⅜	MoBeefPkr	34	20½	21¼	20¼	21⅛	+1⅛
21⅛	7	Mobile Home	43	14½	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
7⅝	3 1-16	Molybd Can	5	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
64	50⅛	Mon P pf4.40	z20	64	64	64	64	
9¼	4¼	Moog Inc	3	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
19⅞	7½	MorseEl Pd	268	19	19	17½	17⅝	—1⅛
12	7	Morton S .32	3	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9½	— ⅛
11⅝	6⅛	MottsSMk .16	2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
15⅝	5¼	Mouldings	30	11⅛	11⅛	10⅝	10⅞	— ⅛
24½	16⅝	MtVern 1.50	8	23	23	22¼	22¼	—1
20⅝	8½	Mov Star .50	16	13⅜	13⅜	12⅜	13⅛	— ½
7½	2	Movielab	2	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼	
13⅞	7⅛	MPB Cp .30	14	12⅛	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
9⅝	4⅝	MPO Video	24	6⅜	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅜
17⅛	8½	MultiAm .05r	20	16⅝	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
5¼	2	Muter Co	6	3½	3½	3½	3½	
12⅝	6⅝	MWA Co .40	4	9	9	8¾	8¾	— ¼

N

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
9½	3½	Napco Ind	4	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
10	3⅝	Narda Micr	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
9¼	4½	Nat Alfalfa	8	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅜
5⅝	2	Nat Bellas H	63	3⅛	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	3½	Nat Gen wt	80	11⅝	11⅝	11½	11⅝	— ⅛
6½	2⅝	Nat Gen wt n	533	5½	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
15⅛	3⅝	Nat Hlth Ent	109	6½	6½	6¼	6¼	— ¼
4	1⅝	Nat Ind wt	57	3⅛	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
19	8½	N Realty .80	14	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
29⅞	17⅝	N Semicondt	16	27⅜	27⅜	27⅛	27¼	— ¼
15⅝	5⅛	Nat Spinng	23	14½	14¾	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅝
24½	5	Nat Systems	90	14⅝	14½	14	14⅝	
6⅝	2⅛	NBO Ind	8	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
13½	7	Neechm Pk	2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
17⅝	9⅝	Nelsner .20	x9	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
17	4⅝	NellyDon .61f	21	16⅝	16½	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅝
16	2⅝	Nestle LeM	26	4⅝	4⅝	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
17⅝	12⅝	Newcor .90	14	17½	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅛
18⅝	6⅛	N Eng Nuclr	11	17⅛	17⅛	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅝	N Hamp Ball	8	7¼	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	
3⅞	1⅛	Newidria Mn	115	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½	+ ⅛
18½	9	New Mex&Ar	1	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	
9⅝	3½	NewPark Mn	35	4⅞	4⅞	4⅜	4⅝	
57	41⅝	NProc .75g	27	52½	52½	51⅛	51⅛	—1⅛
42⅛	14½	NY Times .60	43	23⅝	23⅝	22½	22½	—1
11⅛	2	NiagFSv .04g	14	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
16	3	NMS Indust	7	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
22⅜	8½	Nortek .28f	114	15	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
27½	16⅛	NoA Mtg .51g	144	24⅞	24⅞	24½	24⅞	+ ⅜
7½	3⅝	Nor Am Roy	5	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
30⅛	14½	No Am Sug 1	10	27½	27½	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
1 9-16	4	Nor Cdn Oils	124	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7 7-16	—3-16
8⅝	3¼	Noeast Airlin	22	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
19	14¼	NNG Mob wt	59	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18½	— ⅛
11⅛	3⅛	Nowstind wt	99	9⅜	9⅝	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
19⅜	6⅝	Nova Corp	20	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅝
4½	2⅛	Nuclear Am	41	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	+ ⅛
53⅞	12½	Nuclear Data	27	30¼	30¼	28¼	28¾	—1¾
13⅝	2⅝	Nytronics	261	4¾	4⅜	4½	4½	— ⅛

O

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
30⅝	14	Offshore Co	1	26	26	26	26	+ ½
40	26⅝	Ohio Brass 2	3	38⅛	38⅛	38	38	
28½	13⅝	OKC Corp .80	8	17½	17½	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅝
4⅝	1⅝	Okonite wt	22	2	2	2	2	
9½	4	Old Town	8	6⅞	6⅞	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅜
26⅝	13⅝	Olla Ind	34	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15½	— ¼
9⅜	3⅝	Originala .30	32	8⅝	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	— ⅛
4¾	2	Ormand Ind	17	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
10¼	6	OSullivn .50	10	9½	9½	9	9	— ½
31	11	OverhdDr .60	2	25	25	25	25	— ⅛
21	14	Over Ship Gr	286	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅜
5⅝	2⅝	Oxford Elec	73	4	4	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
11⅞	5⅛	OxfrdEl pf.56	z200	8½	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
25⅞	6⅞	Oxfd Fst .30g	15	12½	12½	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅞
5¼	3	Ozark Airline	84	4¾	4¾	4½	4⅜	h

P

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
13¼	5¾	P&A Indust	451	12½	14⅝	12½	14⅛	+2¼
4⅞	2⅝	P&F Indust	80	3¼	3½	3⅛	3⅛	
6⅞	2⅛	Pac Cst Prop	19	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼	
24⅛	18⅝	PGE 6pf 1.50	9	23	23	22⅝	23	
21⅝	16¼	PGE pf 1.37	1	20	20	20	20	
19	15⅝	PGE 5pf 1.25	1	18½	18½	18½	18½	— ⅛
19⅝	14⅝	PG Rd pf1.25	2	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
8¼	14¼	PG 4.80pf1.20	7	17⅝	17⅝	7⅝	17⅝	
3⅝	28⅝	PG 9.28pf2.32	9	31⅞	31⅞	31	31	— ⅞
26½	12	P Hold .60b	14	14½	14½	14⅛	14⅛	
69⅝	54½	Pac L 1pf4.75	z50	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜	— ⅜
65½	50⅝	Pac Lt pf4.40	z10	64	64	64	64	—1
65	48½	Pac Lt pf4.36	z10	61½	61½	61½	61½	—1
18	13⅝	P NwTel 1.04	1	17½	17½	17½	17½	
73	57⅝	Pac PL pf 5	z150	70⅝	70⅝	69½	69½	—1
28¼	13	PacSLoan .30	49	28	28	27½	27½	— ½
15⅛	6⅝	P SwstAir wt	30	12⅝	12⅝	12	12	— ⅞
23	6⅝	Pall Corp A	46	13½	13½	13	13¼	— ⅛
12⅝	10⅝	Palomar Finl	106	11	12	11	11⅝	+ ½
50	27½	Pamida Inc	9	49	49	48	48	—x
8½	2⅝	Pantasote	18	4⅛	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
12⅝	4⅛	Parmont Pkg	5	9	9	8½	8½	— ⅛
9⅝	5½	Park Ch .30	6	8⅝	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
14⅞	8⅛	Park Ele .40	15	12	12	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	3⅝	Parklan Hos	54	6⅝	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
14	6½	Parkwy Dist	10	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
27¼	11½	Parsons .25e	112	26⅞	27⅞	26⅞	27⅛	+ ⅞
21⅝	6⅛	Pat PPap .20	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
9¼	4⅞	Pato CG .20g	12	8⅜	8⅞	8⅛	8⅞	+ ⅛
30⅛	9	Peab Gal .47f	82	28½	28½	27½	27½	— ½
18⅛	7½	Peel Elder	13	15½	15⅝	15½	15⅝	
14⅛	8¼	Penn Eng .60	3	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
19⅛	13⅝	PennTra .70a	3	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅜
8⅝	4⅞	PenobSh .10g	11	6⅜	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2	Pentron Ind	16	3	3	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
37⅞	19½	Pep Boys .96	10	36	36½	36	36¼	— ¼
14⅛	7⅝	Pepcomin .40	6	12⅛	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛
46½	21⅜	PEPI 1.30t	13	29⅛	29⅛	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅛
7⅝	3⅝	Perini Corp	119	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6⅝	— ⅛
29	5⅝	Permaner	80	12⅝	12⅞	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅞
43⅞	20⅛	Petrie Str .55	1	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	
8⅛	5	PhilLgDis .91	19	6⅜	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛	— ¼
26⅛	8⅝	Phillips Scr	29	14	14¼	14	14¼	+ ¼
8	2⅝	Phoenix Stl	43	3⅞	3⅞	3⅜	3⅜	
9⅝	1⅝	Piasecki Airc	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
54⅝	20½	Pickwick Intl	9	41⅞	41⅞	41¼	41¼	—1
46⅝	33⅛	Pier 1 Imprt	8	45⅝	45½	45¼	45¼	— ⅛
15	10⅛	Pioneer Plas	22	11½	11½	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
13¼	4⅜	PionerSy .12f	23	8⅝	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
28	15⅝	PitDesMoin 1	17	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	—2
42½	24⅝	Pittway .60b	5	33	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
8	5⅝	PitWV Tr .48	8	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
12⅛	2⅛	PKL Co	20	5⅝	5½	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
38⅞	9½	Plant Ind	54	17⅝	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
19⅞	4⅝	Plaza Group	25	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	4⅞	Ply Gem .19f	15	11	11	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
19	10⅝	Pneu Scal .80	2	18	18	18	18	
17½	7	Pneumo Dy	14	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
27⅛	6	Poloron .88f	51	12½	12½	11⅝	11⅞	—1¼
17½	6	Polych .73f	10	17⅛	17⅛	16⅝	16⅝	—1⅛
13	5	Polymer Cp	z700	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
42¼	14⅝	Potter Inst	67	21⅛	21⅛	20½	20½	— ⅜
18⅝	5	Prairie Oil	38	14⅝	14⅝	13	13⅝	—1⅛
18	10⅛	Pratt Lamb 1	41	16⅛	17⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
6⅛	3⅝	Pratt Rd .20	5	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
52	27⅝	PrentHall .68	30	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+
13⅝	9	PresRlt A .80	5	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	8⅝	PresRlt B .80	8	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
12⅛	5⅛	Price Capital	34	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
28⅛	13⅛	ProlrSil .25e	35	25⅛	25⅛	24⅛	24⅛	—1⅛
10⅛	8⅛	Prov Gas .64	4	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
32⅞	5⅝	Prud Resrcs	182	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅜
20½	4	PrudFnds .10	49	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
10⅞	5⅛	Pubco Pll .15	102	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
65	51½	PSColo pf4.25	z125	61	61	60½	60½	— ½
12⅝	8⅝	PuntaGord Is	7	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
22⅝	4⅝	Puritan Fash	235	21⅝	21⅝	18⅞	19⅝	—1⅞
15¼	6⅝	PutnamsS .34	57	11½	12	11½	12	

R

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6¼	2½	Ramer Ind	22	4½	4½	4¼	4⅜	— ⅛
23⅜	12⅝	Ranchrs Ex	15	17⅞	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅜
7⅜	3	Rapid Am wt	239	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
20⅝	3⅝	Rath Pack	222	18⅝	18⅞	17	17⅛	—1⅜
19	5¼	Ray Resrcs	2	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅜
11⅛	5⅜	Raym Pr .40	4	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	5½	RB Indust	10	9⅝	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ¼
24⅝	16⅝	Real El 1.40a	3	23	23¼	23	23¼	
17¼	9¼	RltyInTr .25g	18	15⅝	15⅝	15⅛	15¼	+ ⅜
45¼	12½	Recrion Corp	144	31½	31⅛	28	28	—3½
5⅝	2⅛	REDM .10d	16	4⅝	4⅝	4⅛	4½	— ⅛
5¼	2½	Reeves Ind	20	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
15⅜	2	Reeves Telec	19	3½	3½	3½	3½	— ⅛
38⅝	24	Rell Ins 2.20	z200	37½	37⅝	37½	37⅝	
15⅞	10½	Rem Arm .80	16	13⅛	13⅝	13⅛	13⅝	— ⅛
19½	12⅝	RepMtg 1.80a	43	18⅝	19	18⅝	18⅝	
5⅝	2⅛	RepMtgIn wt	38	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
63⅛	17	ResrchCll .08	132	40⅛	40⅛	39⅞	40	— ⅜
11⅛	4⅝	Reserve OG	71	9⅞	9⅞	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	4¼	Resistoflex	11	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½	
13⅝	4⅞	ResortsIntl A	79	7⅝	7⅝	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
13⅝	6⅝	ResortsIntl B	1	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
22½	4	Restau Assoc	41	7	7	6½	6⅞	— ⅛
22⅝	11⅝	Rex Noreco	2	17¼	17½	17¼	17½	+ ¼
16⅝	5⅝	RH Med Svcs	22	13⅛	13⅝	13¼	13⅛	— ⅛
12	5⅝	Riblet Prods	13	8⅝	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
38	14⅝	Richton 1.07t	1	26½	26½	26½	26½	— ⅛
20	6⅝	RicoArg Mng	6	17¼	17¼	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅜
15	2⅝	Riker Maxs	49	5⅝	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
22	14¼	RioAlgom .40	1	19	19	19	19	+ ⅛
6½	3⅝	RitterFin .06f	36	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
8¼	3½	Robintech	9	8⅝	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
9½	4⅝	Roblin Ind	19	7½	7½	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
43⅝	13⅝	Rogers Corp	7	21	21	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅛
45	15	Rollins Intl	66	22⅛	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
14⅝	8⅛	Ronco Telepr	87	10½	10½	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
57½	29	RooseRac .80	245	55⅞	56⅛	54	55⅛	— ½
7⅛	4	Rosenau Bro	3	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
33	10½	RownDrl .07g	26	32⅝	32⅝	31⅞	31⅞	— ¼
13¼	4½	Rowland Pd	8	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
3⅛	1½	Royal Amer	78	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
9⅛	3⅝	RoyBusn .10a	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
19⅝	11⅛	Royalinn Am	17	12⅞	13	12⅞	13	
21¼	13	Rupp Indust	46	20⅛	20⅛	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅝
12⅛	4	Rusco Ind	29	6⅞	6⅞	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅜
5⅛	2	Russeks Inc	34	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	
7⅛	3⅛	Russell Alum	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
11¼	6	RussMll .10g	72	9⅝	11	9⅝	10⅝	+1½
33⅝	18⅝	RustCraft .40	3	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	
5⅝	2¼	Ryersn Hay	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	

S

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
20¾	9⅝	Sabin Roy .40	4	19¾	19⅞	19¾	19¾	
16⅛	7	Salegrd Ind	59	13	13	12¼	12⅞	— ⅜
32⅝	12	StJhnTrk .60	40	24¾	25½	24¾	25⅜	+1
18¾	5¼	Salem Corp	115	16⅛	16⅛	15⅝	15¾	— ½
23	13⅛	Sambo R .10r	13	22¾	22¾	22⅜	22½	— ¼
31	17¾	SJuanR 2.18f	16	30½	30½	30¼	30½	
16⅛	5	Sanlias .12	162	11⅜	11½	11	11⅛	
6¾	2¾	Sargent Ind	26	5	5	4¾	4⅞	— ⅛
8¾	2⅞	Saturn Airwy	6	7½	7½	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
24⅛	8	Sav AStop .24	43	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15¼	— ½
73	19¼	Savin B Mch	210	31¼	31⅝	30⅜	30⅞	— ½
14	4¾	Savoy Ind	12	8¾	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
6⅞	2⅛	Savre Fishr	13	3⅜	3½	3¼	3¼	
25	7¼	Scam Instru	13	23¼	24	23⅛	23¾	+ ¼
16¾	7⅞	SchenuitA .40	9	10	10¼	10	10	— ⅛
14¼	5⅛	Schiller .16	14	7	7¼	7	7¼	
14	5	Science Mgt	42	11⅜	11⅜	10⅜	10⅝	— ¾
10⅛	5	Scient Atlan	23	8⅞	8⅞	8½	8½	— ¼
24	9¾	ScottysH .10e	37	22⅝	22⅝	21⅜	21⅜	— ¾
28½	11¼	Scurry Rain	36	24	24	23⅜	23⅝	— ⅜
11⅞	6	SbdAlMill .30	14	11¼	11½	11	11	— ½
13	4½	Sea Containr	37	11	11½	11	11½	+ ⅜
14	4⅜	SbdPlywd .10	11	10¼	10¼	9¾	9⅞	— ½
8⅞	4¼	Seabrok .03e	52	8½	8½	8⅛	8⅜	
12¾	3⅝	Sealectro Cp	5	6	6	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅜
25⅞	7¼	Sears Ind .44	33	23	23¼	22½	23¼	— ⅛
11⅞	4½	Season All	1	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
22⅞	8⅝	Sec Mtgl .22g	314	17⅞	18	17	17⅝	— ¼
19½	8⅝	SelasCorp .40	81	19¾	20	19⅛	19¾	+ ⅝
13¾	4½	Selig Ltz .20r	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
10	4⅝	Semtech .21f	2	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾	— ¼
11⅝	2¾	Sequoyah Ind	64	5⅛	5¼	4⅞	5	— ½
24	15⅝	Service Cp In	19	20¾	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅞
16⅝	6½	Servisco	12	11	11⅜	11	11⅜	+ ⅛
7⅛	3	Servo Corp	22	6¾	6⅞	6½	6⅝	— ¼
12⅝	9	Servotronic	29	15⅝	15⅝	14¾	14¾	— ¾
14⅛	7¾	Seton Co .45	1	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
23½	15⅝	SGL Ind 1.19f	11	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	+ ¼
6½	4⅝	Shaer Sh .16	41	6¼	6¼	5⅞	6	— ⅛
9¼	3⅝	Shahmon Ind	4	6⅝	6¾	6⅝	6¾	
6⅝	3	Shattck Denn	18	6⅞	6⅞	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
11¾	3⅞	ShelfWat .12r	36	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝	
16¼	6	ShellRes .05e	44	10¼	10½	10¼	10¼	— ⅜
11¾	7⅝	Shenandoh	11	10	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	— ⅛
61½	35	Sherwod Med	2	47	47	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅜
16¼	6½	Sierra P Ind	24	12⅞	13¼	12¾	12⅞	
16⅛	7⅝	Sierracin Cp	9	11	11⅛	10¾	10¾	— ⅜
11¼	5⅝	Silco Indust	8	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝	
12⅝	3½	Sigma Inst	9	7⅝	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	— ⅜
8⅝	4¼	Signet Cp .30	35	8⅜	8⅜	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
13¼	2¾	Silicon Tran	49	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	— ⅛
11¾	6	Simkins .50	7	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ¼
22⅝	5⅛	Simplex Ind	43	12½	12¾	12¼	12⅝	
33⅞	18	Simplex Wire	4	20¾	21	20¾	21	+ ⅛
37½	19	SincVenOil 2	z150	28⅝	28⅝	28⅛	28½	
15⅝	5½	Slikin SmRls	11	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	— ½
29½	16¾	SkaggCo .40b	113	25¼	25¼	25⅛	25¼	— ⅜
14¼	6⅛	Sky City Strs	17	14¼	14⅜	14	14⅜	+ ⅜
24¼	8½	Slick Corp	59	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¾	— ⅜
48	17⅝	Slick pfA 1.75	10	28⅛	28⅛	27⅞	28	— ¼
8⅝	2½	SMD Ind	10	4¾	4¾	4⅝	4¾	— ⅛
40¾	10¼	Solitron	397	16⅝	16⅞	16⅛	16¼	— ¼
34⅞	10¼	Sonder Brdct	75	29	29	27⅞	28⅝	— ½
17¾	6⅝	Sorg Paper	7	10¾	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅜
24	4⅝	Soundesign	26	17	17½	16⅞	17¼	+ ¼
10½	8⅛	Soest Cap .64	2	10	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅜
32¼	21½	SC Org pf1.50	z900	29¼	29½	29¼	29½	+ ½
117	98	SCE pf8.96	6	115½	115½	115½	115½	
115½	100½	SCE pf8.70	1	114	114	114	114	— ½
22⅛	17	SC 5.80pf 1.45	9	21½	21½	21⅛	21½	
25	16	SC 5.20pf 1.30	16	24	24⅛	24	24	+ ⅛
18⅝	13¾	SC 4.78pf 1.19	1	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ¼
17	12⅝	SC 4.32pf 1.08	7	15⅝	15⅞	15½	15⅝	
9⅛	4	Sou Real Ut	10	5½	5⅝	5½	5¾	+ ⅜
47¼	22½	Sou Roy 1.20	34	45¼	45¼	43⅝	43⅞	—1⅛
25½	9¾	Swst For Ind	96	22⅜	22⅞	22½	22⅝	
16¼	8	Swn Inv .70	5	15⅝	15½	15¾	15½	
17	6½	Specity Rest	28	13⅝	13⅝	12⅞	13⅛	
8⅝	5⅛	Spector Ind	13	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8⅜	
15¼	4¾	Spectro .18	2	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8¾	
12¾	4¾	Sped OP .21f	2	6¾	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
20¼	4⅝	Spencer Cos	47	10⅞	10⅞	10¼	10⅝	— ¼
15¼	5⅝	SSP Ind .12g	2	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
20⅝	12½	Std Allian .80	2	16⅛	16⅛	16	16	— ⅛
11⅞	3	Std Containr	19	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ¼
27⅛	17⅛	StdCoosa 1.30	14	26¾	26¾	26	26	—1⅛
12⅞	5½	Std Dred .20e	3	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
20⅞	16	StDred pf1.60	z50	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅜
8½	3	Std Metals	76	4¾	4¾	4½	4½	— ⅜
34⅝	16	Std Mot A .75	7	34½	34½	34	34	— ⅜
11¼	4⅛	Std Pac Corp	42	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	
28⅞	20⅝	Std Prod 1.20	2	28	28	28	28	— ⅛
28⅝	18½	Std Shrs .15r	1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
14	7½	Std Thomsn	1	10¾	10¾	10½	10¾	+ ¼
8⅜	2¾	Stanley Avia	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ¼
5¾	1⅛	Stanwick Cp	11	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	— ⅛
18½	10⅝	StapMach .60	6	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛
9	5⅝	Stardust .48	20	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	— ½
18½	8	Star Smkt .60	14	17¼	17¼	16¾	17	— ¼
31¼	8⅝	Statham Ins	46	13⅞	13⅞	12⅝	13⅞	— ⅛
15	7⅞	Steelmet Inc	13	11½	11½	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
16½	6⅛	SteinH .25a	176	16½	16½	16	16	— ¼
8⅞	2¼	Stellar Ind	78	5½	5⅝	5	5⅛	— ¼
28⅝	12	Stepan Ch .52	8	27½	27⅝	27¼	27¼	
11	2½	Sterl Electr	33	4¼	4¼	4	4½	
6⅞	3⅝	Sterl Pre .20f	33	5⅞	6	5¾	6	+ ⅛
19⅝	5½	Stern Met .25	185	10	10	9⅝	9½	— ½
23⅛	11½	Sternco A	53	21⅜	21⅜	20¾	21	— ½
30⅝	19⅝	Stop Shop .90	8	28⅛	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	
49¾	29¼	STP Corp .60	110	45¾	46	45½	45⅝	— ⅞
10⅝	4	Stratton Grp	111	7¾	8⅛	7¼	8	+ ⅜
9¾	4¼	Struthr Wells	47	9⅝	9⅝	8⅞	8⅞	— ¾
20⅝	8½	Sueve Sh .37f	77	20⅛	20½	20	20	— ⅛
9⅝	2½	Summit Org	13	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ¼
33⅛	15⅝	Sun Elec .40	9	21½	21¾	21½	21½	+ ¼
8⅜	3½	Sunair Electr	16	6⅝	6¾	6½	6½	— ⅝
16⅝	7½	Sup Surg Mf	7	13½	13½	13¼	13⅝	— ¼
40⅝	8	Superscope	34	28⅜	28⅝	27½	27½	—
5¾	1⅞	Supronics	16	3¾	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ¼
12¼	5⅛	Susquehana	84	9	9⅛	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
15	9¼	Susqueh rf1	4	13⅜	13⅜	13¼	13¼	— ¼
18⅝	12⅛	Sutro Ml .40g	69	18¼	18¼	18	18	— ¼
10⅝	4½	Synaloy .45g	34	8⅞	9¼	8¾	9⅛	+ ⅛
69½	18⅛	Syntex .40	443	48	48¼	7¼	47¼	— ⅜
49⅛	10⅛	System Eng	94	14¾	14¾	14⅜	14⅝	— ¼

T

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
5⅞	2¼	Tamar Elec	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
18⅝	12	Tasty B .88b	2	18	18	18	18	
26¼	6½	Tech Aeroio	69	12½	12½	11⅛	11⅝	— ⅞
5⅝	1½	Tech Sym Cp	32	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½	+ ¼
27¼	7¼	Technic Oper	19	13	13	12⅝	12½	— ⅝
6⅝	2⅛	Technic Tape	59	3¼	3¼	2⅞	3⅛	— ¼
22	7	Technicolor	33	13	13¼	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅜
14⅛	3	Technitrol	15	4⅞	4⅞	4¾	4⅞	— ⅛
16⅝	6⅛	Teleflex Inc	2	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	— ½
133½	46	Telepromtr	468	62¾	62¾	57½	59⅞	—3⅛
20¾	3⅝	Tenna Corp	135	9¼	9⅜	8½	8½	— ⅞
8¾	4⅛	Tenneco wt	79	8	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅜
8⅞	3	Tensor Cp	4	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	— ⅛
17⅝	10½	Teradyne In	c 27	16¼	16¼	15½	15⅝	— ⅝
9¾	4	Ter Hud .42f	24	6¼	6⅜	6	6⅛	
39¼	13½	Tesoro Pet	62	26⅞	25⅞	25½	25½	—1
8⅝	3⅜	Texstar	121	7½	7½	7½	7½	
21½	7½	Textron wt	17	20¼	20¼	20	20¼	— ⅛
8⅛	3	TFI Co Inc	124	6	6⅛	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛
17⅞	9⅝	Thriftimart	5	13½	13¾	13½	13¾	+ ½
37½	18¼	Tokheim .63	17	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	— ¼
62¼	50	Tol Ed pf4.25	z100	61	61	61	61	— ¼
29	11⅝	Tonka Cp .40	43	14⅜	14¾	14⅜	14½	— ⅜
23¾	9½	Tool Res .99f	49	22¼	22⅜	21⅞	22	—1
10	3 9-16	Total Pet NA	19	7 15-16	8 1-16	7 13-16	7 15-16	— ⅛
16⅞	12½	Total P pf .70	6	16⅛	16⅜	16	16	— ¼
14⅛	5¼	Town Cntry	26	10¾	10¾	10⅛	10½	
6¼	2	Tran Car .75f	35	4⅝	4½	4⅛	4⅛	— ½
25¼	9⅝	Tran Lux .60	20	23⅝	23⅝	23	23	— ⅞
8⅝	3	Transair .0Ce	13	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜	
14½	4⅝	TWA wt	61	10	10⅝	10	10⅛	— ⅛
73	43	Tri Cont wt	4	65½	65½	65¼	65¼	—1⅛
11⅞	4⅝	Tri State Mot	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
30⅝	10½	Triang P .15e	25	27¾	27⅞	27	27¾	
3⅝	2 7-16	Tubos Mcx	23	3½	3½	3 5-16	3 7-16	+1-16
23⅞	6	Tyco Labs	100	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅝

U

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10⅛	3⅛	Udico Corp	18	6½	6½	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅜
9⅞	2¼	UIP Corp	24	3⅞	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅜
14⅛	3⅛	Unexcelled	161	7	7	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
12⅝	6⅛	Un Finl .47f	15	11	11	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅜
24½	11⅝	Un Invest .70	3	23	23	23	23	+ ¼
16⅛	10	U St Dm .10g	1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
23⅝	15⅝	Una MT .44g	50	22½	23	22½	23	+ ¼
6⅛	2⅛	Unam Tr wt	191	5½	5⅝	5⅜	5½	
14	6¼	UnAircPd .50	5	9⅞	10	9⅞	10	
5¼	2¼	Unit Asb .07e	24	4 11-16	4 11-16	4 11-16	4 11-16	— ⅛
8⅛	3⅝	Unit Bd Carl	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
5⅞	3	UnBrands wt	391	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	5	— ⅛
24½	24	UnCoLin .10r	2	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¼	— ½
15⅝	6¼	UnDollrSt .42	2	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	
6½	2⅛	Unit Foods	44	5⅝	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	
8	3⅝	Un Natl Corp	32	6⅝	6⅝	6	6⅛	— ⅛
3⅞	1⅛	UnNatCp wt	42	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	7⅝	Un Nat pf.70	12	9	9	8¾	8¾	— ⅛
46	7	U P Dye .12g	41	44	44½	43½	43¾	+ ½
24⅛	6	Un Refin .15	13	23	23	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅜
36	11	US Filter	2	22⅜	22⅜	22½	22½	— ½
45⅛	17⅝	USHome Dev	22	44⅛	44⅛	43¼	43½	—1
34	12⅝	US Nat Rsrc	94	17¼	17⅝	16⅝	17	
12⅛	4⅛	US Radium	17	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
21½	14⅝	US Rltin 1.50	10	20½	20½	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
13¼	4½	US Reducin	10	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	
10⅛	6	US Ru R .25g	1	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
12⅝	4	US Smelt wt	36	8¾	8¾	8¼	8¼	— ⅜
18⅝	3½	Unitrode Cp	52	9⅞	9⅞	9	9⅛	— ⅜
4⅝	2½	Univ Cigar	9	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
12	3¼	Un Cont .16f	14	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6½	
22¼	11½	Univ Marlon	61	22¼	22¼	21¾	21¾	— ½
31½	10¼	Urls Bldg wt	31	22½	22⅝	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
20⅛	4¾	URS Systems	49	10¼	10¼	9⅝	9⅝	— ½
15⅛	11⅝	Utah IdSu .80	3	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	

V

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
21¼	12	Valles Slk H	34	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	17⅜	— ⅛
10	3	Valley Met	15	8	8	7⅝	7⅝	— ⅜
7½	4⅝	Valmac Ind	5	6½	6½	6⅜	6½	+ ⅛
18⅝	8⅛	Van Dorn .30	22	17½	17¾	17⅛	17⅜	
5½	2⅛	Vanguard Int	16	3⅛	3⅛	3	3⅛	
37⅛	10⅛	Veeco Instru	24	18⅝	18⅝	17½	17⅝	— ⅜
36⅛	9⅝	Venicelnd .20	91	33½	33⅛	32¼	32⅝	— ⅛
24⅛	5⅝	Vernitron	205	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	10	— ⅜
11⅛	4	Vesely Co	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
39⅛	10¼	Vetco Offshr	35	37⅜	37⅜	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
25⅝	5¼	Viewlex	123	9¼	9¼	8¾	8⅞	— ⅛
27⅛	6⅛	Vikoa Inc	116	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞	— ⅛
10	4½	Vintage Ent	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
10⅛	4	VLN Corp	45	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	— ⅛
54⅛	32	VLN Cp pf 3	2	44	44	44	44	+ ½
15¼	5⅝	Vol Merch	21	8⅝	8¾	8⅛	8⅛	
13¼	6⅝	Voplex Corp	5	10½	10¼	10¼	10¼	+ ⅛
8¼	3⅞	Vulc Corp .10	7	4⅞	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞	— ¼
7½	4⅛	Vulc Inc .30	27	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ⅛

W

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
30⅛	6½	Wabash M	98	10	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ½
9¼	3¼	Wadell Equip	4	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
13⅝	3½	Waltham In	72	8⅝	8¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅞
5⅞	2	Ward Fds wt	7	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
11¼	5	Wards Co .20	14	10¼	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅜
6⅝	3	Watsco Inc	15	6¼	6¼	6⅛	6¼	
30⅞	18¼	Well McL .50	3	26⅝	26⅞	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
13⅞	5⅝	Welman .52f	13	9¼	9¼	8⅞	8⅞	— ½
7½	3½	Weld Tu Am	8	6⅛	6¼	6	6	
11⅞	4¾	Wellco Ent	13	9	9¼	9	9¼	+ ⅜
24⅞	5	WellRGr .15g	52	22	22¼	21⅝	22	— ⅛
5½	2⅛	Wentworth	58	5½	5½	5	5¼	— ¼
28½	16	West Ch Pd 1	2	26	26	26	26	
11	4½	Westates Pil	82	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	— ⅛
10½	2⅞	Westby Fsh	101	8¾	9½	8¾	9⅛	+1¼
21⅞	9	Wsln Fin .15e	25	21	21¼	20⅞	20⅞	— ⅝
10⅝	5⅝	Wn Nuclear	22	6¼	6⅞	6½	6½	— ⅛
11½	2¾	Westrn Orbis	40	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
52⅝	30⅝	West Un Intl	3	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	— ⅛
15¾	11⅝	Westrans Ind	26	14¼	14¼	14	14¼	+ ¼
48⅛	17¾	Whelab .60e	32	31	31	30¾	31	— ⅛
14¼	7⅞	Whitaker .50	3	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
7¾	2½	Whitehall El	6	3¼	3⅞	3¼	3⅞	+ ⅛
24¼	16¾	Whiting 1.50	6	23	23	22¾	22¾	— ½
7⅞	2	Whittakr wt	36	3⅞	3⅞	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
6¼	2⅛	Wichita Ind	13	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	
18¾	4½	Willcox Gibb	33	8¾	8¾	8½	8½	— ¼
42⅛	12	Wmhouse	59	18⅝	18¾	18⅛	18¾	+ ⅛
8⅞	4	Wilshire Oil	42	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+
23⅞	8⅛	WilsonCo 1.35	13	22½	22½	22¼	22¼	— ⅜
7⅜	2⅞	Wilson Co wt	46	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6⅞	— ¼
13⅝	4¼	Wilson Br .60	34	13	13	12½	12½	— ½
10¼	5	Wilson Ph .12	121	8⅝	10	8½	10	+1⅜
16¾	9⅞	WilsonSpt .60	7	14⅞	14⅞	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
5⅞	3½	Wilson Sp wt	23	5	5	4¾	5	
13⅛	4⅞	Wolv Indust	8	9	9½	9	9	— ½
21½	7¾	Wood Ind .52f	29	21½	21½	20⅝	20⅞	— ⅝
19	7¾	Work Wr .60	30	15	15	14	14½	— ½
10¾	4⅛	Wrather Cp	12	7¾	7¾	7½	7¾	
2¼	1⅛	Wright Harg	50	1 9-16	1 9-16	1 7-16	7-16	—1-16
14½	9⅛	WTC Air .10e	11	13⅝	13¾	13½	13¾	
7⅞	3⅛	Wyand Ind	112	7¾	8⅝	7⅞	8⅝	+ ⅞
9½	3⅞	Wyle Labs	47	5¼	5¼	5⅛	5¼	
32⅛	22	Wynn Oil	8	32	32	31¾	32	
9⅞	4½	Wyomissing	14	8¾	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛

Y

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
18	8⅝	Yates Ind	104	13	13¼	12¾	13¼	+ ¼
24⅜	15	Yonk Ra .80a	3	21½	21½	21½	21½	— ⅝

Z

1970-71 High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
10	3⅝	Zero Mfg .05	19	5½	5½	5	5⅛	— ⅛
32¾	7½	Zim Hom .24	101	14⅞	14⅞	14	14⅝	— ¼
7⅜	3⅛	Zion Foods	10	6	6	5⅞	5⅞	— ¼

z—Sales in full.

Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Special or extra dividends or payments not designated as regular are identified in the following footnotes.

a—Also extra or extras. b—Annual rate plus stock dividend. c—Liquidating dividend. d—Declared or paid in 1971 plus stock dividend. e—Paid last year. f—Paid in stock during 1971, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. g—Declared or paid so far this year. h—Declared or paid after stock dividend or split up. k—Declared or paid this year, an accumulative issue with dividends in arrears. n—New issue. p—Paid this year, dividend omitted, deferred or no action taken at last dividend meeting. r—Declared or paid in 1970 plus stock dividend. t—Paid in stock during 1970, estimated cash value on ex-dividend or ex-distribution date. cld—Called. x—Ex dividend. y—Ex dividend and sales in full. x-dis—Ex distribution. xr—Ex rights. xw—Without warrants. ww—With warrants. wd—When distributed. wi—When issued. nd—Next day delivery.

vj—In bankruptcy or receivership or being reorganized under the Bankruptcy Act, or securities assumed by such companies. fn—Foreign issue subject to interest equalization tax.

Year's high and low range does not include changes in latest day's trading.

Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Mid-day Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Aer Ling 8¾-81.	95¾	95¾
Aerop Paris 9-85.	104	105
Am Brands 8-81.	100	101
Amoco 6¾-85....	93½	94½
Atlas Cop. 9½-85.	104	105
Autoroutes 9⅝-76.	104¾	105¾
BancoObras 7½-7.	95½	96½
BeatFoods 9-85...	106	107
Bendix 8-79......	99½	100½
Borg Warn 8-79..	100	101
BP 6¾-78........	96	97
Cabot 8¾-75......	102¾	103¾
Cabot 9½-80......	104½	105½
Can Safe 8¾-75..	103½	104½
Celanese 6¾-82...	90¾	91¾
Chevron 7-80.....	94	95
Chrysler 7-84.....	87	88½
CNA Overs 9-75..	104	105
ContOil 9½-85....	106	107
Cont Oil 7-80....	94	95
Cont Tele 9-82...	105	106
Copen City 8-84..	93½	97½
Copen City 9-85..	102	103
Copen Tel 9-85..	104½	105½
Courtaulds 9-82.	103¾	104¾
Courtaulds 9¼-85	104¼	105¼
CutlerHam 7½-80.	96½	97½
DeBeers 6½-82..	92	93
Denmark 9-82....	104	105
Denmark 9¼-85..	103½	104½
EIB 8¾-75.......	104½	105½
Erap 9-82.......	101	102
Ericsson 8¾-75...	103½	104½
Ericsson 9¼-85...	104½	105½
Eriksberg 6¼-82.	91	92½
Esso 8¾-75.......	104¾	105¾
Esso 9-85........	107	108
Ford 8-81........	101½	102½
GDF 9-85........	103¾	104¾
GenMills 7-80....	95	96
Hambros 9½-85..	105½	106½
Hamersley 9½ ..	103½	104½
Hawker Sid 9-75.	99	100
Honda 7½-81.....	97¾	98¾
Honeywell 6-81...	91¼	92¼
I S E 9-85......	104½	105½
Ireland 9-85.....	101	102
Kawasaki 7¾-73..	101	102
Marriott 9¼-75...	104½	105½
MassFerg 9-82....	103	104
Mexico 7-82......	89	90½
Miles 8¾-75......	103½	104½
Mitsubishi 7¾-73.	100¾	101¾
Mobil Int 7-86....	94½	95½
Monsanto 8¾-85.	103½	104½
Montagu tr 9¼-85	103	104
Montreal 9-85....	104¾	105¾
Nabisco 6½-82...	93	94
N.Brunsw 8¾-79.	103	104
N.Zealand 7-76..	101½	102½
NipponEl 7½-81..	95¾	96¾
NovaScotia 9-85..	105	106
Oslo 7¼-73.......	100¾	101¾
Oslo 9-75........	105½	106½
Oslo 9-85........	104¼	105¼
OlisElev 8¾-85..	102½	103½
Pechiney 9-85....	102½	103½
PhilipsP 6-81....	92½	93½
Portugal 6⅞-77...	97	98
Proct&G 6½-82..	93½	94½
QuebecCity 9-82.	103½	104½
QuebecHyd8-74/79	100	101
QuebecHyd9½-85.	104½	105½
QuebecPro: 9-85.	103½	104½
Queensland 9-82.	103	104
Renault 6¾-82...	89½	91
SFE 9-78........	103	104
Shell 6½-79......	93	94½
Siemens 9-85.....	103	104
SiraKvina 9-85...	104	105
Sumitomo 7¾-73.	100½	101½
Tel 6¾-85........	87¾	90¼
Transocean 8¾-7:	104	105
Transocean 7-80..	94	95
Transocean 8-84..	93½	94½
Transocean 9-85.	104	105
TRW 7¼-83.......	92	93
Uniroyal 6¼-82..	88½	89½
UnitMarch 9-82..	101	102
CumminsInt 5-88.	114	115
EquityF 5¼-89...	80½	81½
EastKodak 4½-88	94¼	95¼
Fed.Dept. 4½-85..	103¾	104¾
Firestone 5-88....	95½	96½
Ford 5-83........	91¼	92¼
Fuji Photo 6½-85	104	105
GenElec 4¼-85...	92	93
GenFoods 4¾-82.	102	103
Gillette 4¾-82....	89½	90½
Hitachi 6¼-84....	92½	93½
Holiday Inns 8-85	124¼	125¼
Honeywell 5-83...	107	108
I.S.E. 5-88.......	104½	105½
I.S.E 6¼-89......	103½	104½
Iton 6½-89.......	101	102
J. Logan 4½-83..	103½	104½
W.Kidne 5-89....	77½	78½
Komatsu 6¼-84..	94	95
Kubota 6½-84...	95	95
Leasco 5-88......	63½	67½
Leasco Int 5-89..	59¾	60¾
LTV 5-88........	33	37
MarMidland 5-88.	102	103
Michelin 6-85....	107½	108½
Miles 4¾-93.....	94½	95½
Mitsubishi 7-85...	95½	97½
MHsub Shoji 7½-F	109	111
Mitsui 6½-83....	125	128
Motorola 4½-83..	92½	93½
MurphyOil 5-89...	83½	89½
Nabisco 5¾-88...	105½	105½
Owens Ill 5-77....	105¼	106¼
PanAm 5¼-88....	82½	83½
Penny J.C. 6-89..	112½	113½
Pepsico 4½-81....	117½	118½
PhilMor 4¾-89....	147	148
Phil Lamp 4½-83	94½	95½
R.C.A. 5-88.....	90¼	91¼
Revlon 4¾-83....	109¼	110¼
ReynoldsM 5-89..	86	87
Searle 4½-88.....	109½	110½
Texaco 4½-88....	94½	95½
Toshiba 6½-1985.	90	91
20th Cent. 5-87....	63	64
Tyco 5-84........	55½	57½
Union Carb 4½-92	95	96
UtahIntl 5¾-83...	167	170
WardFoods 5¾-88	75½	77½
WarnLam 4½-88.	123½	127½

Floating Rates

Autopistas 9⅝-75	99	100
ENEL 8-80........	99	99½
GeneralCa 9½-80	98¾	99¼
Insilco 7½% 80 .	97	97¼
Pepsi 9½-80. ...	93	93½
Argentine 9⅝-77..	97¾	98¾

Convertible Bonds

Addressog 4½-88.	78½	77½
Amocp 3½-84....	95½	96½
Apco 6-89.......	99	100
Alusuisse 4⅞-87..	90¾	91¾
Amer Can 4⅝-88..	88¼	89¼
AmTob 5¼-88....	129½	130½
Asahi 6¼-84.....	97½	98½
Ashland 5-88.....	89½	90½
Beat Foods 7¼-90	114¼	115¼
Chevron 5-88.....	100¾	101¾
Chesebr 6¼-84...	105¾	106¾
Chrysler 4¾-88....	70½	71½
Chrysler 5-88.....	74½	75½
Cont Tele 5½-88.	107½	108½

*Ex-dividend.

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med	Long	Conv
Yesterday..	93.48	92.23	111.53
Previous ..	93.48	92.22	111.87

European Gold Markets

Feb. 19, 1971

	Open	Close	Change
London	38.78	38.72	— 0.12
Zurich	38.87	38.72	— 0.15
Paris (12.5 kilo)...	39.12	39.09	— 0.12

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Tokyo Exchange

Feb. 19, 1971

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass ...	144	Mitsubi Hvy Ind.	91
Canon Camb...	246	Mitsubi Shoji	151
Dai Nip. Print.	263	Mitsui & Co.	188
Fuji Bank	211	Mitsukoshi ...	317
Fuji Photo ...	394	Nippon Elec..	245
Hitachi	105	Sharp	268
Honda Motor .	175	Shiseido	989
C. Itoh	134	Sony Corp ...	3,041
Japan Air Lines	1,656	Sumitomo Bk	217
Kansai El P...	722	Taisho Marine	152
Kao Soap	285	Takeda Chem.	283
Kirin Brewery.	203	Teijin	77
Komatsu	189	Tokyo Marine	307
Kubota I Wks	108	Toray	114
Matsu E. Ind.	450	Toyota Motor	298
Matsu El Wks	738		

First General Resources Company

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OVER THE COUNTER: Thursday, February 18, 1971. Bid: 6 Ask: 6 1/2

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FIRST WORLD CORP. (O-T-C, U.S.A.)
Friday, February 19, 1971
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"The International Land Bank"
745 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10022

6 STOCKS to SPLIT Before JUNE 1st

Stock splitting cuts a stock's price per share to a more popular buying level. This usually attracts more investors. Demand for the stock very often goes up. And often, but not always, so do prices and dividends.

We've compiled a list containing 6 companies that have publicly announced that they plan stock splits, subject to stockholder approval if necessary, by exchanging more than one share of the new stock for one of the old before June 1, 1971.

We'll be happy to send you the list of "6 STOCKS TO SPLIT BEFORE JUNE 1" when you mail the coupon below. This list has previously been supplied our regular subscribers as part of the weekly Forecasts.

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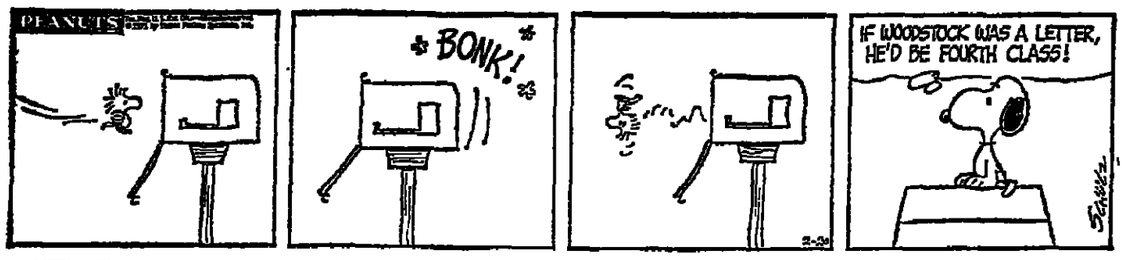
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CITY............................COUNTRY.........

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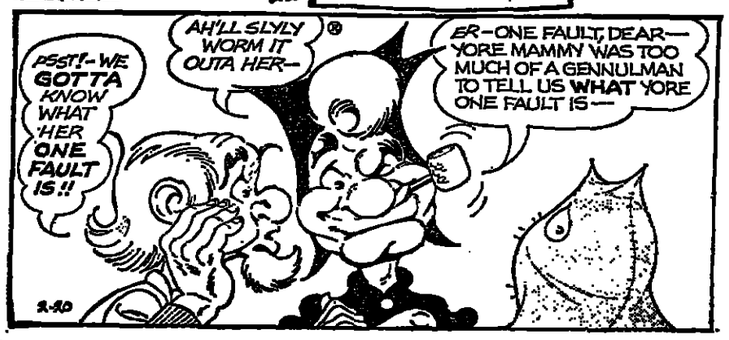
PEANUTS



B.C.



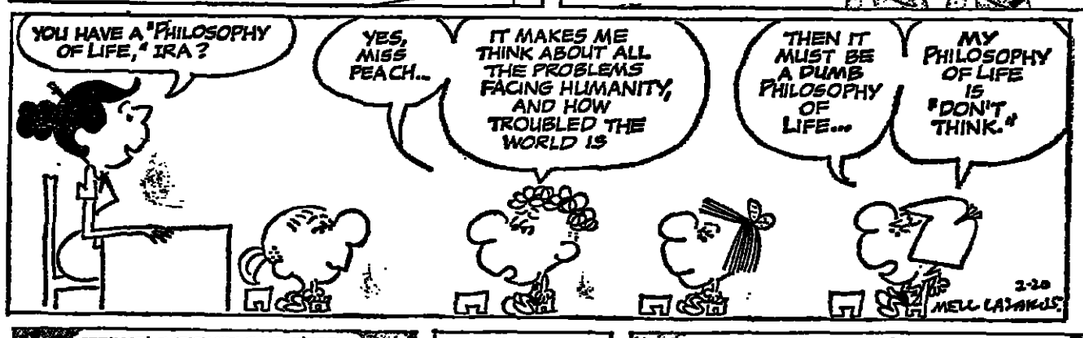
L'IL ABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID

REX MORGAN M.D.

POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE® — *that scrambled word game*

BY HENRI ARNOLD AND BOB LEE

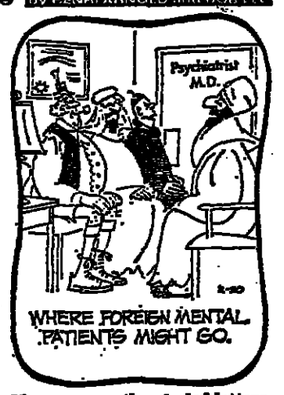
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

NYWEL

RATIE

TORNGS

CINTLE



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

TO AN "□□□□□-□□□"

(Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Jumbles: LAPEL VIGIL BREACH SKEWER

Answer: *What one might have to pay for a kiss*—LIP SERVICE

BOOKS

MY LIFE AND THE TIMES

By Turner Catledge. Harper & Row. 319 pp. Illustrated. $10.

Reviewed by Norman E. Isaacs

THE kinship between politics and journalism is ever-present. So perhaps it isn't unusual for people generally to be intrigued by "inside" stories about both pursuits. Turner Catledge has blended both worlds as only he is equipped to do.

For the former executive editor of The New York Times brings expert knowledge in the two arenas. There are those who maintain he learned so well from politicians that he used many of their techniques as a newspaper administrator.

Hence "My Life and The Times" is not actually one, but several memoirs. The journalistic one, of course, centers on The Times. The second may be said to be one of reminiscence about politicians and politics.

There is added fillip in some captivating essays. One for instance deals with Catledge's early life in Mississippi: another with his young news days in Memphis; still another with his frustrating experience as editor of Marshall Field's Chicago Sun. To the whole, Catledge brings the superb raconteur's skill that so many have admired through the years.

The basic admixture, however, is of Washington and New York and it is difficult to separate the two in the light of Catledge's long and important experience in both centers.

All told, he spent almost 40 of his 48 newspaper years on The Times, 15 of them in the Washington bureau. For the last quarter of a century he used every skill he possessed trying to manage and improve a truly great newspaper beset with constant internal warfare.

Catledge's political observations make for some of the most enticing reading in the book. He lived in boss Ed Crump's Memphis and covered the whole span of Franklin D. Roosevelt's presidency. He knew them all from Herbert Hoover on. (Hoover was responsible for his joining The Times.)

Catledge's account, sympathetic at some points, savage at others, lived up to his view of his news role: "My purpose is not to tell how things should have been or could have been, but how they were . . . I was never much disturbed by the four-flushing or hypocrisy of politicians. If I had been I'd have missed half the fun of my job."

He still wonders if Hoover's "people told him how bad it was around the country (during the Depression), if messages and reports got through to him," adding: "The capacity of politicians to delude themselves to believe what they want to believe has always amazed me. They don't like to hear bad news so their friends and employees shield them from it. More important, they shield themselves, for the human animal has a limitless capacity to see only what he wants to see."

Catledge recognized that in those days "some sort of revolution was at hand. Roosevelt's genius as a political leader made it a peaceful one." Yet Catledge cared little for F.D.R.'s techniques, calling him "a consummate manipulator, a man who misled, deceived, lied outright when that was necessary to gain his ends."

Blending politics and news coverage, he writes: "In my experience, politicians rarely forget that they are dealing with a reporter, and a reporter is a fool if he ever forgets that he is dealing with a politician. He is a fool, too, if he ever thinks that his counsel or advice is being sought because of his own charm or brilliance, rather than because of his position with a newspaper."

Turning to The Times, one cannot escape bringing in Gay Talese's brilliant book, "The Kingdom and the Power," a somewhat controversial study of the individuals vying for power at The Times. Catledge's account confirms the broad outlines of the Talese story, but the Catledge book is vastly more important because he focuses on basic issues rather than the personalities involved.

He discloses the deep divisions between the "day side" and "night side" editors and stresses the point that a managing editor "can't leave the office at six and run a morning newspaper. Key decisions on what stories get into the paper, how much space they receive, where they are placed, and how they are written and edited are going to be made at night. If the top editor isn't on the scene, or at least represented by an alter ego, an editor who is there will soon be running the paper. Each of the decisions involved may be small in itself, and not even worth a fight, but the sum of the decisions, night after night, will determine the 'character of the newspaper.'"

Certainly, personalities come into the story—Arthur Krock, Edwin L. James, "the brilliant and irascible Lester Markel," Herbert Matthews (Catledge is "haunted by the thought he was more sinned against than sinning"), Cyrus Sulzberger, James Reston, Tom Wicker, John Oakes, Amory Bradford, among others, and most important of all, the members of the Ochs and Sulzberger families. How deep their devotion to the newspaper and their interest is revealed in countless ways, including many of the "blue notes" that poured onto Catledge's desk from the publisher's office.

It makes for a fascinating story from an editor deeply attached to the traditions of his newspaper, an editor without "master plan," who saw himself "dealing with people, talented, sensitive, sometimes stubborn people," and who proceeded in a pragmatic, trial-and-error way to try to make it all work.

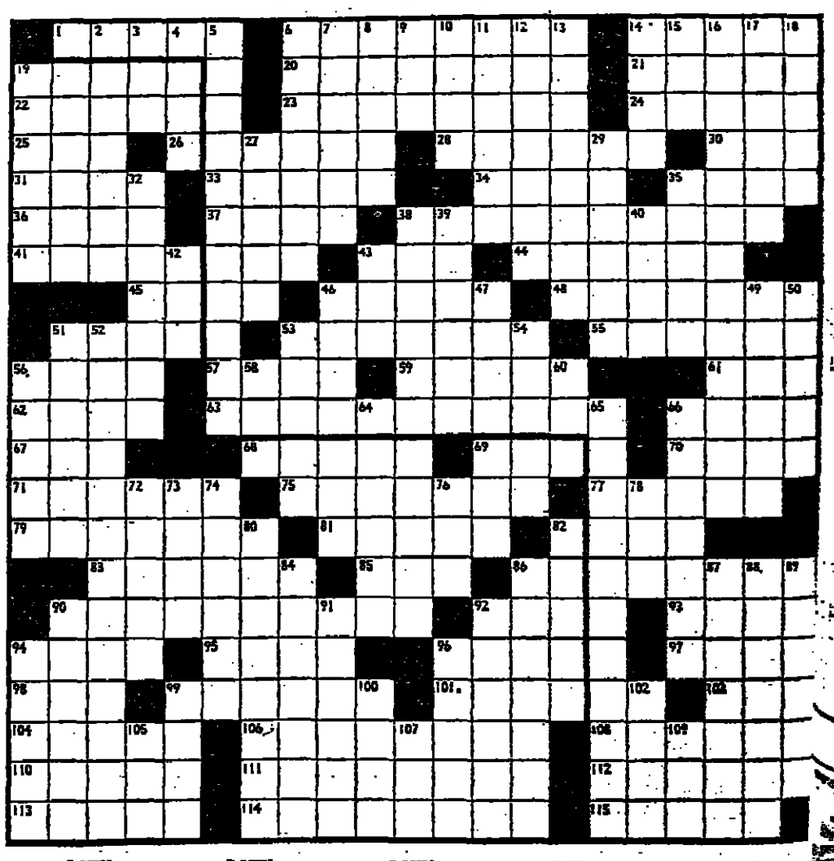
What he discloses most of all is what many of us in newspapering know so well—that every newspaper is the reflection of its ownership. Turner Catledge was the news-side alter ego of Arthur Hays Sulzberger. They liked and respected each other. They served each other well.

Mr. Isaacs, editor in residence at Columbia University's graduate school of journalism, was formerly executive editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal and Louisville Times, where he still serves as consultant. As did his friend Turner Catledge, he served as president of the American Society of Newspaper Editors. He wrote this review for The Washington Post.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WENG

STEPQUOTE—By Eugene T. Maleska



ACROSS

1 Start of a six-word Stepquote ending at 115 Across
6 Recorder of events
14 Estate
19 Gone up
20 ——' roof
21 Perkins purple
22 Yacht's home
23 Author of Stepquote
24 Pyromaniac's crime
25 Items of interest
26 London artery
28 Even: Brit.
30 Ring decision
31 Notch
33 Jets
34 Sailors' saint
35 —— Rabbit
36 Artist from Spain
37 Augury
38 Source of camelline oil
41 Buttercups' kin
43 Marsh
44 Shows disdain
45 Gallimaufry
46 Ten, for Cicero
48 Lingers
51 Beaches
53 Calms a patient
55 Prepares to drive
56 TV camera screen
57 School subject
59 Road sleepers
61 Refrain syllable
62 Texaco
63 Part of Stepquote
66 Loser to Braddock
67 Hockey star
68 Name for Rayburn
69 "——a man with . . ."
76 Atramentous fluids
71 Gardca tool
75 "On——" (Source of Stepquote)
77 Seed covering
79 More rigorous
81 Feudal domestics
82 Ruler in Teheran
83 Harmoniously
85 Native: Suffix
86 Places to eat
90 Chews
92 South of Ky.
93 Indonesian boat
94 Snack spread
95 Gnawed: ft.
96 City in Pripet Marshes
97 Yemen capital
98 Caliph's name
99 Clobber
101 Priscilla's in-laws
102 Hebrew letter
104 Small papal coin
106 Gregarious
108 Kind of rock
110 Successor to H. H. H.
111 Tiptoer's opposite
112 Sausage
113 Stands the gaff
114 Cook and Baker
115 End of Stepquote

DOWN

1 Man from Tabriz
2 Wondrous event
3 "——was saying . . ."
4 Clan
5 Part of Stepquote
6 Invents
7 Island off China
8 Cocktail garnishes
9 Wild Bill Donovan's org.
10 Trawler equipment
11 Noted, as a detail
12 Executioners
13 Inner-city sight
14 Oriental nurse
15 Edsel
16 Like certain paints
17 Called forth
18 Madrilene
19 "Private Lives" heroine
27 Man's slipper
29 Tried to claw
32 Dressing gowns
35 ——l'Etang (French port)
38 Bivouac break-ups
39 "Had——many a——"
43 Nourished
45 Gape
47 Part of prosody
49 Calif. motto
50 Bowsprits
51 Evening party
52 Inc., co., etc.
53 Suffixes with mob and gang
54 "——as a seal . . ."
56 Develops
58 Inlet
60 New Guinea port
64 Henry James heroine
65 Part of Stepquote
66 Chess pieces
72 Stupid
73 Whallom
74 Join the pensioners
76 Born: Fr.
78 Concha
80 Glides downhill again
82 Import
84 R. L. Senator
88 Prefixes
87 Classroom activity
88 Marine mammal
89 More polished
91 White wine
91 Fruit-eating bird
92 Steering device
94 Of. Paul or Pius
96 Pleasure
98 Fields
100 Cotton
102 Kids' Xt.
103 Court suit
107 Epitaph
109 Conducted

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

■	S	A	N	T	A	■	A	T	L	A	S	T	■	N	O	D	E
S	P	R	E	E	S	■	C	H	I	M	E	R	■	L	I	L	T	■	E	S	A	I	N
P	A	T	A	C	H	O	U	E	■	N	L	A	T	■	O	M	A	R	■	F	I	D	O
A	R	E	■	H	A	G	■	L	E	I	■	■	D	I	A	N	A	■	E	T	E	I	S
C	E	L	T	■	B	A	Y	O	U	■	S	T	E	I	N	■	C	M	D	R	■	■	■
E	I	S	E	N	■	M	A	I	N	P	O	W	E	R	■	■	P	E	T	A	R	D	■
■	■	M	E	T	■	T	H	E	S	I	S	E	L	L	A	T	I	E	S	■	A	I	M	E	E
R	I	A	M	■	P	I	A	R	I	T	■	■	H	E	L	L	E	N	E	S	P	O	N	T	I	F	F
U	S	T	E	■	R	A	R	E	E	S	■	T	I	T	A	N	I	C	■	I	N	E	E
R	I	D	■	M	E	L	I	P	O	M	E	N	E	M	E	S	S	■	C	O	R	I	R
A	D	A	M	S	■	K	A	I	T	P	E	N	G	■	■	S	A	B	A	■	■	■	■
L	E	I	L	A	N	D	■	S	C	I	A	T	■	O	D	D	S	■	N	E	C	I	T	A	R
■	■	C	Y	I	A	N	■	■	R	E	F	R	A	I	N	■	C	A	R	E	E	Y	■	■	■
L	I	A	M	A	■	B	O	H	E	M	I	A	■	F	A	I	R	O	W	■	A	P	I	A
O	B	E	R	■	D	O	V	E	R	A	C	T	■	T	E	E	M	E	D	■	I	A	I	■
C	O	R	I	T	H	I	A	N	■	O	L	I	V	E	■	■	■	E	R	A	N	D	S	■
H	I	G	H	S	■	E	M	I	E	R	S	O	N	■	I	A	N	■	T	A	T	■	■	■
S	I	L	E	U	T	H	■	■	R	E	U	T	E	R	S	■	G	O	L	I	F	S	■	■
■	■	■	R	O	A	D	■	F	A	S	T	■	U	R	A	L	S	■	H	A	L	E	■	■
A	R	E	A	■	T	I	T	L	E	S	■	■	S	I	R	I	■	B	I	T	■	T	O	A	■
G	E	L	S	■	P	E	O	A	■	A	L	L	U	V	I	A	L	■	A	U	L	H	U	M	■
R	A	S	H	■	I	G	O	R	■	R	E	V	I	T	A	L	■	S	U	E	E	I	S	■	■
A	L	L	E	E	■	N	E	I	N	E	■	G	R	A	S	S	I	Y	■	H	E	E	D	S	■

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

Alpine Skiing Downhills in U.S.

'hoeni Takes World Cup Lead; Miss Proell Wins 2d Straight

NGFIELD, Maine, Feb. 19.—avo Thoeni of Italy regained men's World Cup lead today a third-place finish in an e skiing downhill and Anne- e Proell of Austria increased vomen's World Cup margin to oints by winning her second hill in two days.

oeni's finish was the first time vo years on the World Cup it that the 21-year-old had ed in the top ten in a down- vent. He has 130 cup points, more than Patrick Russel of ce, from whom he took the Russel was 23d today. Henry lard of France, sixth today, is with 121 cup points.

fano Anzi of Italy flashed Sugarloaf Mountain's 8,230- course in 1 minute 32.05 ds to edge Austria's Karl Cor- or first place in the down-

din clocked 1:32.09 for the e course which has a vertical of 2,430 feet.

nhard Russi of Switzerland, pting to emulate Miss Proell king two downhills in suc- e days, clocked 1:32.63 to be behind Thoeni and teammate Daniel Daetwyler.

Thoeni said after the race he skied with an ankle injury that will eventually require surgery. He said he received a pre-race injection to dull the pain. The Italian had no downhill points, and picked up 15 for his third.

Miss Proell, who now has to be a heavy favorite to capture the women's World Cup, edged Jacqueline Rouvier of France, who was also second yesterday, with a run down the 2,088-meter course in 1:23.04.

The Kelinari, Salzburg, resident, who will be 18 next month, was seventh in last year's World Cup.

Her 161 points in the cup standings with only the giant slalom event remaining here and one more World Cup competition coming up, puts pressure on France's Michèle Jacot, the defending champion. Miss Jacot finished seventh today and is second in the cup standing with 133. Isabelle Mir of France is third at 110.

"The course was a few seconds slower today because of the winds on the flat lower levels," Miss Proell said following her victory in the opening event of the Tall Timber Classic. Yesterday's events had been switched from European sites.

Miss Rouvier clocked 1:23.24 to lead a French quartet, including Annie Famose, 1:23.44; Isabelle Mir, 1:23.73 and Françoise Macchi, 1:24.22.

Karen Budge of Jackson Hole, Wyo., the top U.S. finisher, captured sixth place in 1:24.29, followed by Miss Jacot in 1:24.56 and Marilyn Cochran of Richmond, Vt., in 1:24.61.

MEN'S DOWNHILL

1. Stefano Anzi, Italy	1:32.05
2. Karl Cordin, Aus.	1:32.09
3. Gustavo Thoeni, Italy	1:32.13
4. J.-D. Daetwyler, Switz	1:32.40
5. Bernhard Russi, Switz.	1:32.63
6. Henri Duvillard, France	1:32.92
7. Michele Stefani, Italy	1:33.08
8. Michel Daetwyler, Switz.	1:33.20
9. Franz Vogler, West Ger.	1:33.28
10. Karl Schranz, Aus.	1:33.31

MEN'S WORLD CUP

	Pts.
1. Gustavo Thoeni, Italy	130
2. Patrick Russel, France	125
3. Henri Duvillard, France	121
4. J.-N. Augert, France	107
5. Bernhard Russi, Switz.	95
6. Edmund Bruggmann, Switz.	73
7. Bernard Orcel, France	63
8. Karl Schranz, Aus.	57
9. Tyler Palmer, Kearsage, N.H.	56
Karl Cordin, Aus.	56

WOMEN'S DOWNHILL

1. A.-M. Proell, Aus.	1:23.04
2. J. Rouvier, France	1:23.24
3. A. Famose, France	1:23.44
4. I. Mir, France	1:23.73
5. F. Macchi, France	1:24.22
6. K. Budge, J. Hole, Wy.	1:24.29
7. M. Jacot, France	1:24.56
8. M. Cochran, Richmond, Vt.	1:24.61
9. M. Nafzn, W. Ger.	1:24.76
10. S. Currock, Ketchum, Idaho	1:25.08

WOMEN'S WORLD CUP

	Pts.
1. A.-M. Proell, Aus.	161
2. Michèle Jacot, France	133
3. Isabelle Mir, France	110
4. Wiltrud Drexel, Aus.	108
5. Françoise Macchi, France	102
6. Britt Lafforgue, France	90
7. Jacqueline Rouvier, France	89
8. Betsy Clifford, Canada	64
9. Florence Steurer, France	61
10. Gertrud Gabl, Aus.	59
11. Barbara Cochran, Richmond, Vt.	55
12. Marilyn Cochran, Richmond, Vt.	46



Associated Press.

stria's Anne-Marie Proell speeds down Sugarloaf ntain Thursday in first of two U.S. downhill events.

Baseball to Begin Drug Education

'We are not naive about the threat of drugs. We feel we need a program.' Baseball commissioner Bowie Kuhn.

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Major league baseball has organized a drug education program for its players, commissioner Bowie Kuhn announced yesterday.

The program, under the direction of the team physicians, presumes the use of drugs by some of the athletes. Said Kuhn, "We are not naive about the threat of drugs. We feel we need a program."

Kuhn added, "There has been in baseball a reasonably limited use of pills in the amphetamine and barbiturate group."

Kuhn could cite no specific examples but he understood that "there have been some cases."

He said that baseball had young people coming into it from different backgrounds and environments who may have been exposed to drug cultures.

Regional Seminars

The program will begin next month with regional seminars to be held for everybody connected with a baseball team except the players —meaning managers, coaches, general managers, farm directors, trainers, umpire supervisors and traveling secretaries.

Dr. Garrett O'Connor, director of the Johns Hopkins University Drug Abuse Center, will conduct the seminars.

The seminars, said Kuhn, "will educate personnel in the identification, manifestations and dangers of drug use and abuse."

Disciplinary procedures against players are planned. Kuhn was not specific but said baseball would insist its personnel live within existing federal and state drug laws.

The program will be nurtured by the newly formed Association of Professional Baseball Physicians headed by Dr. Leonard Wallenstein of the Baltimore Orioles.

Baseball thus establishes the first drug education and disciplinary program among the major professional team sports of the United States.

To the athletes, drugs can mean different things. The spectrum includes the avocational marijuana users and those who take "bennies" —the benzedrine stimulants—believing their performances will thus be enhanced.

But Not for New Baseball Territory

Carpetbagger Stoneham Strikes Out

By Arthur Daley

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—At about this time 13 years ago, Horace Stoneham of the New York Giants and Walter O'Malley of the Brooklyn Dodgers were packing their carpetbags and heading for the Golden West to make their fortunes, one as the San Francisco Giants and the other as the Los Angeles Dodgers. They struck it rich from the start. But where O'Malley is still doing well, even if on a somewhat reduced scale, Stoneham is in trouble.

Not only did the Giants operate last year in the red financially—the reported loss was $798,000—but they are having vast difficulties with their ball park, a chamber of horrors from the first day it was opened. Perhaps remedies can be found for all those ills. But there is no way Stoneham can put a halt to the way time is creeping up on his most precious possession, Willie Mays. It's true that Mays had a fine season last year at the age of 39, but he will be 40 in May, no longer the exuberant kid who once was the delight of New Yorkers.

It took San Franciscans a while to appreciate Willie although the only time he could inspire the Giants sufficiently for a pennant was in 1962. The normal Giant finishing spot has long been second place and yet the team drew an attendance record of almost 1.8 million customers in 1960. The turnstile count last year was 740,720.

Across the Bay

That isn't even as much as the Oakland Athletics drew across the bay. Charles O. Finley's intruders reported an attendance of 778,355, slightly inflated because deadheads and no-shows were counted. But two teams in the one metropolitan area still can't draw what one did alone.

Experts in the vicinity of the Golden Gate insist that a supersaturation of sports events in the area has gouged so much out of the customer dollar that there isn't enough left for the Giants, among others. Nor will the remodeling of Candlestick Park be of any help to a ball club that needs all the help it can get.

What irks Stoneham so much is that he suffered for more than a decade in that dreadful windtunnel where freakish winds once blew Stu Miller, a frail pitcher, off the mound. The episode was doubly embarrassing because it occurred during an All-Star game on national television. But the city shied away from making proper changes to accommodate the tenant they wooed so assiduously from New York.

However, the San Francisco 49ers, the National Football League team of increasing promise and attractiveness, had reached the point of no return with its home gridiron, Kezar Stadium. So they abandoned this ancient dump for Candlestick Park, which is being refurbished, reconstructed and expanded. None of this is being done to please the Giants, mind you. It's to please the 49ers, and Stoneham keeps blowing fuses.

Forced Contribution

He will be forced to contribute to something he neither wants nor needs. Presumably, he will have to jack up his ticket prices a half-dollar each to cover his assessment. What hurts so much is that his tickets weren't selling at a lesser price. He'll have only 34,000 seats available and only 2,000 will be at the $2 general admission price. The others, at $3.50 and $4.50, may not be grabbed as eagerly as if they were Green Stamps.

Because San Franciscans are far more sophisticated than their Los Angeles counterparts, the bay area citizenry didn't go gaga over its ball club to the same frantic degree as those located near the land of make-believe to the south. Other factors are involved, of course, but the top Dodger attendance reached 2.7 million in 1962, a million more than the best Giant mark and approximately a million more than the onetime Brooks attracted last year.

But O'Malley still keeps solvent and has faded off into such a mellow semi-retirement that he now permits his son Peter to run the Dodgers and the commissioner to run baseball. Once upon a time, O'Malley's word was law and he ran the whole show. Why shouldn't he have? He was the smartest man in the business.

If Stoneham isn't doing too well with the Giants out near the Golden Gate, Finley has yet to woo folks to the Athletics. A couple of years ago they couldn't draw with Reggie Jackson hitting homers at a record pace and even the players bitterly assailed the fans for having failed to give them any support.

Back in the ancient era of John McGraw the Giants were the darlings of New York. But those times have gone forever. They never did become the darlings of San Francisco.

Red Wings Escape East Cellar

owe Nets 850th NHL Goal

ROIT, Feb. 19 (AP).—Gordie scored the 850th goal of his al Hockey League career as troit Red Wings skated to a ctory over the Minnesota North Stars last night and climbed out of the East Division cellar.

Howe's goal came on a power play at 17:39 of the second period and gave Detroit a 4-2 lead. The 850 total includes playoff goals, and the score gave the 41-year-old superstar his 22d consecutive 20-goal season.

Sabres 6, Penguins 6

Don Marshall slammed home a 15-foot slap shot with 9:47 left in the game to give Buffalo a 6-6 tie with Pittsburgh, at Buffalo.

NHL Results

Thursday's Games

rgh 6 (Zaine 2, McCreary, Promovost, McCallum). Buffalo hall 2, Duff; Shack, Meehan,).

5 (Hereason, Howe, Delvecchio. ollins), Minnesota 3 (Labossiere, Rousseau).

Blomqvist Leads Swedish Rally After First Stage

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Monte Carlo Rally victor Ove Andersson of Sweden and France's Jean-Luc Therier, the runner-up, dropped out of the Swedish automobile rally today after less than 24 hours of the three-day race.

Stig Blomqvist, in a Saab, led the rally tonight at the end of the first stage after 32 timed sections.

Blomqvist arrived at Torsby with a 1 minute 55 second lead over Oye Eriksson, in an Opel, and 3 minutes 4 seconds ahead of Lars Nystroem, in another Opel. Prerace favorite Bjoern Waldgaard is sixth, almost 5 1/2 minutes behind the leader. Swedes are in the top 11 places.

With overnight snow turning many roads treacherous along the 2,800-kilometer route, the rally failed to develop into the expected contest between the West German Porsches and French Alpine Renaults.

The two-day second stage of 1,440 kilometers (900 miles) in the three-day race begins tomorrow, and will take the drivers back to Gothenburg on Sunday afternoon.

U.S. Olympic Indoor Track Ready for Soviet Delegation

By Neil Amdur

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Nine Russian track and field athletes, including a high-jumper who "flops," a half-miler who digs Tom Jones tunes, an Olympic triple-jump champion, and a front-running miler, will challenge some of America's top talent tonight in the third United States Olympic Invitation meet at Madison Square Garden.

The delegation of Russian athletes is the largest in history sent to the United States for indoor competition. The athletes competed in two meets on the West Coast last weekend, won five first places, four second places and two thirds, and said they still weren't satisfied.

Marty Liquori, the 21-year-old Villanova senior, will seek his 13th consecutive victory at the Garden, in the 1,500-meter run. He faces Mikhail Zhelobovsky, a bespectacled 24-year-old Soviet athlete who thrives on setting, not following, a pace.

In their last meeting, outdoors two years ago in Los Angeles, Zhelobovsky led the Cedar Groves, N.J., Olympian by 12 yards starting the last lap. Liquori won a thrilling stretch duel.

High Jump

The high jump will match Reynaldo Brown, America's No. 1 competitor, against Kestutis Sapka. Sapka, a 21-year-old Russian student, could not do better than 6 feet 6 1/2 inches in the event using the conventional belly straddle. When he saw Dick Fosbury, the unorthodox American stylist, "flop" his way to an Olympic gold medal in 1968, Sapka switched. As a "flopper," he has cleared 7-3 indoors and split victories with Brown last week.

Two more world-rated Soviet athletes are Viktor Saneyev, the master of the triple jump, and Yevgeny Arzhanov, a modish looking 22-year-old half-miler.

Saneyev, beaten only twice in the last three years, will give Norman Tate his one chance of the winter in the event. Arzhanov, No. 1 internationally in the half-mile for 1970, will face a field led by Mark Winzenried, one of America's top two runners at that distance, and Byron Dyce, Brian McElroy and Benedict Cayenne.

A Soviet double-threat awaits Cheryl Toussaint, the 18-year-old Brooklyn, N.Y., runner, in the women's 800. She will face Ludmila Bragina and Nadezhda Kolesnikova, the 22-year-old Soviet champion.

Ryun Runs Again

SAN DIEGO, Feb. 19 (UPI).—The second leg of Jim Ryun's comeback attempt, and possibly the finest two-mile field in indoor track history, highlight the San Diego Games tonight.

Ryun, who easily won in his comeback mile in San Francisco in January, tangles with Los Angeles indoor victor John Mason, Arizona State's Chuck Labenz and New Zealand's Dick Quax in what could be a sub-4-minute race.

Kerry Pearce of Australia, who set the world indoor two-mile mark of 8:27.2 here in 1968, and George Young, who tied it here in 1969, lead the two-mile field.

Rex Maddaford of New Zealand, who ran the fastest indoor two-mile last year, is among the challengers. Also listed are Frank Shorter, who was voted the top performer at the National Championships last summer, America's Gerry Lindgren, and world 3,000-meter steeplechase record holder Kerry O'Brien.

Water Hazard

TUCSON, Ariz., Feb. 19 (UPI).—A rainstorm washed out the first round of the 72-hole $110,000 Tucson Open yesterday as the water became so deep on the greens that golf balls sank out of sight. Eighteen holes will be played today and tomorrow, and 36 holes on Sunday.

U.S. Indoor Tennis

Richey Awaits 'Fastball' Of Zednik in Semifinals

SALISBURY, Md., Feb. 19 (WP).—Cliff Richey, America's top-ranked player, and Vladimir Zednik, the little-known Czech who is the surprise of the U.S. Indoor Open tennis tournament; each posted impressive quarterfinal victories in the $50,000 tournament last night. They will face each other in tomorrow's semifinals in what promises to be a contrasting match-up of Zednik's power against Richey's speed and finesse.

Richey, of San Angelo, Texas, displayed the useful serve and solid ground strokes that he used to win this tournament in 1969 and finish second last year in walloping Tomas Koch of Brazil, 6-2, 6-2.

Curtis Bows

Zednik served so hard in whipping Peter Curtis of England, 7-5, 6-2, that the Briton said he had trouble following the flight of the ball.

Richey compared Zednik's overpowering service, which has broken eight rackets of his opponents in the last six weeks, to a baseball pitcher with only a fast ball. "If they (the serves) aren't effective, he becomes relatively easy to hit. Sometimes you can use the other guy's power. That's where good reflexes come in."

Zednik's serves were effective last night as the Czech lost only nine points in nine service games and the first-set tiebreaker, which he captured, 5-2. He served eight aces and six love games.

French Indoor Tennis

LYONS, Feb. 19 (Reuters).—Austrian Peter Pokorny, the sole foreign survivor in the French international indoor tennis championships, qualified today to meet top-seeded Frenchman Georges Goven in the men's singles semifinals tomorrow.

Pokorny beat Wanaro N'Godrella of France, 6-3, 9-7.

In other matches, Pierre Barthès beat Jean-Claude Barclay, 7-5, 2-6, 6-4, François Jauffret beat Jean-Paul Meyer, 6-4, 6-3, and Goven beat Thierry Bernasconi, 6-4, 6-3. Pokorny beat American Robert Stock in late action yesterday, 9-8, 6-4.

Britain's Marilyn Greenwood downed Jeanine Lieffrig of France, 6-1, 6-4, to reach the women's semifinals.

Fordham 5 Chops Down Notre Dame

By Gordon S. White Jr.

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (NYT).—Fordham followed a game plan to perfection last night and chopped the big men down to size once again as they upset Notre Dame, 94-88, before 19,500—the largest non-tournament college basketball crowd in Madison Square Garden history.

In scoring their seventh straight victory and the 19th in 20 games this year, the Rams played the last seven minutes without Charlie Yelverton, their star, who had the best game of his varsity career before fouling out, scoring 28 points and grabbing 11 rebounds.

Temple, the only team to beat Fordham this season, used its famed zone defense to defeat Manhattan, 64-47, in the first game of the double-header.

Notre Dame's Austin Carr, the nation's No. 2 scorer who was averaging 37.3 points a game, was held to 29. The loss was Notre Dame's seventh in 21 contests.

"I think I did the job on Carr when it counted," said Bill Mainor, his face bulging with smiles. "Down the stretch, when they need the consistent basket they always go to Carr. But they didn't this time —it was a combination of our press and my staying in front of him."

Mainor scored 23 of his 27 points in the second half, including 13 of Fordham's last 19 after Yelverton fouled out.

Mainor commented on Fordham's national ranking, only No. 18 in the polls.

"When we beat California earlier in the year, we got votes from the West and the East Coasts, but nothing from the Midwest, said Mainor. "The only way to get some Midwest votes was to beat Notre Dame or Marquette. So now we got one, at least."

In a relatively light schedule around the nation, Memphis State whipped Bradley, 74-70, St. Louis downed North Texas, 65-61, and Denver tripped Oklahoma City, 64-63.

Memphis State made 15 free throws in the last 11 minutes and Jim Douglas provided the clincher with a ten-footer from the corner with 3:20 left that put the Tigers ahead for good.

St. Louis kept within hailing distance of Louisville, the Missouri Valley Conference leader, with the victory over North Texas. The Billikens are within a half-game of the Cardinals.

Denver's Dave Bustion scored 24 points to lead the Pioneers to their 12th straight victory.

College Basketball

Thursday's Results

EAST

Temple 64, Manhattan 47.
Brooklyn Coll. 85, Bklyn Poly 75.
Hofstra 71, Long Island 70.
Fordham 94, Notre Dame 88.
Boston U. 90, New Hampshire 78.
Salem 78, W. Va. St. 77.
St. Francis (N.Y.) 66, CCNY 64.

SOUTH

Stetson 82, Fla. Southern 75.
Roanoke 107, Hampden-Sydney 80.
Lenoir Rhyne 96, Belmont Abbey 71.

MIDWEST

Youngstown 85, Steubenville 68.
Memphis St. 74, Bradley 70.

SOUTHWEST

St. Louis U. 65, N. Texas 61.
Hardin-Simmons 95, Midwest Texas 91.
Denver 64, Okla. City 63.

FAR WEST

Weber State 65, Idaho 41.
N. Mex. St. 80, Idaho St. 71.
Loyola (L.A.) 63, San Francisco U. 54.
Santa Clara 83, Pepperdine 74 (o'v.).

NBA Results

Thursday's Games

New York 116 (Frazier 36, Barnett 27), San Diego 115 (Hayes 33, Murphy 28).
Los Angeles 138 (Goodrich 28, Hairston 22, Erickson 22), Portland 114 (Petrie 36, Ellis 16).

Knicks Short Late Rocket Ignition

SAN DIEGO, Feb. 19 (AP).—Little Calvin Murphy ignited a furious San Diego rally in the final four minutes last night but the world champion New York Knicks hung on for a 116-115 National Basketball Association victory.

The 5-foot-9 Murphy came off the bench late in the first period to bring the Rockets back from a 16-4 deficit as San Diego trailed only 53-51 at halftime.

The rookie guard came off the bench in the third period to bring the Rockets close again, 83-80.

By the middle of the fourth period, the Knicks led, 110-98, on the shooting of guards Dick Barnett and Walt Frazier.

Murphy, who wound up with 28 points to surpass the 1,000-point mark in his first NBA season, went in again, hit a clutch basket and then two free throws with less than one minute left to bring the Rockets to one point behind, 116-115. With five seconds to play, New York's Bill Bradley was fouled.

He missed both foul shots, however, and San Diego called time out.

Murphy got the in-bounds pass and fed Elvin Hayes but the Rocket center waited too long and the buzzer sounded, ending the game without the Rockets taking a shot.

The victory was only the second for the Knicks in their last nine games while the Rockets lost a four-game victory streak.

Lakers 136, Trail Blazers 114

Los Angeles shot 63 percent against Portland in the first half to build a 72-54 halftime lead and went on to beat the Trail Blazers, 136-114, at Portland.

The Scoreboard

BASKETBALL—At Moscow, Russia's Central Army Sports Club qualified for the semifinals of the European Cup of Cups by beating Standard Liège of Belgium, 111-70, in a return quarterfinal. Russia won the first match, 87-86, and clinched top place in their quarterfinal pool ahead of Real Madrid and Akademic Sofia. The club will meet Slavia of Prague in the semifinals.

At Sofia, Real Madrid advanced to the semifinals of the European Cup of Cups despite losing their second leg to Akademic Sofia, 94-73. They won their first leg match by enough to offset the defeat on total points.

BOXING—At Montreal, Toronto's Clyde Gray dethroned Donato Paduano of Montreal in a 12-round Canadian welterweight title bout. Gray opened a cut around Paduano's left eye in the eighth round. It was Paduano's second loss in 29 fights. The victory was Gray's 28th in 29 bouts. At Cleveland, Mike Pusateri of Boston won a unanimous ten-round decision over fifth-ranked middleweight Doyle Baird of Akron, Ohio, at the Cleveland Arena.

TENNIS—At Fort Lauderdale, Fla., unseeded Valery Ziegenfuss of San Diego upset fourth-ranked Australian Karen Krantzcke, 6-4, 4-6, 8-2, in the international championships. Miss Ziegenfuss, seventh-ranked U.S. player, will meet second-seeded Rosemary Casals of San Francisco in the quarterfinals of the $10,000 women's tour event. Miss Casals defeated Tory Ann Fretz of the United States, 6-4, 6-4. Kerry Melville of Australia defeated American Laurie Fleming, 6-2, 6-4.

A match between Chris Evert, a 15-year-old from Fort Lauderdale, Fla., and eighth-ranked U.S. player Denise Carter, was called because of darkness with Miss Evert leading, 2-6, 7-6, 4-2.



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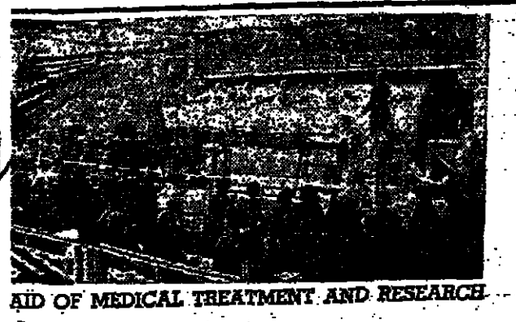
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(Continued from Back Page)

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EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR, American, considerable overseas experience directing and administering organizations concerned with technical and vocational training, including manpower and industrial relations; community development, feeding, medical and para-medical programs, budgetary, financial planning and evaluation. Extensive consulting and research experience. Master's degree business administration and law. Fluent French, knowledge German and Italian. Box 8,672, Herald, Paris.

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YOUNG British accountant seeks post Geneva. Experience American companies. London 580 3990.

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ARRIVING CHICAGO MAY 31, Mothers-help, lady, 25, speaks French, Spanish, some English, for 1-2 children, live-in. Box 20,952, Herald, Paris.

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COUPLE-COOK houseman and chauffeur combination needed for small family in country setting. One hour from Washington D.C. and Baltimore. Room and board plus generous salary commensurate with qualifications. Desire permanent help. References required. Box 8,658, Herald, Paris.

QUALIFIED MATURE adult for permanent position as governess & baby nurse. Live-in at country home in Easton, Maryland. Experience and references required. Salary commensurate with qualifications, Box 8,657, Herald, Paris.

REALLY NICE POST for English girl, full-time, childcare, housework. Live-in. Paris: 525-03-70.

COUPLE AMERICAIN, garçon 7 ans, billingues cherche étudiants au-pair, 1 an à partir fin juillet. New York écrire: Carroll, 86 MacDougall, N.Y.C. 10012. (Joindre photo).

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ONE-YEAR-OLD little lady seeks au-pair help, cosy going family Paris: 624-02-62.

Art Buchwald

The Chatterbox

WASHINGTON. — Somewhere in this great land of ours there is a computer stacked full of information on you. Whenever you want a bank loan, a credit card or a job this computer will, in a matter of seconds, give some total stranger almost every detail of your life.



Buchwald

Unfortunately for most of us, the computer is unable to discriminate between fact and malicious gossip and once the information is fed into it, it stays there forever.

The other day I was considering going into a car pool with three other men—Hicks, Kroll and Anderson. I have known these men casually for years but when you join a car pool, you really want to know what they're like.

So I asked a friend of mine in the retail credit business if I could use his computer for a few hours.

He agreed and I went down there and typed out: "What do you know about Hicks, Al, who lives at 43 Lover's Leap Terrace?"

The computer started chattering. "Hicks, Al, born Oct. 23, 1925, bottle fed, bed wetter until 7 years old."

I typed back, "Forget about childhood and give me some other facts."

The computer replied, "Hicks has a domineering wife whom the whole world thinks is as sweet as maple syrup. Whenever she gets mad at him, he starts biting his nails."

"I'm not interested in that. What's the condition of his car?"

The computer paused for a few seconds and then tapped out, "Hicks owns 1957 Buick convertible for which he is still paying $80 a month. It has been in the garage 33 times and has cost him $1,500 in repairs. Two of the springs in the back seat are broken and he needs new snow tires. He has the car washed once a month.

"Hicks never cheats on his wife, though he thinks about it a lot."

"That's enough," I told the computer. "Now give me a rundown on Kroll, H.G., who lives at 1 Lion's Den Circle."

The tapes in the computer started turning furiously and finally stopped. The teletype began to chatter. "Kroll, H.G., had strong mother who dressed him in silk sailor suits until he was 13 years old."

"Get on with it," I typed impatiently.

"He owns a 1970 Mercury four-door sedan which has special silk seat covers. Likes to dress up in his wife's clothes when children are at camp."

"That's enough." I typed angrily. "What about Anderson, E.L., 198 Dover Cliffs?"

"Anderson is having a big thing with a lady cosmetics buyer from Lord & Taylor."

"What about his car?" I demanded.

"They don't use his car. They use hers."

"I didn't mean that. Is his automobile safe for our car pool?"

"It is now, but if Mrs. Anderson ever finds out about the buyer . . ."

"Thank you very much," I typed. "You've been most helpful."

"Don't mention it. Oh, by the way, when are you going to stop beating your wife?"

Dali Fingers A Chess Set

NEW YORK, Feb. 19 (UPI).—Salvador Dali, the Spanish surrealist who has never been famed for his humility, has created a solid silver chess set—in the shape of his fingers.

Dali unveiled the unusual set yesterday and announced he has donated the design to the American Chess Foundation which has commissioned a limited number of copies to sell for $4,000 each. The artist said he created the set in memory of Marcel Duchamp, a French artist who was a chess expert.

"In chess, as in other expressions of the human alchemy, there is always the creator, above all, the artist as creator," Dali explained.

"It is this that I wanted to be represented: The hand of the artist, the eternal creator."

A refinery looks down on one of France's great vineyards: Château-Lafite.
L'Express-L'Expansion.



A Refinery Amid the Vineyards?

By James Goldsborough

BELLEVILLE, France, Feb. 19.—"These people simply must learn to trust the company," says the company man in a line worthy of a Charlie (engine) Wilson or a Frank Norris character. He adds that the peasants don't understand the latest company studies which show it is highly improbable that sulfur poisons from the company chimneys will drift over onto the surrounding Beaujolais vineyards.

Ah, but the peasants down here are skeptical of the company men from Paris. They are thinking about their wine and the hills around Belleville which now look down on the Saône Valley and soon will be looking down the company's smokestacks. "Our wine will taste like tar," says Raymond Dalmaz, chef at the Beaujolais, the region's best restaurant.

The wine that comes from these hills is known as Beaujolais and Beaujolais Villages and it is unique. It is a young wine, what the French call primeur, comes from a black grape which gives white juice and is pressed into a light red wine which should bubble slightly and will tickle you. St. Benoit and his monks spread it up the hills from Beaujeu in the 7th century and last year the crop, a third of which was exported, was worth $400,000.

The "company" is France's biggest oil producer, la Compagnie Française des Pétroles, which has just completed studies showing that within five years the Lyons region south of Beaujolais will double its petroleum needs. In searching for a refinery site it found Belleville, which company men say is perfect. It is the right distance from everything—highway, river, railway and the existing crude oil pipeline.

It is obviously not the right distance away from the vineyards. "The psychological effects will be as bad as the pollution," says Gérard Canard, head of the Compagnons de Beaujolais. "Who wants to drink wine that smells of gasoline?"

The company disagrees with these mossbacks. "The people who are against us are against development," said the company man. "They want to stay rural."

The interests are so opposed and the feelings so aroused that last weekend 10,000 persons assembled in Villefranche, the administrative capital, to protest. Roadsides throughout the 35-mile-long region are now blanketed with orange signs announcing, "Pour que vive le Beaujolais, non à la raffinerie."

Into this controversy last week stepped Baron Philippe de Rothschild, owner of Château Mouton-Rothschild, one of the great Médoc vineyards. A Shell refinery was opened next to his property last year and he has been fighting it since. "I am delighted that the people of Beaujolais have taken such a firm stand," he said. "We are appalled by what happened in Pauillac."

Baron Philippe was in sharp disagreement with his cousins, Barons Elie, Alain and Guy, owners of nearby Château Lafite-Rothschild, over whether actively to oppose the Médoc refinery or live with it in silence. At Château Lafite-Rothschild they feel the publicity does more harm than the refinery. In Beaujolais they are afraid of the publicity but more afraid of the plant.

"When the Americans learn that there is a refinery in the middle of Beaujolais," said Mr. Canard, "they won't buy any more." And pointing out that a record 1.5 million bottles of the 1970 vintage were exported to Britain, he adds: "Neither will the British."

For the company, these fears are groundless. Though admitting that the chimneys will give off quantities of sulfur dioxide, poisonous in large concentrations, the company points out that the prevailing winds in Beaujolais generally will be blowing the gases away from the hills. Moreover, says the company man, it is an emotional subject but it has never been shown that refinery fumes affect organic life.

Dr. Marcel d'Argent, director of the Anti-Cancer Center at Lyons Medical School, disagrees. Dr. d'Argent, who was in one of the front lines at last week's demonstration, says it is "certain" that factory smoke contributes to both skin and lung cancer, but it is "difficult to know at what level they constitute a danger."

The company's strongest argument is that Lyons needs the oil and Belleville needs the plant and the some 300 jobs it will create. It has found an ally in Joseph Rosselli, mayor of Belleville (and a petroleum engineer by profession), who, of the region's 28 mayors, is the only one to support the project. The company's only support from the wine people comes from Mrs. Hélène Duviol, who runs the largest cave in St. Amour. "Winegrowers are like all French people," she says with contempt. "They only think of themselves. What about the people in Belleville? They have to work, too."

For the moment, the company has not made an official application, but is waiting until after next month's municipal elections so that the affair "doesn't become political." It might already be political. "Mayor Rosselli has staked his political career on this," says Chef Dalmaz.

The government will make the ultimate decision and before that there is likely to be a three-way battle between the Ministry for Industrial Development, the Agriculture Ministry and the newly created Environment Ministry.

Says Marguerite Chabert, president of the Fleurie winegrowers' cooperative: "If they go through with it we will stop paying our taxes. That kind of language the government understands."

PEOPLE: Mrs. Jackie O's 'Spooky' Beauty

Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy Onassis has "almost spooky" beauty, says artist Aaron Shikler, who painted the Vampira-like portrait of her hung in the White House recently.

In the current McCall's magazine, he also says that the former first lady would have liked the controversial portrait to show her "even more lost in the shadows." She wasn't "sure that she could bear" to be painted like other White House wives, he adds.

He writes that he found her "a woman of . . . extraordinary inner tension" during his sketching for the portrait, and yet "there was a childlike, magical quality about her, and at the same time an aspect of great force."

She "could not conceive" of any official White House portrait of her late husband that did not include his assassinated brother, Robert, and she was opposed to any portrait showing John F. Kennedy "with that puffiness under his eyes and every crease and shadow magnified." As it turned out, Shikler's portrait of the late President shows him alone.

* * *

PRIORITIES!—In Lower Stoke, England, municipal workmen arrived to build a baby-carriage ramp over a big step outside the cottage of Mrs. Edna Davis, and she couldn't believe it. The baby who rode in the carriage is a big girl now, about to get married.

It was 18 years ago that Mrs. Davis asked the municipal council in nearby Rochester to build the ramp. When nothing happened, her husband, Laurie, did the job himself. A council spokesman commented: "I know it seems unbelievable that this should have taken 18 years, but we had to treat it as a nonpriority job."

* * *

LOVE'S LABOR'S LOST!—Leonard Greenwood of the Los Angeles Times reports from Rio that Brazil's newspaper readers had for weeks been sighing over stories about the romantic difficulties of Everdam Sales Correia, 28, and his lady-love, Leonita Colussi, now 15. Everdam, poor and of humble birth, knew that Leonita's rich parents would not permit him to court the girl, but he saw her secretly, even turning up at her 1970 birthday party in wig and false moustache. They danced the evening through and were photographed together.

Weeks later, Leonita's parents intercepted a love letter in which Everdam poetically relived the evening when they had danced "before a thousand eyes." Her father, furious, asked his friend, the general in charge of state security, to act against Everdam. The young man was fired from his job, expelled from a university and summoned to court on charges of illegal entry into Brazil.

The newspapers took up his case, and he acquired a benefactor—the chancellor of another university. Recalling his own impoverished youth and his future in-laws' opposition to his courtship, this educator promised Everdam a $100-a-month job, a scholarship and the use of his country home as a honeymoon site.

The nation rejoiced, reports our confrère in Rio.

But then Leonita called a press conference, and announced:

"It's all over. Everdam is dead as far as I'm concerned. I was only 14 then, and how can a girl of 14 really talk about love?"

Brazil wept. Or most of it.

* * *

How much does he eat of a food that he likes? — Kevin Fickel, 15, of Fort Madison, Iowa, claimed a world record for one sitting after he polished off 135 prunes. "I really don't like prunes," he said, "but we came across a book with a bunch of crazy world records, and among them was prune-eating." His high school was serving prunes for lunch, his fellow students donated their servings to the cause, the administration extended his lunch period, and another record—this one set by Edward Baxter in England in 1968—disappeared, like a snack vanishing in a teen-ager's maw.

* * *

An answer has come to our query of this past Tuesday, "Whatever happened to Julius La Rosa?" The former singing star of the Arthur Godfrey show, who split with the Ol' Redhead, has become an afternoon disc jockey on New York radio station WHN, according to Cindy Adams, who's in Paris.

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